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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR — LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

APRIL TRENDS

(March Data)

ECONOMIC SLUMP PREDICTED BY EXPERTS

In the light of an unstable economy, it is not surprising to find that economists have varying opinions about a recession, its indicators, and its eventual effect on the nation. They do agree that the country seems to be headed for a recession, but they do not agree on its degree of severity.

Alice Rivlin, congressional budget director, predicts a "worse recession" than others anticipated earlier. Her reasons were the slowdowns in the auto industry and in home building. A look at the nation's auto industry reveals that 29 percent fewer cars were built in March as compared to the same time last year. For the same time period, domestic car sales were down 27.8 percent. Almost 40 percent of the assembly lines in the U.S. are being closed to hold down production. Layoffs are expected to reach an all-time high of 223,000. In Georgia alone, Ford Motor Company intends to close its Hapeville plant for two weeks, laying off 1,450 employees.

The home building industry does not appear to be quite so bleak for Georgia. Even though building permits dropped 56.3 percent in Atlanta during March, John Wieland, president of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta, said, "The National Association of Home Builders projects Atlanta to be the second best housing market in the country this year - second only to southern Florida." (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 10, 1980). The reason for the sharp drop in March was the high number of starts in January and February. In February, Atlanta reflected contract gains of 38 percent, Georgia had gains of 29 percent, and the country had losses of 16 percent.

Economist Dr. Donald Ratajczak and the U.S. Commerce Department both based their predictions on leading and coincident indicators. Dr. Ratajczak stated, "... it remains uncertain when the economy's sluggishness will turn into a recession," (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 2, 1980). The 1.7 percent drop in the annual rate of the state index for the latest three-month period indicates a 2.4 percent decline in the Georgia economy in the next few months, according to Ratajczak.

The Commerce Department relied on the Composite index of Leading Indicators for its prediction of a national recession. The index fell 0.2 percent in February, the fifth decline in five months. Three consecutive monthly declines are said to precede a recession.

Robert Ortner, economist for Bank of New York, believes the country is headed into a "steep recession." He was quoted as saying, "Installment and mortgage debt already is a substantial burden, savings are near a record-low level, and these burdens will increase as unemployment begins to rise," (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 10, 1980), indicating that consumer credit is being cut, while prices continue to rise. National retail sales dropped for the second month in a row in March to $77.2 billion. This 1.3 percent decline from February's sales total was centered in stores specializing in durable goods, which decreased about four percent, according to the Commerce Department. Food store sales registered the only major gain. In particular, meat prices have dropped to their lowest level in a year in an effort by grocers to attract bargain-hunting consumers that have been eating less meat because of high prices. At the same time, Atlanta-based Alterman Foods, Incorporated, will be extending its voluntary price ceiling program at all Food Giant, Big Apple and K-Mart Food Stores for another 30 days. This freeze will include an additional 1,200 items besides the 3,000 already affected. It should be noted that grocery sales typically remain constant even in recession. Georgia's retail employment paralleled the increased sales with the only major gain in employment occurring in grocery stores.

It is apparent from the indicators that the nation is definitely headed for an economic slump in the next few months. Most economists agree on this point. However, the severity of the slump remains to be seen, but from the evidence so far, Georgia will likely fare better than other sectors of the country.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

ROMANIANS TO VISIT ATLANTA

On April 17, Cornel Burtica, Romanian vice prime minister for foreign trade and international economic cooperation, will attend opening ceremonies for a Romanian Trade Promotion Office in Atlanta.

CHAMPION CLOSING FOUR MOTOR HOME PLANTS

Four motor home plants are being closed by Champion Home Builders Company, a Dryden, Michigan-based company. The closings include a motor home plant in Ellaville, Georgia, and a component-supply unit in Thomasville, Georgia.

MORMONS TO BUILD TEMPLE

The Mormon Church has announced Atlanta as the only United States site for construction of one of seven temples. A location has not been selected for the temple that will be between 12,500 and 26,000 square feet and take two years to build. The other six temples will be built in Buenos Aires, Argentina; Sidney, Australia; Santiago, Chile; Papeete, Tahiti; Nukua'ofa, Tonga; and Apia, Western Samoa.

MERRY CLOSING ONE OF SIX

One of six Augusta area brick manufacturing plants was closed by Merry Companies Incorporated, laying off 100 employees. President Peter S. Knox III said the closing was due to the slumping housing market. Merry Companies has the capability of producing 450 million bricks a year.

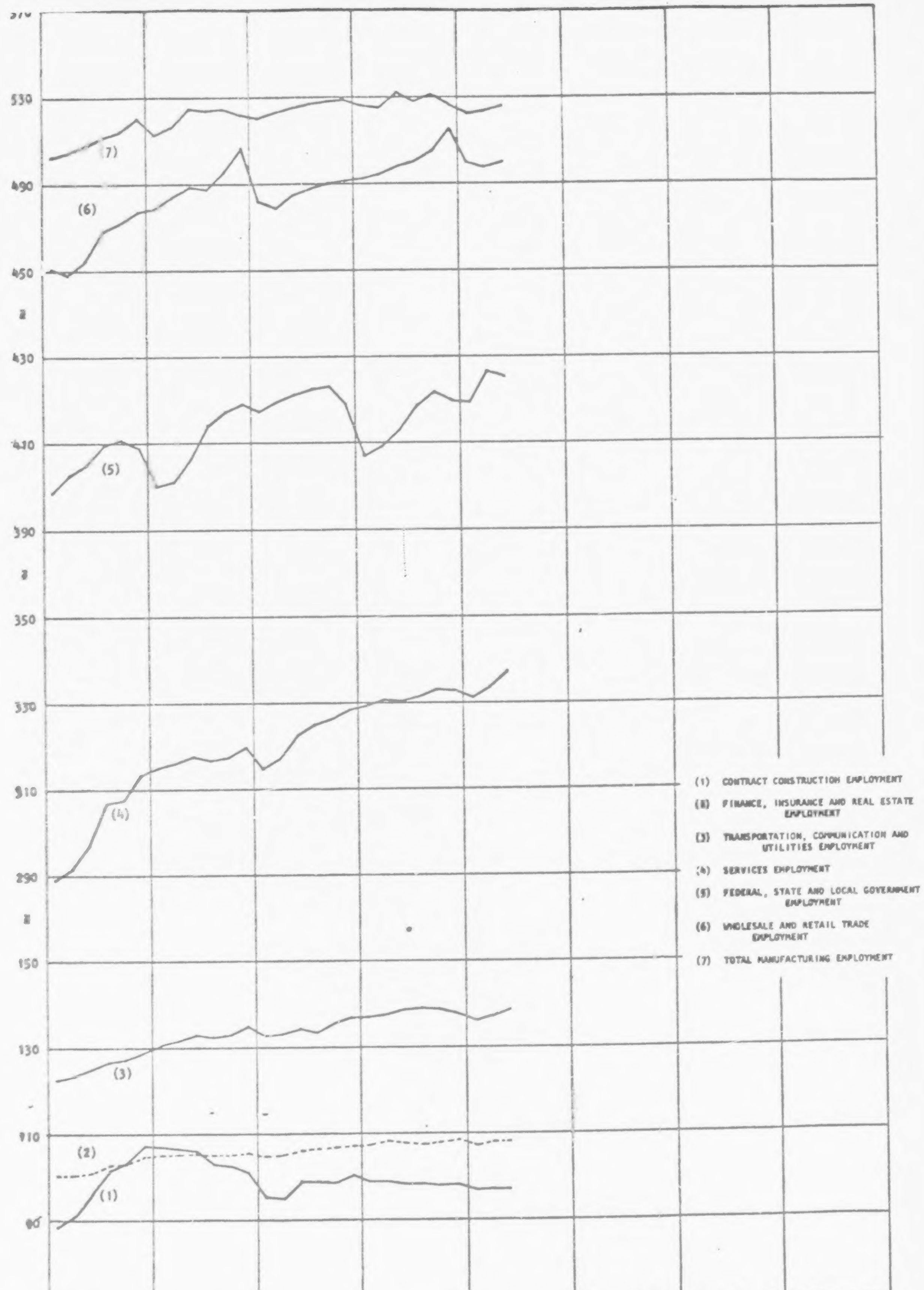
COMPANY EXPANDING ATLANTA OPERATION

The Loral Corporation of New York, a high technology firm engaged in the design and manufacture of electronic warfare systems, announced plans to buy three buildings in Quail Hollow Industrial Park. The $2 million expansion will create 100 new jobs.

KIMBERLY-CLARK CANS PAPER PLANT

Plans for construction on Kimberly-Clark Corporation's $300 million manufacturing and distribution facility have been shelved. The plant accounted for about a third of the new industry announced for Georgia in 1979 and would have employed 600 people.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.

570
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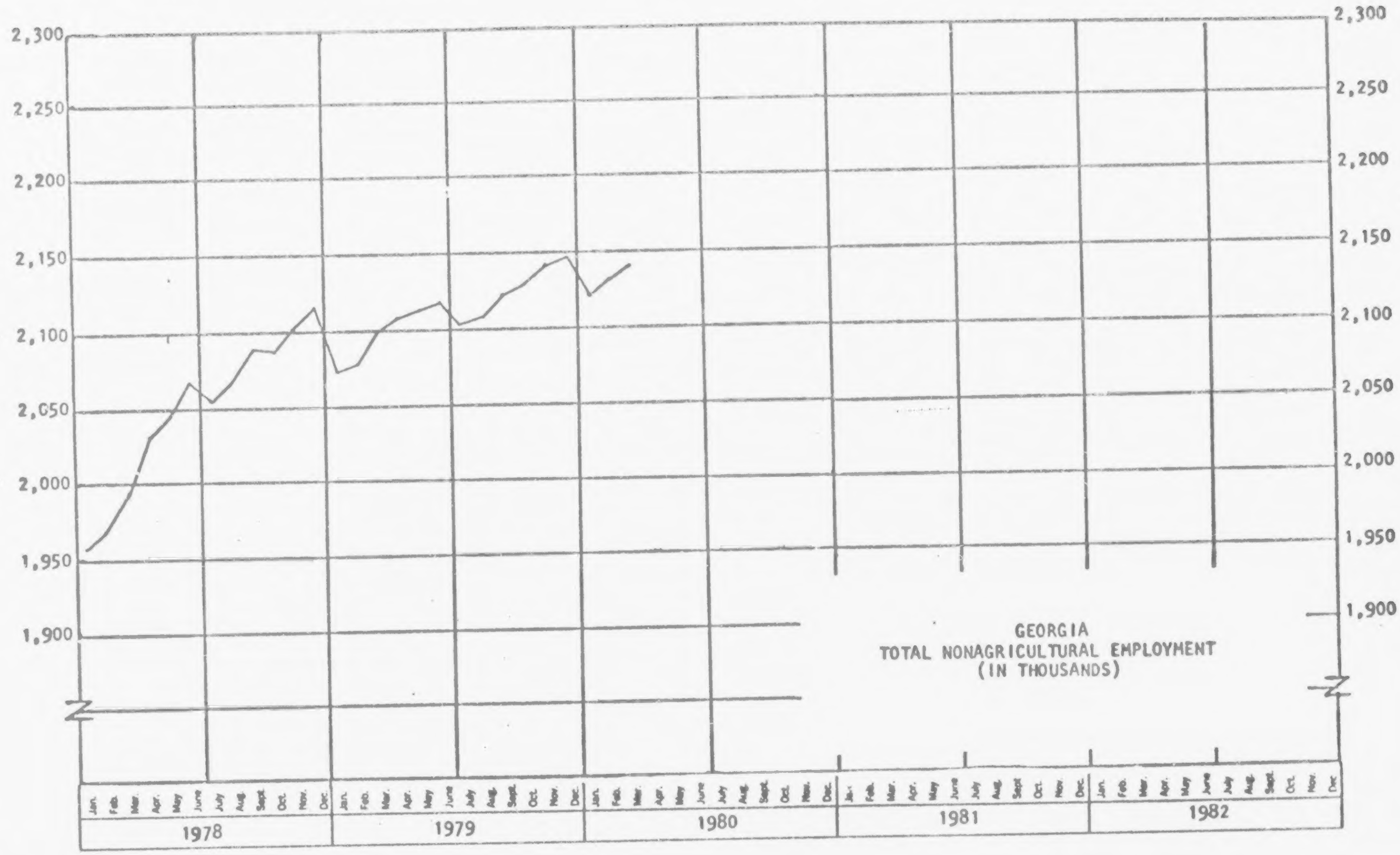
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2141.3	2,132.1	2,101.4	9.2	39.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	526.0	524.1	525.8	1.9	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	185.2	184.1	185.0	1.1	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	31.2	30.9	30.2	.3	1.0
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.9	15.8	15.5	.1	.4
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	10.1	9.9	10.2	.2	.1-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.2	7.1	7.5	.1	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.3	18.3	18.0	.0	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	17.1	17.0	16.4	.1	.7
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.5	21.4	21.0	.1	.5
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.8	22.4	21.7	.4	1.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.6	19.8	19.2	.2-	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	33.2	32.9	36.9	.3	3.7-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.4	11.3	11.5	.1	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	340.8	340.0	340.8	.8	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.7	56.5	56.9	.2	.2-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.3	21.7	21.0	.4-	.3
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.6	15.9	15.0	.3-	.6
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.6	4.7	4.7	.1-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.0	8.9	9.1	.1	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	120.5	120.3	122.8	.2	2.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.5	29.6	29.7	.1-	.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.5	4.5	5.0	.0	.5-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.1	9.1	8.6	.0	.5
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	31.7	32.2	33.5	.5-	1.8-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	25.3	24.4	25.3	.9	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.4	75.3	74.1	.1	1.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.9	40.4	40.3	.5	.6
WOMENS AND CHULDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.6	23.0	22.9	.4-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.7	27.9	27.5	.2-	.2
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.2	13.2	13.3	.0	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.7	6.8	6.7	.1-	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	24.1	23.5	22.5	.6	1.6
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.4	8.3	8.0	.1	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.9	16.8	16.5	.1	.4
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.9	2.8	2.7	.1	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.4	2.5	.1-	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	17.2	17.3	18.1	.1-	.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1615.2	1,608.0	1,575.6	7.2	39.6
MINING	100005	7.6	7.6	7.6	.0	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	97.0	96.6	98.9	.4	1.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	138.5	137.3	134.2	1.2	4.3
TRANSPORTATION	500015	83.4	82.2	81.6	1.2	1.8
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.0	35.1	33.3	.1-	1.7
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.1	20.1	19.3	.0	.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	500.4	498.6	484.7	1.8	15.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	161.1	159.6	154.1	1.5	7.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	99.9	99.4	93.3	.5	6.6
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	61.2	60.2	60.8	1.0	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.3	338.9	330.6	.4	8.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	108.1	107.6	106.1	.5	2.0
FINANCE	760025	46.4	46.4	45.1	.0	1.3
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.5	39.2	.2	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.1	21.6	21.8	.5	.3
SERVICES	800005	337.9	333.7	322.8	4.2	15.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	425.6	426.6	421.3	1.0-	4.3
FEDERAL	998011	80.8	80.5	83.1	.3	2.3-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	344.8	346.1	338.2	1.3-	6.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	408.3	406.5	411.9	1.8	3.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	140.9	139.9	142.7	1.0	1.8-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	267.4	266.6	269.2	.8	1.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.2	40.1	40.8	.1	.6-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	102.6	102.3	104.6	.3	2.0-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.4	26.5	26.7	.1-	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.9	3.9	4.3	.0	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.5	7.6	7.0	.1-	.5
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.2	27.8	28.4	.6-	1.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.9	20.8	22.1	1.1	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.9	63.9	63.3	.0	.6
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.4	34.8	35.1	.6	.3
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.2	18.7	19.0	.5-	.8-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	25.6	25.2	25.1	.4	.5
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.2	9.1	9.0	.1	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.6	21.7	21.6	.1-	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.2	10.3	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.2	10.1	10.0	.1	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1-	.1-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.8	14.7	14.4	.1	.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.5	12.4	11.9	.1	.6
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	17.3	17.2	16.9	.1	.4
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.9	15.9	15.4	.0	.5
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.8	12.8	12.5	.0	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.3	23.1	27.6	.2	4.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO MAR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO FEB 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA MAR 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO MAR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO FEB 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA MAR 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO MAR 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO FEB 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA MAR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$224.32	$224.07	$204.89	40.2	40.3	39.4	$5.58	$5.56	$5.20
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$248.80	$248.65	$229.31	40.0	40.3	38.8	$6.22	$6.17	$5.91
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$211.58	$211.17	$191.75	40.3	40.3	39.7	$5.25	$5.24	$4.83
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$219.78	$216.40	$184.99	40.4	40.0	37.6	$5.44	$5.41	$4.92
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$199.03	$198.08	$166.90	41.9	41.7	42.0	$4.75	$4.75	$4.45
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$216.50	$216.93	$199.73	43.3	43.3	43.8	$5.00	$5.01	$4.56
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$227.68	$220.85	$201.07	43.7	42.8	42.6	$5.21	$5.16	$4.72
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$173.75	$164.77	$195.57	42.9	41.4	47.7	$4.05	$3.98	$4.10
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$184.82	$184.13	$170.64	40.8	41.1	39.5	$4.53	$4.48	$4.32
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$190.51	$197.31	$171.60	38.8	39.7	39.0	$4.91	$4.97	$4.40
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$147.42	$149.78	$133.13	36.4	36.8	35.5	$4.05	$4.07	$3.75
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.68	$148.19	$134.92	35.9	36.5	35.6	$4.03	$4.06	$3.79
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$149.69	$149.24	$123.05	36.6	36.4	32.9	$4.09	$4.10	$3.74
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$167.58	$167.52	$148.37	38.0	37.9	37.0	$4.41	$4.42	$4.01
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$164.45	$167.67	$153.11	32.5	33.4	31.7	$5.06	$5.02	$4.83
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$367.20	$351.53	$327.13	43.2	42.2	43.1	$8.50	$8.33	$7.59
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$425.46	$406.35	$353.53	46.6	45.2	43.7	$9.13	$8.99	$8.09
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$280.76	$278.64	$262.83	43.8	43.2	43.3	$6.41	$6.45	$6.07
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$139.00	$141.20	$162.45	39.6	40.0	47.5	$3.51	$3.53	$3.42
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$252.72	$253.52	$217.95	43.2	44.4	41.2	$5.85	$5.71	$5.29
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$287.00	$291.81	$291.55	41.0	41.1	42.5	$7.00	$7.10	$6.86
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$265.86	$254.14	$222.87	43.3	41.8	39.1	$6.14	$6.08	$5.70
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$259.31	$251.29	$221.92	40.9	40.4	36.5	$6.34	$6.22	$6.08
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$248.68	$245.94	$240.45	43.4	43.3	44.2	$5.73	$5.68	$5.44
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$362.07	$363.26	$328.42	39.1	39.7	38.1	$9.26	$9.15	$8.62

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAR 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10P)

GEORGIA CURR MO= MAR 80 PREV MO= FEB 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.8	3.5	4.0	3.0	2.8	3.2	.4	.4	.5	3.6	3.2	3.9	2.2	2.0	2.6	.3	.4	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.3	2.4	2.3	.5	.6	.3	2.4	2.7	2.8	1.3	1.5	1.6	.4	.5	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.1	3.6	4.5	3.4	2.9	3.6	.4	.4	.6	4.2	3.5	4.5	2.7	2.2	3.0	.5	.3	.6
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.6	4.3	5.6	3.8	3.4	4.0	.6	.5	1.2	6.4	4.2	6.0	3.6	2.4	3.3	1.5	.6	1.7
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.9	3.1	4.7	3.4	2.5	4.0	.2	.2	.4	3.9	3.5	4.5	2.8	2.3	3.2	.2	.3	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.3	3.8	5.4	3.7	3.0	4.2	.1	.2	.3	4.4	3.9	4.9	3.2	2.6	3.4	.0	.1	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	3.9	2.6	4.1	3.4	2.3	3.4	.1	.0	.3	4.3	2.7	5.1	2.7	1.7	4.1	.8	.0	.0
KNITTING MILL	422505	4.7	3.6	5.2	4.4	3.0	2.7	.2	.4	2.3	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.3	2.6	2.1	.1	.2	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	4.4	2.5	4.6	3.9	2.1	4.3	.3	.3	.1	3.3	3.7	3.9	2.4	2.3	2.1	.4	.3	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.7	2.7	4.7	2.4	2.3	4.2	.2	.2	.2	3.0	3.6	4.9	2.2	2.3	3.6	.2	.4	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.8	4.3	4.2	4.2	3.6	3.6	.4	.5	.4	4.6	4.1	5.3	3.3	2.9	3.9	.4	.4	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.6	4.1	4.6	4.1	3.4	3.8	.3	.5	.5	4.0	3.7	4.9	3.4	3.0	3.7	.1	.1	.6
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.2	4.7	3.7	4.2	3.7	3.4	.8	.8	.2	4.9	4.4	5.9	3.5	3.0	4.5	.6	.5	1.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.3	6.2	4.5	4.1	5.1	3.9	.9	1.1	.6	4.9	5.1	4.9	2.7	3.4	3.0	.7	.4	.8
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	7.5	5.1	3.8	6.8	4.3	3.3	.6	.7	.4	6.3	6.9	3.3	4.8	3.5	2.3	.1	2.4	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.4	1.6	2.4	.9	1.1	1.4	.5	.4	1.0	2.1	1.3	1.9	.7	.4	.6	.8	.3	.8
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.6	1.0	1.3	.7	.6	.7	.8	.4	.5	1.5	1.0	1.2	.5	.2	.4	.5	.6	.4
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.4	2.6	4.4	1.2	1.7	2.7	.1	.7	1.7	1.2	2.1	3.6	.7	.9	1.2	.1	.2	1.6
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	8.3	7.4	4.2	7.9	6.3	3.4	.4	.9	.8	4.5	3.0	3.7	4.0	2.1	2.3	.0	.5	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.0	2.7	5.6	2.2	2.2	5.0	.1	.1	.4	2.9	2.0	2.6	1.3	1.0	1.6	.2	.0	.0
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	7.6	4.7	6.5	5.8	2.8	3.2	1.8	1.7	3.0	4.4	5.3	5.0	2.3	1.8	4.1	.0	1.2	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.2	3.8	4.9	2.8	2.8	3.4	.2	.7	1.1	3.4	4.2	4.6	1.9	2.5	2.3	.2	.6	1.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.6	1.5	.9	1.4	1.3	.1	.0	.0	.6	1.5	1.1	.2	.6	.6	.2	.3	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.7	3.8	2.5	1.4	3.2	2.0	1.2	.2	.3	2.2	2.8	2.8	1.2	1.7	1.8	.2	.7	.2
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.0	2.7	3.1	1.9	2.5	2.8	.1	.1	.2	2.4	1.9	2.6	1.6	1.3	1.5	.3	.0	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	4.3	4.2	3.3	3.6	3.2	2.9	.4	.7	.0	3.7	2.2	2.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	.2	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.3	2.1	1.4	1.4	1.0	.9	.3	.6	.2	.8	1.1	1.7	.4	.6	.8	.2	.1	.5

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT UP 800 IN MARCH

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment, estimated at 940,300, rose 800 from last month's level. Gains were recorded in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing. Annually, nonfarm employment was up 14,900 with nonmanufacturing industries accounting for all the increase.

Manufacturing, at 141, 900, rose only 200 over the month. Durable goods, up 400, contributed to all the increment with the recall of some workers at two automobile assembly plants. Nondurable goods registered a drop of 100 with less business in paper and printing and publishing industries. Employment fluctuations in the other manufacturing industries were either nonexistent or minor.

Annually, manufacturing declined 1,600 due almost entirely to the reduced number of jobs in transportation equipment production. Automobile assembly plants have been cutting back production of large cars for more than one year because of public demand for smaller, more fuel efficient vehicles. The conversion to small car assembly is anticipated to take two to three years; hence, employment may be slow in regaining the level of prior years.

Nonmanufacturing rose 700 in March to a level of 798,500. Service industries registered the most significant rise with the seasonal opening of amusement and recreation parks, especially Six Flags Over Georgia. Construction, transportation, and trade rose 400, 500 and 200 respectively. Declines in real estate accounted for the 200 loss in finance, insurance and real estate. The loss of 1,000 in government was attributed to the education sector of state and local governments.

Annually, nonmanufacturing rose 16,700 with trade and service industries contributing 80 percent toward the employment gain. Among the major industries, only contract construction posted a decline.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

PLANNED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT UNDER WAY

Mobile Development Corporation has begun development of a mixed-use planned community called "Windward" adjoining Georgia Highway 400 inside the city limits of Alpharetta in North Fulton County. The project comprises 3,100 acres and features a 173 acre lake, office and light industrial space, commercial development, single family residences, townhouses, apartments and condominiums.

HOTEL PLANNED FOR DOWNTOWN ATLANTA

Georgia-Pacific Corporation is planning to add a hotel to its Peachtree Street headquarters complex. The company will announce details of the facility at a later date.

BUILDING PERMITS DROP OVER 50 PERCENT IN ATLANTA AREA

The Home Builders Association of Atlanta reports that single-family housing permits totaled 663 in the Atlanta Metropolitan area during March. This is a drop of over 50 percent compared to the same month of 1979 when 1,518 permits were issued.

For the first quarter of 1980, permits totaled 2,921, down only 571 from the same quarter a year ago.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	940.3	939.5	925.4	.8	14.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	141.9	141.7	143.5	.2	1.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.6	70.2	72.1	.4	1.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.6	3.6	3.5	.0	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.4	3.4	3.8	.0	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.2	7.1	7.1	.1	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.2	5.2	4.9	.0	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.7	7.8	8.1	.1-	.4-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	7.0	6.5	.0	.5
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.8	10.0	9.1	.2-	.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.4	23.0	25.7	.4	2.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	71.3	71.4	71.5	.1-	.2-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	19.2	18.9	19.0	.3	.2
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.5	5.1	.1-	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.2	3.1	3.5	.1	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.3	7.3	7.2	.0	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.0	4.1	3.9	.1-	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	10.3	.0	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.6	.0	.4-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.7	7.8	7.7	.1-	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.0	4.2	4.2	.2-	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.9	15.1	14.6	.2-	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.2	6.2	6.1	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	7.0	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.3	5.3	5.6	.0	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	006060	798.5	797.8	781.8	.7	16.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.6	38.2	39.6	.4	1.0-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	86.1	85.6	82.4	.5	3.7
TRANSPORTATION	500015	57.0	56.5	54.8	.5	2.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.3	259.1	253.7	.2	5.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	106.7	105.6	98.1	1.1	8.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.8	72.2	65.4	.6	7.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.9	33.5	32.7	.4	1.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	152.6	153.5	155.5	.9-	2.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.3	63.5	62.7	.2-	.6
FINANCE	760025	23.6	23.7	22.9	.1-	.7
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.3	25.2	24.9	.1	.4
SERVICES	800055	192.2	191.4	184.5	.8	7.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	159.0	160.0	158.9	1.0-	.1
FEDERAL	998011	30.0	30.0	32.6	.0	2.6-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	129.0	130.0	126.3	1.0-	2.7

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	98.8	98.4	102.6	.4	3.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.6	49.4	52.8	.2	3.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	49.2	49.0	49.8	.2	.6-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.5	11.3	11.5	.2	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.2	6.2	6.2	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.5	8.4	8.6	.1	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.0	3.8	4.2	.2	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.0	2.9	3.0	.1	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.8	2.8	3.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.8	6.0	5.9	.2-	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.8	2.9	3.0	.1-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.6	5.7	6.3	.1-	.7-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.5	16.2	19.3	.3	2.8-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300035	$256.74	$258.20	$235.74	38.9	39.3	37.9	$6.60	$6.57	$6.22
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$290.90	$287.78	$270.89	39.1	39.1	38.1	$7.44	$7.36	$7.11
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$222.53	$227.73	$198.83	38.7	39.4	37.8	$5.75	$5.78	$5.26
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$205.13	$206.05	$176.36	37.5	37.6	35.7	$5.47	$5.48	$4.94
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422305	$185.46	$185.55	$167.52	38.8	38.9	37.9	$4.78	$4.77	$4.42
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$159.54	$163.53	$148.45	33.8	34.5	37.3	$4.72	$4.74	$3.98
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$158.59	$168.98	$148.93	33.6	35.5	35.8	$4.72	$4.76	$4.16
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$167.50	$159.13	$152.88	33.3	31.7	39.3	$5.03	$5.02	$3.89
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$189.03	$177.28	$142.27	42.1	40.2	34.2	$4.49	$4.41	$4.16
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$180.84	$195.25	$172.48	33.0	35.5	30.8	$5.48	$5.50	$5.60
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$312.14	$296.07	$271.41	42.7	41.7	41.5	$7.31	$7.10	$6.54
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$287.80	$282.49	$259.80	42.7	42.1	43.3	$6.74	$6.71	$6.00
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$235.62	$235.68	$238.00	38.5	38.7	42.5	$6.12	$6.09	$5.60
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$235.73	$233.64	$235.64	38.9	39.4	43.8	$6.06	$5.93	$5.38
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$375.41	$390.27	$357.43	43.3	43.9	42.4	$8.67	$8.89	$8.43
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$237.95	$221.42	$227.41	35.2	33.6	35.7	$6.76	$6.59	$6.37
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$242.34	$235.61	$208.15	42.0	41.7	39.2	$5.77	$5.65	$5.31
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$382.42	$384.80	$360.38	37.2	37.8	37.5	$10.28	$10.18	$9.61

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAR 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= MAR 80 PREV MO= FEB 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.2	3.3	2.6	2.3	2.6	.4	.6	.4	2.6	2.5	3.0	1.6	1.4	1.8	.2	.5	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.1	3.0	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.7	.4	.7	.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	.2	.3	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.6	3.3	4.3	3.1	2.8	3.7	.4	.4	.5	3.3	3.1	4.1	2.2	1.8	2.6	.3	.6	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.4	2.8	3.0	2.6	1.2	2.0	1.5	1.4	.8	3.1	3.4	2.4	1.6	.7	.9	.6	1.9	.9
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.1	3.9	6.1	3.7	3.7	5.3	.3	.2	.7	4.8	4.0	5.0	3.5	2.7	3.8	.2	.4	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	6.4	4.7	4.3	6.3	4.6	3.8	.0	.1	.0	4.1	4.0	6.9	3.9	3.5	4.5	.0	.0	1.6
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.2	.5	3.2	.2	.4	2.2	.0	.1	.8	.2	1.1	1.2	.2	.4	.7	.0	.5	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.4	1.5	3.0	2.1	1.6	2.5	.2	.1	.4	2.1	2.1	2.8	1.4	1.0	1.4	.3	.3	.7
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	3.6	3.9	.6	3.3	2.9	.1	.3	1.0	.5	2.1	3.0	.4	1.3	1.6	.0	.4	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.8	2.3	3.6	1.7	2.1	3.4	.0	.0	.1	2.4	2.6	1.9	1.5	1.8	.8	.3	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.7	1.2	.9	1.5	.9	.1	.0	.0	.5	1.3	.8	.1	.4	.3	.1	.3	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.2	2.7	3.2	2.2	2.6	3.2	.0	.1	.0	2.5	2.1	2.4	1.7	1.4	1.7	.1	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.8	2.7	.9	1.3	.7	.4	.0	1.3	.1	.3	.8	1.1	.2	.5	.4	.0	.0	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

CONSTRUCTION DOWN 200 IN ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 45,400, in the Albany area, was unchanged from the February estimate. The most significant change over the month was in contract construction, which declined by 200. Over the year, nonagricultural wage and salary employment gained 1,800. Manufacturing showed an annual gain of 1,000 while increments were recorded in all nonmanufacturing segments except construction.

Manufacturing, at 11,400, was up 100 from the previous month. Small gains were recorded in chemicals as well as in "other nondurable goods." Annual gains were recorded in both durable and nondurable goods with the largest gain being in nondurable goods, up 900. Most of this gain was in the food and kindred products category, primarily due to new industry in the area.

Contract construction, at 3,000, was down 200 over the month and 1,300 over the year. Transportation, communications and utilities was unchanged over the month and up 200 for the year. Trade, at 10,000, was up 100 for the month and 400 over the year with the increment occurring totally in the wholesale segment. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,300, was unchanged from the previous month and increased by 400 over the year. Services at 6,500 was up 100 for the month and 600 over the year. Government, at 10,100, was unchanged over the month and up 500 annually with most of the increment in the state and local sector.

Declines are expected in manufacturing over the next quarter as one large manufacturer, Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, proceeds with a planned layoff of approximately 400 workers. The impact of the predicted 1980 recession may cause declines in other industries as well.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA TRADE RECORDS ANNUAL LOSS

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 121,200, a decrease of 200 jobs. Losses in government, trade, and construction accounted for the decline. Over the year, an increase of 1,100 jobs was recorded. Trade was the only major division to record a loss. Both construction and services and mining remained unchanged. All other major industry divisions shared in the annual rise.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, was unchanged over the month. Losses sustained by "other durable goods" and food and kindred products wiped out an increase in "other nondurable goods."

Annually, manufacturing climbed 200, precipitated by increments in metal and machinery and "other nondurable goods." These gains were somewhat offset by a drop in textile mill products. The decrease in textile mill products is apparently related to the lack of consumer confidence in the economy and its absence of any definitive direction.

Construction, at 6,300, was unchanged over the month and over the year. This division will likely decrease over the year as tight money and exorbitant interest rates take their toll. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year with increments dispersed through the division. Trade, at 22,700, also was unchanged but slid downward 200 annually, triggered by less operating hours among many businesses and others attempting to sell more with less employees. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged but increased 100 over the year with scattered increments through most of the division. Services and mining, at 15,900, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Government, at 31,000, was unchanged over the month but reported a gain of 900 annually. The yearly rise was divided between the federal and the state and local subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Recent announcements, including the layoff of 100 workers at a brick manufacturing plant, as well as the decision by Kimberly Clark not to build in Richmond County at this time, are factors that will have some impact of a negative nature on the local economy. Positive aspects include the decision by W. F. Hall to proceed with plans for their firm in Columbia County, together with the announcement by Emery Air Freight to establish a national office in Richmond County. These two will employ approximately 1,000 individuals in operation, and the Air Freight Service expects to expand about 400 more at a later time. During this calendar year, the main impact from them will be in construction.

Over the next several months, any industry that is closely associated with housing construction will be hard hit and some rippling effect is anticipated. In addition, those firms that manufacture items used in automotive manufacturing will be caught in a tight squeeze.

The economic downturn may be even more severe than the last recession unless the national leadership initiates a positive direction and proceeds with determination.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

NONMANUFACTURING INDICATES LOSS IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined 100, at 82,300 from the February estimate. Nonmanufacturing indicated a loss of 300 while manufacturing gained 100. Employment was up 300 from a year ago due to gains in manufacturing and nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing employment totaled 21,700 in March, a gain of 100 from last month and a year ago. The durable goods group was 200 more than last month due to increases in metals and machinery and in the "other durable goods" group. The nondurable goods group rose 100 from February and gained 200 from one year ago due to increases in printing, publishing and allied products.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 60,600, dropped 300 from the February estimate and indicated a gain of 100 from March 1979. Contract construction moved downward by 100 from February, and was 700 less than a year earlier. The transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services group was 100 below February's estimate and was the same as last year.

Trade employment rose 100 from last month due to retail trade. Wholesale trade remained constant. There was an annual loss of 700 in trade, 500 of which was in the retail sector. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant for both periods of time. Services and miscellaneous industries employment remained constant over the month and gained 300 over one year ago. Government employment dropped 100 from last month and was 1,400 more than March 1979.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

CONSIDERABLE NONMANUFACTURING GAIN IN MACON

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 96,200 in March. The current preliminary estimate is up 700 from February and up 1,100 from March 1979. During the month, manufacturing rose 200 with all of the gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing increased 500 with advances in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, and services being partially offset by a drop in construction. Finance, insurance and real estate, and government were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing climbed 900 with durable goods remaining steady and nondurable goods adding 900. Most of this increase was in apparel. Nonmanufacturing was up 200 with gains in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services and trade. Losses were recorded in construction, finance, insurance and real estate, and government, with trade remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,200, was up 200 from last month and up 900 from a year ago. During the month durable goods was unchanged, with all segments remaining stable. Nondurable goods advanced, with small increases in all segments except chemicals and "other durable goods." Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with a loss in lumber and wood offsetting a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods rose 900, with gains in food, textiles, apparel, and paper, while chemicals and "other nondurable goods" remained unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was down 100 from February and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, most of the decrease was in general construction. Annually, general construction and heavy construction declined, with special trades construction remaining stable.

Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services, at 4,900, was up 100 from last month and up 200 from March 1979. Most of the gain in all reporting periods was in transportation. Trade, at 20,200, was up 100 from February and unchanged from March 1979. Most of the monthly increase was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual decrease was in insurance. Services, at 16,400, was up 200 from February and up 600 from a year ago. Most of the monthly gain was in covered services. Annually, private education and covered services accounted for most of the increase. Government, at 28,800, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from March 1979. Annually, the federal segment added 100, and the state and local segment declined 300. Most of the annual loss was in CETA federally funded positions.

New Plants: Boeing Commercial Airplane Company recently announced plans to buy an existing manufacturing plant in Bibb County which will be expanded to manufacture cargo handling systems. Employment is expected to reach 250 in 1981.

The Confederate Packaging Company announced plans to open a new firm in Bibb County to manufacture specialized packing cartons.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

LEVELED OFF EMPLOYMENT IN SAVANNAH

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA leveled off for the first time in several months. The estimated employment in March was 83,800, the same as it was for February. However, this total is somewhat deceiving in its implications. If we eliminate marine cargo handling (this segment fluctuates widely from month to month), we find an actual loss of almost 500.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA has been declining gradually over the last several months. The losses were generally related to construction, which suffered the greatest loss, however, the losses are beginning to spread out among other segments of the economy. Contract construction continues to record losses on a monthly basis. It is expected that this segment of the economy will continue to suffer losses, at least until the fourth quarter of this year.

Wholesale trade recorded estimated losses of 100 over the month. This loss may only be temporary, however, this is not likely. Although the monthly employment was below a month ago, it was still above year ago figures. Retail figures were steady over the month, however, economic forces are beginning to show its effects. Building materials declined as a result of the slowdown in construction and the rapid increases in prices. Although the figures did not indicate any loss in the restaurant business, historically, this is the time of the year they increase employment by several hundred. This year this trend was absent.

The services sector showed a small gain. Auto repairs are increasing at a much faster rate than at any time in the recent past. Hotel and motel employment increased, however, like restaurants, the increases were below what is historically expected.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA can be expected to continue its gradual decline. Some segments are going to decline faster and farther than others; however, before the trends reverse themselves, all segments of the economy will see a decline to some extent.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.4	45.4	43.6	.0	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.4	11.3	10.4	.1	1.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.3	9.2	8.4	.1	.9
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.7	.0	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.6	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.7	4.4	.0	.3
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	34.0	34.0	33.2	.0	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.0	3.2	4.3	.2-	1.3-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.0	9.9	9.6	.1	.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.4	3.4	3.0	.0	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.6	6.6	.0	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	1.9	.0	.4
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.4	5.9	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.1	10.1	9.6	.0	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	6.8	.0	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
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MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.2	121.4	120.1	.2-	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.4	36.2	.0	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.6	9.7	9.5	.1-	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.7	3.7	3.7	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.8	2.7	.1-	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.8	26.8	26.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.6	2.5	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.2	10.2	10.5	.0	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.6	10.3	.1	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.8	85.0	84.0	.2-	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.7	22.7	22.9	.0	.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.2	18.2	18.6	.0	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.9	15.9	15.9	.0	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.0	30.1	.0	.9
FEDERAL	998011	6.9	6.9	6.5	.0	.4
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.1	24.1	23.7	.0	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

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MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.3	82.4	82.0	.1-	.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.7	21.6	21.6	.1	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	5.7	5.8	.2	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.5	4.3	.1	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.2	.3	.1	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.9	15.8	15.7	.1	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.7	3.6	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.3	9.3	9.3	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.8	.8	.9	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.0	.9	.8	.1	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	60.6	60.9	60.5	.3-	.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.5	3.6	4.2	.1-	.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.4	3.5	3.4	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.7	16.6	17.4	.1	.7-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.2	14.0	14.8	.2	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.4	11.1	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.5	20.6	19.1	.1-	1.4
FEDERAL	998011	5.6	5.7	5.8	.1-	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.8	14.9	13.3	.1-	1.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

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MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	96.2	95.5	95.1	.7	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.0	15.3	.2	.9
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332605	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335C05	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	11.1	10.9	10.2	.2	.9
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	2.6	2.6	.1	.1
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.8	1.7	1.7	.1	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.5	2.4	1.8	.1	.7
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	80.0	79.5	79.8	.5	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.2	4.4	.1-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.9	4.8	4.7	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.2	20.1	20.2	.1	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.2	15.8	.2	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.8	28.8	29.0	.0	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	16.0	15.9	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.8	12.8	13.1	.0	.3-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

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MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.9	83.8	85.2	.0	1.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.2	16.8	.0	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	6.6	.0	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.3	1.2	1.4	.1	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.6	.6	.8	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.6	3.1	.0	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.2	10.1	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.6	4.7	4.7	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.8	.8	.1	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000000	67.7	67.6	68.5	.1	.8-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.5	5.1	.2-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	9.0	8.5	8.7	.5	.3
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.5	19.5	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.5	4.3	.1-	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.1	15.1	15.2	.0	.1-
FINANCE,INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.3	15.2	15.0	.1	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.6	15.8	16.3	.2-	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.1	13.3	13.9	.2-	.8-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Trianing Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

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LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.6	11.9	.0	.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.4	4.8	.1	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.1	7.0	.0	.1
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.8	1.8	2.3	.0	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$299.17	$305.53	$268.26	41.9	42.2	40.4	$7.14	$7.24	$6.64
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$274.58	$271.76	$222.88	40.8	40.5	36.3	$6.73	$6.71	$6.14
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$315.98	$326.16	$298.94	42.7	43.2	43.2	$7.40	$7.55	$6.92
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$174.38	$188.47	$195.47	35.3	37.1	41.5	$4.94	$5.08	$4.71
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$366.77	$362.93	$343.54	43.2	42.9	44.1	$8.49	$8.46	$7.79
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$270.50	$325.93	$227.36	42.8	47.1	39.2	$6.32	$6.92	$5.80
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$332.13	$326.56	$281.12	42.8	42.3	41.1	$7.76	$7.72	$6.84

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From	
				Revised February 1980	March 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,860	2,344,999	2,314,746	25,861	56,114
Employed	2,239,874	2,220,652	2,198,379	19,222	41,495
Unemployed	130,986	124,347	116,367	6,639	14,619
Rate	5.5	5.3	5.0	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	50,313	50,007	47,823	306	2,490
Employed	47,133	46,953	45,326	180	1,807
Unemployed	3,180	3,054	2,497	126	683
Rate	6.3	6.1	5.2	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	948,972	944,945	932,343	4,027	16,629
Employed	902,581	899,976	889,946	2,605	12,635
Unemployed	46,391	44,969	42,397	1,422	3,994
Rate	4.9	4.8	4.5	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	119,986	120,445	120,132	-459	-146
Employed	113,073	113,472	113,687	-399	-614
Unemployed	6,913	6,973	6,445	-60	468
Rate	5.8	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,852	84,731	84,921	121	-69
Employed	78,915	78,830	78,949	85	-34
Unemployed	5,937	5,901	5,972	36	-35
Rate	7.0	7.0	7.0	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,584	96,554	97,130	1,030	454
Employed	92,342	91,367	91,255	975	1,087
Unemployed	5,242	5,187	5,875	55	-633
Rate	5.4	5.4	6.0	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,931	85,560	87,191	371	-1,260
Employed	80,956	80,752	82,333	204	-1,377
Unemployed	4,975	4,808	4,858	167	117
Rate	5.8	5.6	5.6	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From Revised February 1980	Change From March 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	119,986	120,445	120,132	-459	-146
Employed	113,073	113,472	113,687	-399	-614
Unemployed	6,913	6,973	6,445	-60	468
Rate	5.8	5.8	5.4	XXXX	XXXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,559	80,115	80,136	444	423
Employed	76,051	75,962	75,479	89	572
Unemployed	4,508	4,153	4,657	355	-149
Rate	5.6	5.2	5.8	XXX	XXXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,427	40,330	39,996	-903	-569
Employed	37,022	37,510	38,208	-488	-1186
Unemployed	2,405	2,820	1,788	-415	617
Rate	6.1	7.0	4.5	XXXX	XXXXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From Revised February 1980	Change From March 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,852	84,731	84,921	121	-69
Employed	78,915	78,830	78,949	85	-34
Unemployed	5,937	5,901	5,972	36	-35
Rate	7.0	7.0	7.0	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,417	67,252	67,476	165	-59
Employed	63,045	62,941	63,003	104	42
Unemployed	4,372	4,311	4,473	61	-101
Rate	6.5	6.4	6.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,435	17,479	17,445	-44	-10
Employed	15,870	15,889	15,946	-19	-76
Unemployed	1,565	1,590	1,499	-25	66
Rate	9.0	9.1	8.6	XXX	XXXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From Revised February 1980	Change From March 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,860	2,344,999	2,314,746	25,861	56,114
Employed	2,239,874	2,220,652	2,198,379	19,222	41,495
Unemployed	130,986	124,347	116,367	6,639	14,619
Rate	5.5	5.3	5.0	XXXXX	XXXXXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,378,576	1,371,870	1,358,756	6,706	19,820
Employed	1,306,449	1,302,049	1,291,741	4,400	14,708
Unemployed	72,127	69,821	67,015	2,306	5,112
Rate	5.2	5.1	4.9	XXXXX	XXXXXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	992,284	973,129	955,990	19,155	36,294
Employed	933,425	918,603	906,638	14,822	26,787
Unemployed	58,859	54,526	49,352	4,333	9,507
Rate	5.9	5.6	5.2	XXXXXX	XXXXXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week, (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business, (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR — MAY 1980 — LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(April Data)

LAYOFFS EXPECTED TO RISE SHARPLY

Georgia and the nation will likely suffer high unemployment if the past few months are any indication of future patterns. Because of recessional activity, layoffs are expected to occur -- and in some cases have already begun -- in the auto industry, construction, trade, and manufacturing.

The auto industry has been severely hurt by inflation, slow sales and high credit. In early April, sales of domestically produced cars dropped 24 percent. By mid-April, sales fell 32 percent. This is the worst yearly sales record since 1961. As a result, auto makers have no alternative except to lay off employees. Blue collar worker layoffs presently register 163,250 nationally in the auto industry. General Motors Corporation is placing an additional 12,000 employees on indefinite layoff by eliminating work shifts. The Ford Motor Company said it is dismissing 9,000 employees for the rest of 1980, and that by 1981, 6,100 salaried employees would be terminated by a combination of layoffs, resignations and retirements (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 16, 1980).

Housing construction dropped 22 percent in March across the nation. That is the largest national drop in 20 years. For the same monthly time period, industrial and commercial contracts were up 3 percent. Georgia's residential construction declined 37 percent, but in sharp contrast to the national figure, nonbuilding construction rose 29 percent. The reason for the drop in housing and the rise in nonresidential construction was high mortgage rates. Individuals are simply unable to afford to buy. Since fewer houses are being bought, fewer houses are being built. This makes layoffs inevitable. Dr. Michael Sumichrast, chief economist of the National Association of Homebuilders, expects construction unemployment to increase from 637,000 as it presently stands, to 1.2 million by September.

Trade and manufacturing employment are beginning to show signs of losses. Because of the Federal Reserve's policy to tighten credit, shoppers are "trading down," or buying lower-priced items in lieu of favored brand-name products. Retail sales declined 1.2 percent in April, with two of the nation's three largest retailers (Sears, Roebuck and Company and J. C. Penney Company) reflecting losses of 4.3 percent and 5 percent, respectively, from last year (*Atlanta Constitution*, May 9, 1980). Since consumers are buying less, production slackens, inventories build, and layoffs in manfacturing begin. Particularly because of the slump in construction, production and employment are falling in household goods industries (appliances, carpeting and furniture) and construction supplies industries (lumber and bricks). In Georgia, layoffs in the lumber mills could reach as high as 50 percent. This could be very detrimental since forestry contributes almost $5 billion to Georgia's economy annually (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 4, 1980).

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BOEING TO ESTABLISH MACON PLANT

The Boeing Company announced that it will establish a Macon manufacturing operation costing $15 million to $20 million and employing as many as 350 workers within two years.

CHEMICAL PLANT TO BE BUILT IN WINDER

Quaker Chemical Corporation of Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, and Alkaril Chemicals, Limited, of Mississauga, Ontario, have announced plans to build a $5 million office-laboratory-manufacturing facility in Winder. The plant will produce industrial chemicals, will be located on a 44-acre industrial park site, and will employ about 60 people.

GEORGIA MILL TO IDLE 89

ITT Rayonier, Incorporated, is idling 89 workers at its Camak, Georgia, mill due to softening demand for lumber. The shutdown is one of four Southeastern lumber mills to be closed by Rayonier.

AUGUSTA MILL TO CLOSE

Buckeye Cotton Oil Division's Augusta seed crushing mill is closing. The company will try to find jobs in the area for the 50 employees to be laid off.

BATTERY PLANT IN LAGRANGE

LaGrange is the site selected by Duracell International, Incorporated, for a plant to manufacture Duracell batteries. The operation will increase its employment from 200 to 500 by the end of this year.

NATIONAL STEEL TO BUILD IN NORCROSS

New Jersey-based National Steel Service Center, Incorporated, a subsidiary of National Steel Corporation, announced plans to build a metals distribution and processing center in Norcross. Construction will begin this spring in Blue Ridge Industrial Park occupying a 150,000 square-foot building.

MIGHTY MOVES TO GWINNETT

Mighty Distributing Systems of America, Incorporated, has moved its national headquarters from Baltimore, Maryland, to Technology Park in Gwinnett County. Mighty is a national distributing system specializing in the technology and sale of ignition systems for automobiles. The project will cost about $1 million, occupying 3 acres, including a two-story 17,000 square-foot facility.

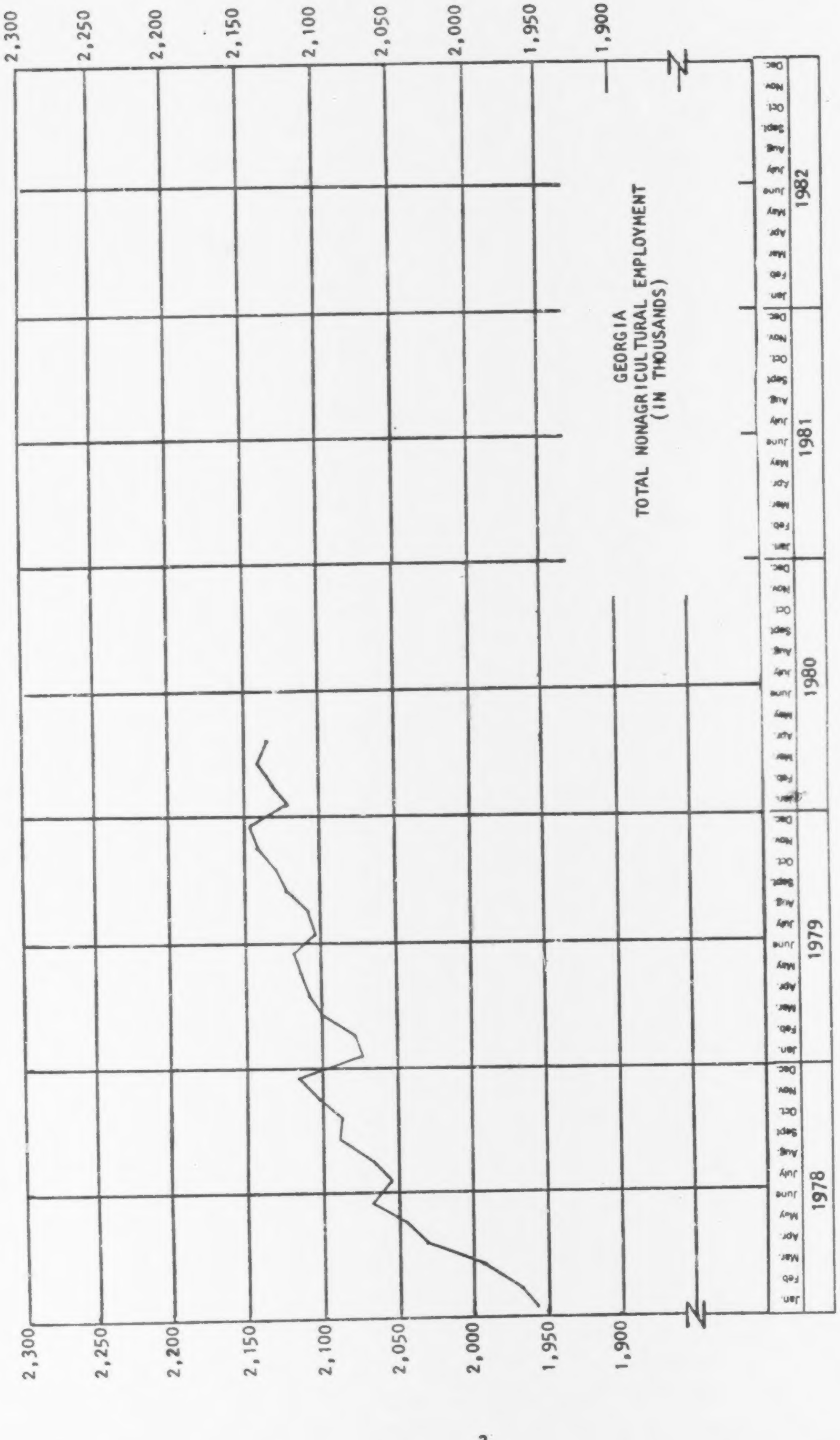
PLANS FOR CONTACT PLANT

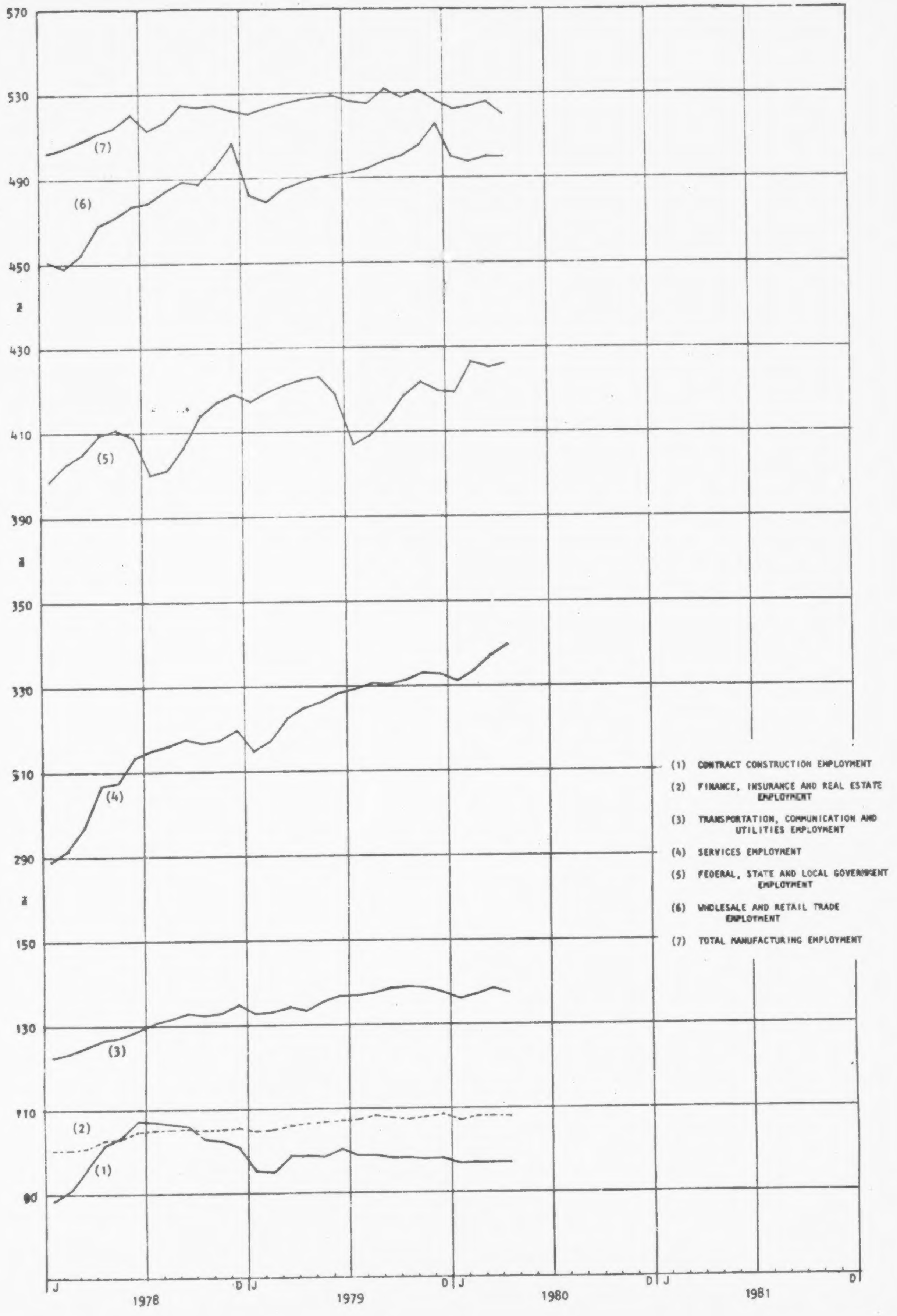
A plant has been leased in Gwinnett County by Ciba-Geigy, a Swiss pharmaceutical and chemical company, to manufacture soft contact lenses. Employment at the 84,000 square-foot plant should rise from 135 workers, initially, to about 200 at full production.

CONSTRUCTION BEGUN ON APARTMENT COMPLEX

Construction was started on a $6.2 million, 308-unit apartment complex on Peachtree Industrial Boulevard just outside of Atlanta. Peachtree Associates, Limited, said the complex is scheduled for completion in 1981, but initial occupancy could begin in August 1980.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146


GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,136.8	2,137.9	2,109.3	1.1-	27.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	520.1	525.0	527.2	4.9-	7.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	182.4	185.0	186.1	2.6-	3.7-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.8	31.1	30.6	1.3-	.8-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	14.9	15.8	15.7	.9-	.8-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.7	10.0	10.1	.3-	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.9	7.1	7.4	.2-	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.1	18.4	18.0	.3-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.8	17.1	16.4	.3-	.4
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.2	21.2	21.1	.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.9	22.9	21.6	.0	1.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.8	19.6	19.4	.2	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.9	33.3	37.2	.4-	4.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.3	11.4	11.6	.1-	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	337.7	340.0	341.2	2.3-	3.5-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.8	56.7	56.8	.1	.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.0	21.3	20.8	.3-	.2
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.3	15.6	14.9	.3-	.4
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.2	9.0	9.3	.2	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	117.8	120.1	122.3	2.3-	4.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.2	29.5	29.6	.3-	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.6	4.5	5.0	.1	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	8.8	9.0	8.5	.2-	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	30.9	31.7	33.2	.8-	2.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	23.8	24.9	25.5	1.1-	1.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.5	75.4	74.3	.1	1.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.7	40.9	40.5	.2-	.2
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.1	22.7	22.9	.4	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	28.0	27.7	27.6	.3	.4
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.4	13.2	13.3	.2	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.8	6.7	6.8	.1	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.6	24.0	22.5	.4-	1.1
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.1	8.4	8.0	.3-	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.8	16.9	16.6	.1-	.2
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	16.8	16.9	18.5	.1-	1.7-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGC APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,616.7	1,612.8	1,582.1	3.9	34.6
MINING	100005	7.5	7.6	7.7	.1-	.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	97.2	96.7	98.7	.5	1.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.7	138.5	133.6	.8-	4.1
TRANSPORTATION	500015	82.6	83.4	80.4	.8-	
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.0	35.0	33.7	.0	1.3
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.2	20.1	19.5	.1	.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	500.1	500.9	488.2	.8-	11.9
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	160.8	161.1	154.8	.3-	6.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	99.4	99.9	94.1	.5-	5.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	61.4	61.2	60.7	.2	.7
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.4	339.8	333.5	.4-	5.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	108.0	108.2	106.3	.2-	1.7
FINANCE	760025	46.6	46.5	45.3	.1	1.3
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.7	39.0	.0	.7
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.7	22.1	22.0	.4-	.3-
SERVICES	800005	339.9	336.9	325.1	3.0	14.8
GOVERNMENT	998008	426.1	424.1	422.4	2.0	3.7
FEDERAL	998011	82.1	81.2	83.2	.9	1.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	344.0	342.8	339.2	1.2	4.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	403.1	408.2	412.5	5.1-	9.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	138.0	140.9	143.3	2.9-	5.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	265.1	267.4	269.2	2.3-	4.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.5	40.5	40.8	.0	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	100.6	102.3	104.3	1.7-	3.7-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.3	26.3	26.7	.0	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.0	3.9	4.3	.1	.3-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.2	7.5	6.9	.3-	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	26.5	27.2	28.2	.7-	1.7-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	20.8	21.6	22.3	.8-	1.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	64.0	64.0	63.2	.0	.8
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.3	35.4	35.3	.1-	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.6	18.3	18.7	.3	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	24.4	25.6	25.2	1.2-	.8-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.8	9.2	9.0	.4-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.9	21.6	21.7	.3	.2
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.0	10.2	10.1	.2-	.1-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.5	14.8	14.4	.3-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.3	12.5	11.9	.2-	.4
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.8	17.0	17.0	.2-	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.9	16.0	15.2	.1-	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.8	12.8	12.7	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	22.9	23.4	27.9	.5-	5.0-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$221.43	$224.87	$194.91	39.4	40.3	37.7	$5.62	$5.58	$5.17
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$249.94	$249.02	$217.25	39.8	40.1	37.2	$6.28	$6.21	$5.84
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$206.58	$211.70	$182.68	39.2	40.4	37.9	$5.27	$5.24	$4.82
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$216.80	$219.78	$180.07	40.0	40.4	36.6	$5.42	$5.44	$4.92
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$188.87	$200.93	$171.55	40.1	42.3	38.9	$4.71	$4.75	$4.41
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$198.50	$217.43	$187.46	40.1	43.4	41.2	$4.95	$5.01	$4.55
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422206	$208.68	$228.99	$193.81	39.9	43.7	41.5	$5.23	$5.24	$4.67
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$156.36	$174.58	$168.35	38.8	43.0	42.3	$4.03	$4.06	$3.98
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$183.31	$184.82	$153.99	41.1	40.8	35.4	$4.46	$4.53	$4.35
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$180.56	$196.99	$162.69	37.0	40.7	37.4	$4.88	$4.84	$4.35
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXT'LE PRODUCTS	423005	$141.69	$146.97	$128.69	34.9	36.2	34.5	$4.06	$4.06	$3.73
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.02	$144.59	$128.14	35.3	35.7	33.9	$4.08	$4.05	$3.78
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$137.42	$148.47	$122.39	34.1	36.3	32.9	$4.03	$4.09	$3.72
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$158.91	$168.02	$147.46	36.7	38.1	36.5	$4.33	$4.41	$4.04
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$167.16	$163.83	$146.48	33.1	32.7	31.3	$5.05	$5.01	$4.68
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$360.40	$363.35	$300.17	42.4	43.0	39.6	$8.50	$8.45	$7.58
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$433.11	$417.65	$348.68	48.5	46.2	43.1	$8.93	$9.04	$8.09
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$283.61	$281.22	$271.39	43.7	43.6	44.2	$6.49	$6.45	$6.14
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$129.24	$139.87	$161.93	35.8	39.4	46.8	$3.61	$3.55	$3.46
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$263.70	$251.86	$212.27	45.0	43.2	39.9	$5.86	$5.83	$5.32
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$278.08	$287.00	$283.30	39.5	41.0	41.6	$7.04	$7.00	$6.81
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$262.36	$257.83	$214.51	42.8	42.9	37.9	$6.13	$6.01	$5.66
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$272.84	$268.27	$201.26	42.3	41.4	34.7	$6.45	$6.48	$5.80
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$234.23	$248.68	$231.16	39.7	43.4	41.5	$5.90	$5.73	$5.57
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$369.47	$361.28	$300.11	39.6	39.1	35.6	$9.33	$9.24	$8.43

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

APR 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-1CM)

GEORGIA CURR MO= APR 80 PREV MO= MAR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= APR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CMYA	NEW HIRE CURR	PREV	CMYA	RECALLS CURR	PREV	CMYA	SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CMYA	QUITS CURR	PREV	CMYA	LAYOFFS CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.9	4.0	2.6	3.1	3.1	.4	.6	.6	3.7	3.4	4.0	2.1	2.2	2.5	.7	.3	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.9	3.6	3.3	1.7	2.6	2.4	.6	.6	.5	3.0	2.8	2.9	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.2	.4	.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.6	4.1	4.3	2.9	3.3	3.4	.4	.5	.6	3.9	3.7	4.4	2.4	2.6	2.8	.5	.3	.6
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.3	5.9	5.6	2.9	3.5	4.0	.6	1.5	1.3	5.0	4.4	5.6	2.9	3.1	2.8	.8	.2	1.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.3	3.5	4.6	2.8	3.0	3.9	.2	.2	.3	3.7	3.5	4.6	2.2	2.5	3.2	.4	.2	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.6	4.8	5.8	3.0	3.9	4.4	.1	.2	.4	3.5	4.5	5.7	2.0	3.3	3.7	.0	.0	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.3	3.9	5.2	4.0	3.4	4.8	.1	.1	.1	4.4	4.3	6.1	3.2	2.7	5.0	.2	.8	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.1	4.7	3.7	4.7	4.4	3.0	.5	.2	.8	4.7	4.3	3.4	3.0	3.3	2.4	.0	.1	.1
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	2.0	2.6	3.3	1.7	2.2	3.1	.2	.2	.1	2.9	3.0	4.1	1.9	2.0	3.1	.4	.4	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.3	2.7	5.8	2.9	2.4	5.2	.3	.2	.2	4.4	3.0	4.7	2.5	2.2	3.6	.9	.2	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.8	5.0	4.2	3.9	4.2	3.3	.6	.6	.6	4.5	4.6	4.7	3.3	3.4	3.3	.4	.4	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.6	5.0	4.1	3.9	4.3	3.1	.5	.6	.7	4.1	4.4	4.3	3.3	3.7	3.3	.1	.2	.3
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.1	5.1	3.6	3.6	4.2	2.8	1.1	.8	.7	5.1	4.8	5.2	3.5	3.5	3.6	.7	.6	1.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.8	6.5	6.7	4.6	4.6	6.2	1.1	1.3	.4	11.4	5.8	5.3	3.7	3.3	3.7	5.8	.8	.1
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	1.5	7.3	4.5	1.2	6.8	4.1	.1	.4	.3	6.7	5.3	2.6	2.3	3.9	1.9	3.7	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.5	1.7	2.3	.9	1.2	1.3	.5	.4	.9	2.0	1.7	2.4	.7	.6	1.0	.5	.6	.9
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.7	1.6	1.5	.9	.8	.6	.7	.8	.6	1.8	1.5	1.4	.6	.6	.4	.3	.5	.5
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.1	1.3	4.2	.6	1.2	2.5	.1	.1	1.6	2.3	1.2	3.5	.7	.7	1.8	.9	.1	1.1
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	2.9	6.2	3.9	2.6	5.8	3.1	.3	.4	.7	3.9	4.0	4.3	2.5	2.8	2.4	.9	.7	1.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.8	2.6	1.7	2.2	2.5	.1	.1	.0	2.0	2.7	3.3	.5	1.3	2.2	.2	.2	.1
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	6.6	5.8	8.5	6.4	3.6	5.3	.2	2.1	2.9	12.9	3.7	6.8	4.6	2.0	3.8	4.9	.0	.6
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	2.3	3.1	5.0	1.3	2.7	4.3	.4	.2	.4	3.5	3.8	3.8	.8	1.9	2.6	1.2	.3	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.7	1.7	.9	1.6	1.5	.7	.1	.1	.0	1.5	1.2	1.2	.7	.5	.6	.1	.2	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.3	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.6	.3	.7	.4	3.7	2.1	2.4	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.3	.1	.3
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	2.6	2.8	1.8	1.9	2.7	.1	.1	.0	4.6	2.5	2.4	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.3	.3	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.4	4.4	2.4	2.0	3.6	1.7	.2	.4	.2	1.3	3.4	2.0	.6	1.4	.9	.2	1.2	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.7	2.5	2.7	1.1	1.1	.8	.4	.8	1.6	1.6	.8	2.9	.7	.4	.9	.7	.1	1.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

NONMANUFACTURING IS BRIGHT SPOT IN ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT IN APRIL

The Atlanta SMSA nonfarm employment rose to an estimated level of 940,900 in April. This was 1,800 above the previous month. Nonmanufacturing industries, specifically services, government, and finance, insurance and real estate, accounted for the increase. Manufacturing recorded losses for the current month and over the year.

Manufacturing, at 141,300, declined in both durable and nondurable goods for both reporting periods. Among the durable goods industries, electric and electronic equipment was the only industry registering a gain. The remaining industries in this group either had small losses of 100 or remained unchanged from March. The loss of 100 workers in transportation equipment did not reflect the full extent of the reduction in automobile assembly jobs due to offsetting gains in aircraft assembly. The number of automobile assembly workers for April was more than 4,700 fewer than the same month a year ago. In nondurables, paper and allied products recorded the only gain, primarily due to more orders in folding paperboard boxes.

Nonmanufacturing rose 2,200 during the month and 15,100 over the year to a level of 799,600. Services contributed to most of the current month's gain. Lesser increments occurred in government and finance, insurance and real estate. The 700 increase in government was equally divided between federal and state and local governments. Banking, private credit institutions, and insurance shared the 200 increase in the finance, insurance and real estate division. Fluctuations among the three sectors of contract construction balanced out, accounting for no overall employment change. In the transportation and public utilities group, small increments in air transportation and electric, gas and sanitary services were not great enough to overcome declines in motor freight and warehousing. A drop of 300 in trade was confined to the retail sector, primarily miscellaneous retail stores.

From a year ago, nonmanufacturing exhibited substantial gains in services, transportation and trade. Declines occurred in construction, manufacturing and government.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

SHOPPING MALL TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ATLANTA

The Atlanta Housing Authority has unveiled plans to build a $7 million factory outlet shopping mall one block south of the Atlanta Stadium in an urban renewal area. The mall would be restricted to manufacturers' outlet shops and would have 250,000 square feet of leasable space. The mall would be the second in the nation built specifically for such a purpose. The two-story facility would have space for 50 to 60 outlets and create around 430 jobs. If funds are granted, construction could be underway by early 1981.

PLASTICS PLANT TO LOCATE IN MARIETTA

The Tokyo firm of Dai-Ichi Seiko, Limited, will open a $1 million plastics parts company in Marietta later this year. The new firm, which will manufacture high precision plastics parts and molds, will initially manufacture plastic cogs and spools for use in the production of cassette tapes.

NEW MANUFACTURING FIRM FOR FORSYTH COUNTY

Hoover Universal, Incorporated, a Michigan-based firm, will construct an $8 million facility in Forsyth County. The new facility will be built on 45 acres of land and will begin operation by October 1, 1980. The company will make precision metal balls for the bearing industry and will employ about 150 persons locally.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	940.9	939.1	928.8	1.8	12.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	141.3	141.7	144.3	.4-	3.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.4	70.5	72.4	.1-	2.0-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.6	3.6	3.3	.0	.3
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.3	3.4	3.8	.1-	.5-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.2	7.2	6.9	.0	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.1	5.2	4.9	.1-	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.5	7.6	8.2	.1-	.7-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	7.0	6.6	.0	.4
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.2	9.8	9.2	.4	1.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.3	23.4	26.1	.1-	2.8-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.2	3.3	3.4	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	70.8	71.2	71.9	.4-	1.1-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.8	19.2	19.2	.4-	.4-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.4	5.1	.0	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.2	3.2	3.6	.0	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.1	7.3	7.2	.2-	.1-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.0	4.0	3.9	.0	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	10.2	.0	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.6	.0	.4-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.7	3.6	3.5	.1	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	7.7	7.9	.2	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.1	4.3	.1	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.9	14.9	14.6	.0	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.3	6.2	6.1	.1	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	7.0	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.2	5.3	5.8	.1-	.6-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	799.6	797.4	784.5	2.2	15.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.4	38.4	39.5	.0	1.1-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	86.0	86.1	81.8	.1-	4.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.8	57.1	54.0	.3-	2.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.0	259.3	255.8	.3-	3.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	107.1	106.7	98.7	.4	8.4
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.9	72.8	66.0	.1	6.9
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	34.1	33.9	32.7	.2	1.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	151.9	152.6	157.1	.7-	5.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.6	63.4	62.7	.2	.9
FINANCE	760025	23.9	23.7	23.0	.2	.9
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.3	25.3	24.8	.0	.5
SERVICES	800055	194.2	192.2	185.5	2.0	8.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	158.6	157.9	159.3	.7	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	30.9	30.6	32.6	.3	1.7-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	127.6	127.3	126.7	.3	.9

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	98.1	98.7	102.9	.6-	4.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.0	49.6	53.1	.6-	4.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	49.1	49.2	49.9	.1-	.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.4	11.5	11.7	.1-	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.1	6.2	6.2	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.6	8.5	8.4	.1	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.0	4.0	4.2	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.9	2.7	2.6	.2	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.6	2.8	3.1	.2-	.5-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	5.8	6.0	.2	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	2.8	3.1	.2	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.0	.0	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.4	3.3	.1-	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.4	5.5	6.5	.1-	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.3	16.5	19.5	.2-	3.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO APR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO MAR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA APR 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO APR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO MAR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA APR 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO APR 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO MAR 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA APR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$254.22	$256.74	$223.72	38.0	38.9	36.2	$6.69	$6.60	$6.18
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$289.55	$290.16	$252.74	38.3	39.0	35.9	$7.56	$7.44	$7.04
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$219.04	$224.06	$192.72	37.7	38.9	36.5	$5.81	$5.76	$5.28
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$187.53	$205.13	$159.24	34.6	37.5	32.3	$5.42	$5.47	$4.93
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$162.58	$185.64	$164.87	33.8	39.0	37.3	$4.81	$4.76	$4.42
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$157.98	$160.01	$137 14	33.4	33.9	34.2	$4.73	$4.72	$4.01
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$164.57	$158.59	$115.43	34.5	33.6	28.5	$4.77	$4.72	$4.05
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$151.84	$170.35	$172.21	30.8	33.8	41.1	$4.93	$5.04	$4.19
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$180.80	$189.03	$139.88	40.0	42.1	34.2	$4.52	$4.49	$4.09
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$192.10	$193.44	$162.17	34.8	35.3	30.2	$5.52	$5.48	$5.37
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$306.79	$312.14	$267.08	42.2	42.7	40.9	$7.27	$7.31	$6.53
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$286.75	$287.80	$252.66	41.8	42.7	41.9	$6.86	$6.74	$6.03
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$239.18	$236.39	$226.70	39.6	38.5	40.7	$6.04	$6.14	$5.57
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$249.38	$2[illegible]5.30	$239.21	39.9	39.5	43.1	$6.25	$6.21	$5.55
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333035	$367.16	$375.41	$351.12	42.3	43.3	41.9	$8.68	$8.67	$8.38
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$220.73	$220.45	$206.84	32.7	33.3	33.2	$6.75	$6.62	$6.23
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$247.46	$242.44	$191.73	41.8	41.8	36.8	$5.92	$5.80	$5.21
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$391.61	$382.42	$327.57	37.8	37.2	34.7	$10.36	$10.28	$9.44

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

APR 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10R)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= APR 80 PREV MO= MAR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= APR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	2.4	3.2	3.5	1.8	2.4	2.5	.3	.5	.7	2.2	2.4	3.4	1.0	1.5	1.7	.4	.2	1.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	3.0	3.0	1.4	1.9	1.6	.4	.7	.9	1.7	1.8	2.7	.8	1.1	1.2	.4	.1	1.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	2.8	3.3	4.1	2.3	2.9	3.4	.2	.3	.5	2.9	3.1	4.2	1.3	1.9	2.2	.5	.4	.9
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.7	2.7	3.6	1.3	1.7	2.5	.1	.8	.7	2.8	2.0	2.9	.8	1.0	.9	1.0	.4	1.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.7	4.8	6.3	4.2	4.4	5.8	.5	.2	.5	4.3	4.9	5.9	3.1	3.0	4.4	.0	.2	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCT	423005	.1	5.9	3.2	.1	5.8	2.0	.0	.1	.3	.1	3.7	6.7	.0	3.2	3.1	.0	.0	2.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.7	.7	2.2	.5	.6	1.8	.0	.0	.5	1.0	.8	2.1	.8	.4	1.8	.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.7	3.3	2.6	2.0	2.0	.0	.1	.7	2.2	1.8	3.4	.6	1.2	1.8	.5	.2	.9
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	2.5	3.0	3.6	2.2	2.6	3.2	.2	.4	.4	2.5	3.2	3.3	1.6	1.7	1.6	.3	.9	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.4	2.2	3.5	2.0	2.1	3.4	.2	.0	.0	2.5	3.3	3.2	.7	2.0	1.9	.3	.3	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.9	1.4	.7	.7	1.0	.5	.0	.1	.0	.9	.7	1.0	.4	.3	.3	.1	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.2	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.2	3.0	.7	.0	.1	4.4	2.6	1.9	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.6	.1	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.6	3.0	3.0	.9	.9	.6	.5	1.2	2.0	1.0	.8	2.8	.5	.5	.4	.2	.0	2.1

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

NONDURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING DOWN SLIGHTLY IN ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was estimated at 45,500 in April. This figure was down 100 from the previous month. Annually, employment rose by 1,700 jobs.

Manufacturing, at 11,300, was down 100 from March. Most of the decline occurred in nondurable goods manufacturing. Over the year, manufacturing gained 900 jobs. These were primarily in the food and kindred products and the "other nondurable goods" segments.

Contract construction, at 3,200, was unchanged over the month and down 1,200 over the year. Most of the yearly decline was in heavy construction, although residential construction also appears to be slow. Transportation, communications, and utilities were also unchanged over the month. An increment of 100 was recorded in the division for the year. Trade, at 10,100, gained 100 over the month and 300 over the year. Most of the gains were in wholesale trade, while retail trade was down 200 for the year. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,300, was unchanged for the month and up 300 over the year. This category is probably down more than estimated due to high interest rates, but private real estate agents are difficult to count. Services, at 6,500, was unchanged from March and up 800 for the year. Most of the yearly increment was due to increases in health services. A recent expansion at the county hospital is one of the reasons for the increase.

Over the coming month, the largest declines will probably occur in nondurable goods manufacturing, which is already showing signs of slowing. Other industries also probably will be affected by the national economic slowdown. Any industries relating to automobile production and construction, as well as these industries themselves, appear to be the hardest hit at this time.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA REFLECTS GAIN OF 400

Employment in the Augusta area was boosted to 121,800, an increase of 400 resulting from the usual impact of the annual Masters Golf Tournament. Over the year, an increase of 1,400 jobs was reported. The only major industry divisions to record losses were trade and construction. All others shared in the annual increment.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, dropped 100 over the month. Losses were sustained in stone, clay and glass products and food and kindred products, while gains were recorded in textile mill products and "other durable goods." The loss in stone, clay and glass products stemmed from less activity in glass manufacturing, while the loss in food and kindred products was among prepared meat products manufacturers. The gains in textile mill products were in broad woven goods manufacturers, and "other durable goods" increased in electric measuring devices.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200. Metals and machinery was up 100 as well as "other durable goods." Textile mill products dropped 200 because of consumer reluctance in the market place. "Other nondurable goods" gained 300, with increases in chemicals, paper and plastics.

Construction, at 6,100, dropped 200 over the month and 300 over the year, triggered by less building activity. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year with scattered increases. Trade, at 22,800, was up 100 because of the annual Masters Golf Tournament, but lost 100 over the year with significantly less activity in retail businesses as consumers exhibited considerable reluctance to purchase goods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged, but rose 100 over the year with gains scattered through the division. Services and mining, at 16,400, was up 500 over the month, directly attributable to the Masters Golf Tournament. This division rose 300 over the year as most consumers decided to seek repair services for many items rather than buy new ones. Government, at 31,000, was unchanged over the month, but rose 900 over the year with increases in both the federal sector and the state and local subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Locally, employment will decrease during May and will probably continue that trend through the summer. Construction of the new G. D. Searle Pharmaceutical Chemical Plant and the W. F. Hall Printing establishment will stimulate activity in their divisions. Manufacturing will continue to contract moderately and trade will likely follow suit. Housing construction remains almost a thing of the past, especially in regard to new starts. Some easing of interest rates should revive this part of the economy moderately. The recession, already underway, may well be longer than the last

Note Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment was up 500 from the March estimate and up 1,000 from April 1979 Manufacturing gained 100 over the month and rose 300 over the year, while nonmanufacturing increased by 400 workers from last month and rose 700 from one year ago.

Metals and machinery employment increased 100 from March to a total of 4,800 and rose 500 from last year Food and kindred products increased by 100 workers over the month and was the same as one year ago Textile mill employment rose 100 from March and one year aog. Apparel and other finished products employment declined by 100 workers from last month and dropped 200 workers from one year ago. Printing and publishing remained constant during March and April with 1,000 employees. One year ago, there were 800 workers in this category "Other durable goods" and "other nondurable goods" remained constant from March and April 1979

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 61,200, was 400 more than the March estimate. A gain of 700 from a year ago was due to increases in services and miscellaneous employment and in state and local government. Contract construction employment remained the same over the month and reflected a loss of 500 over the year Employment in transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services was the same as March and was 100 more than April 1979 Trade employment held steady during April and was 800 less than one year ago Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained the same as last month and a year earlier Services and miscellaneous employment was unchanged from March and recorded a gain of 300 from last year. Government employment increased 200 from March due to increases in state and local government Federal government dropped 200 from one year ago while state and local government increased 1,800

Note Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423

MACON EMPLOYMENT DECREASES IN MOST MAJOR SECTORS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,400 in April. The current preliminary estimate was down 500 from March and up 100 from April 1980. During the month, manufacturing declined 300 with losses in durable goods and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing dropped 300, with decreases in construction; transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, and trade Finance, insurance and real estate, services; and government were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing rose 600 with a small decrease in durable goods partially offsetting a gain in nondurable goods Nonmanufacturing fell 500 with abatements in construction; trade; finance, insurance and real estate, and government Services enjoyed an increase and transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services did not change.

Manufacturing, at 16,000, was down 300 from last month and up 600 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined with losses in stone, clay and glass products manufacturing. All other segments were unchanged Nondurable goods recorded a loss with declines in textiles, apparel, and "other nondurable goods," while food, paper, and chemicals were unchanged Annually, durable goods was down with losses in lumber and wood products, and stone, clay and glass products being partially offset by a gain in "other durable goods." Most of the increase in nondurable goods was in apparel. Paper also registered a small increase with all other segments remaining stable, except "other nondurable goods" which declined slightly.

Construction, at 3,900, continued to decline, losing 100 from last month and 300 over the year. During the month, general construction and heavy construction increased slightly to partially offset a loss in special trades construction. Annually, general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction recorded decreases. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,700, was down 100 from March and unchanged from April 1979. Most of the monthly drop was in transportation. Trade, at 19,900, declined 200 from March and 400 from a year ago. Layoffs in retail trade and "fast food" restaurants accounted for most of the loss in all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 100 from April 1979. Most of the annual loss was in real estate. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from March and up 600 from April 1979. Most of the annual increase was in private education and covered services. Government, at 28,800, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual decline was in the state and local segment and due to cutbacks in federally funded CETA positions.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT LEVELS OFF TEMPORARILY

After declining an estimated 1,800 in employment over the year, the Savannah SMSA's employment has reached a temporary leveling off. Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment presently stands at 83,800, the lowest it's been in the last 23 months. Almost half of the decline can be related to construction directly or indirectly.

Manufacturing employment declined slightly over the month; however, further declines are expected over the next few months. The declines that are expected will in all probability be related to construction.

Nonmanufacturing employment has remained the same over the month. The various categories in this sector indicated small changes occurring over the month, including restaurants and in other medical services. Changes occurring over the year are a little more dramatic. Contract construction accounted for almost 75 percent of the loss in nonmanufacturing. Wholesale and retail trade declined 400 over the year, which fairly well tells the story of where the economy is at present. The service industries increased primarily in three sectors: business services, auto repair, and medical services. The majority of the loss that occurred in government was in state and local education.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

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GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CURR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.5	45.6	43.8	.1-	1.7
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.3	11.4	10.4	.1-	.9
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.2	9.3	8.5	.1-	.7
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.2	2.3	1.7	.1-	.5
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	34.3	34.2	33.4	.1	.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.2	3.2	4.4	.0	1.2-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.0	9.8	.1	.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.5	3.4	3.0	.1	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.6	6.8	.0	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	2.0	.0	.3
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.5	5.7	.0	.8
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.1	10.1	9.6	.0	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	6.8	.0	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

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MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.8	121.4	120.4	.4	1.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.5	36.2	.1-	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.5	9.6	9.4	.1-	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.6	3.7	3.6	.1-	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.9	26.8	26.8	.1	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.6	2.5	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.2	10.5	.1	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.7	10.4	.0	.3
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.3	84.9	84.2	.4	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.1	6.3	6.4	.2-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.8	22.7	22.9	.1	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.2	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.4	18.3	18.7	.1	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	15.9	16.1	.5	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.0	30.1	.0	.9
FEDERAL	998011	7.0	6.9	6.5	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.1	24.1	23.6	.0	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

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MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.2	82.7	82.2	.5	1.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	22.0	21.9	21.7	.1	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.1	6.0	5.9	.1	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.8	4.7	4.3	.1	.5
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.9	15.9	15.8	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.7	3.6	3.7	.1	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.4	9.3	9.3	.1	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.8	.9	.1-	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.2	60.8	60.5	.4	.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	3.6	4.1	.0	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.7	16.7	17.5	.0	.8-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.1	14.2	14.8	.1-	.7-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.4	11.1	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.7	20.5	19.1	.2	1.6
FEDERAL	998011	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	15.1	14.9	13.3	.2	1.8

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

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LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

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GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.4	95.9	95.3	.5-	.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.0	16.3	15.4	.3-	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.0	5.1	5.1	.1-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.5	1.5	.1-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	11.0	11.1	10.3	.1-	.7
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.8	1.7	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.5	1.8	.1-	.6
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.8	1.8	.1-	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.4	79.7	79.9	.3-	.5-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.9	4.0	4.4	.1-	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.7	4.8	4.7	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.9	20.1	20.3	.2-	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.7	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	15.8	.0	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.8	28.8	29.0	.0	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	15.9	15.9	15.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.9	12.8	13.1	.1	.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.8	83.8	85.6	.0	1.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.2	16.8	.1-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.8	6.0	6.7	.2-	.9-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.3	1.3	.1-	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.6	.6	.8	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.6	3.1	.0	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.7	4.6	4.7	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.9	.8	.1-	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.7	67.7	68.8	.0	1.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.3	5.2	.1	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.7	9.0	8.6	.3-	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.4	19.8	.0	.4-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.0	15.1	15.5	.1-	.5-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.5	15.3	14.9	.2	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.7	15.6	16.2	.1	.5-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.2	13.1	13.8	.1	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.4	11.6	11.9	.2-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.3	4.5	4.9	.2-	.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.2	7.1	7.1	.1	.1
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	1.0	1.1	.2-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.5	1.5	1.3	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.7	1.8	2.3	.1-	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan Chatham and Effingham Counties The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$316.64	$299.88	$265.68	44.1	42.0	40.5	$7.18	$7.14	$6.56
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$279.22	$274.58	$214.67	41.8	40.8	35.6	$6.68	$6.73	$6.03
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$338.98	$315.55	$300.03	45.5	42.7	43.8	$7.45	$7.39	$6.85
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$172.21	$174.38	$191.88	38.1	35.3	41.0	$4.52	$4.94	$4.68
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$420.39	$366.77	$343.54	49.4	43.2	44.1	$8.51	$8.49	$7.79
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$268.36	$271.73	$234.80	42.8	43.2	40.0	$6.27	$6.29	$5.87
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$334.11	$332.13	$277.03	43.0	42.8	40.8	$7.77	$7.76	$6.79

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Change From	
				Revised March 1980	April 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,373,269	2,369,034	2,309,829	4,235	63,440
Employed	2,236,867	2,237,116	2,198,323	-249	38,544
Unemployed	136,402	131,918	111,506	4,484	24,896
Rate	5.7	5.6	4.8	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	50,475	50,451	47,728	24	2,747
Employed	47,248	47,260	45,244	-12	2,004
Unemployed	3,227	3,191	2,484	36	743
Rate	6.4	6.3	5.2	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	952,822	947,528	928,625	5,294	24,197
Employed	903,885	900,821	887,988	3,064	15,897
Unemployed	48,937	46,707	40,637	2,230	8,300
Rate	5.1	4.9	4.4	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,225	120,251	119,799	-26	426
Employed	113,337	113,307	113,329	30	8
Unemployed	6,888	6,944	6,470	-56	418
Rate	5.7	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,405	85,148	84,041	257	1,364
Employed	79,710	79,177	78,664	533	1,046
Unemployed	5,695	5,971	5,377	-276	318
Rate	6.7	7.0	6.4	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	96,599	97,217	96,031	-618	568
Employed	91,530	91,967	90,824	-437	706
Unemployed	5,069	5,250	5,207	-181	-138
Rate	5.2	5.4	5.4	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,184	85,895	86,675	289	-491
Employed	80,934	80,883	82,088	51	-1,154
Unemployed	5,250	5,012	4,587	238	663
Rate	6.1	5.8	5.3	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Revised March 1980	April 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,225	120,251	119,799	-26	426
Employed	113,337	113,307	113,329	30	8
Unemployed	6,888	6,944	6,470	-56	418
Rate	5.7	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,976	80,577	79,522	399	1,454
Employed	76,463	76,057	75,214	406	1,249
Unemployed	4,513	4,520	4,308	-7	205
Rate	5.6	5.6	5.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,249	39,674	40,277	-425	-1,028
Employed	36,874	37,250	38,115	-376	-1,241
Unemployed	2,375	2,424	2,162	-49	213
Rate	6.1	6.1	5.4	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Revised March 1980	April 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,405	85,148	84,041	257	1,364
Employed	79,710	79,177	78,664	533	1,046
Unemployed	5,695	5,971	5,377	-276	318
Rate	6.7	7.0	6.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	68,007	67,634	66,810	373	1,197
Employed	63,721	63,254	62,734	467	987
Unemployed	4,286	4,380	4,076	-94	210
Rate	6.3	6.5	6.1	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,398	17,514	17,231	-116	167
Employed	15,989	15,923	15,930	66	59
Unemployed	1,409	1,591	1,301	-182	108
Rate	8.1	9.1	7.6	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama Data have not been seasonally adjusted

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Change From Revised March 1980	Change From April 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,373,269	2,369,034	2,309,829	4,235	63,440
Employed	2,236,867	2,237,116	2,198,323	-249	38,544
Unemployed	136,402	131,918	111,506	4,484	24,896
Rate	5.7	5.6	4.8	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,383,102	1,377,180	1,352,923	5,922	30,179
Employed	1,308,144	1,304,619	1,288,399	3,525	19,745
Unemployed	74,958	72,561	64,524	2,397	10,434
Rate	5.4	5.3	4.8	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	990,167	991,854	956,906	-1,687	33,261
Employed	928,723	932,497	909,924	-3,774	18,799
Unemployed	61,444	59,357	46,982	2,087	14,462
Rate	6.2	6.0	4.9	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business. (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work. (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants. (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers

(Trends)
Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

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July 28, 80

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **JUNE 1980** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(May Data)

AIRLINES OFFER FIERCE COMPETITION

In recent weeks, airline competition has become very keen. There have been a lot of route shifts, layoffs, and fare changes. The reason for this can be partially attributed to the Civil Aeronautics Board's step toward deregulation of air fares. The move gave carriers the authority to raise (or lower) domestic ticket prices, including removal of all restrictions on short routes of up to 200 miles, freedom to raise fares by up to 50 percent of flights of 201 to 400 miles, and by up to 30 percent on flights of more than 400 miles. The CAB cited their reasons for the action as being: 1) to give them (CAB) a chance to monitor what happens in an open market before the Board is required by law to remove all air fare regulations in 1982, and 2) to offer relief to airlines hard hit by rising fuel costs and other expenses.

One of the major effects of this move was seen when Eastern Airlines, a predominately North-South carrier, opened routes from New York to Los Angeles for $99 one way in an effort to break into the transcontinental market. This caused six other carriers (American Airlines, United Airlines, Trans World Airlines, Pan American Airlines, Capitol Airways, and World Airways) to either lower their fares or drop the route. Other routes are expected to be affected by the price war, such as New York to Florida, another heavy-traffic market.

In an effort to curb costs and because of a drop in the number of passengers carried, United Airlines has decided to lay off 800 flight attendants and 360 pilots and eliminate 122 daily flights. United is not the only airline that will lay off or drop routes. With so many airlines competing for a few "well-traveled" routes, more will be forced to shift to other cities to meet their costs or lay off employees, thereby cutting costs in order to continue fighting for their market share. A third alternative that is now open to airlines because of the CAB's decision is for them to raise fares on other routes where competition is not so stiff. In this way, they pass the cost over to the consumer, and the consumer suffers the effects of a price war by covering the charge of a lowered fare on a route that he may not even use.

PARTIAL CLOSINGS AND LAYOFFS PREDOMINANT IN GEORGIA MANUFACTURING

Many Georgia manufacturing industries reflected decreases in May due to partial closings and layoffs. Sizable declines attributable to layoffs were recorded in mobile home manufacturing, fabricated structural metal manufacturing, broad woven fabric mills, tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing and curtains and draperies manufacturing. Minor drops due to the same reasons were found in metal partitions, shelving, lockers, and office and store fixtures manufacturing, garden tractors and lawn and garden equipment manufacturing, textile machinery manufacturing, and cottonseed oil mills. The only sector showing a definitive increase was automobile assembly because of a recall of laid off employees.

NONMANUFACTURING DECLINES 1,800 OVERALL

Nonmanufacturing employment in May registered a decrement of 1,800 from April's level. The main cause for the decline was less business activity in trucking, telephone communication, home furnishings sales, commercial machines and equipment sales, department stores and motor vehicle dealerships. The losses in transportation and communication and trade were cushioned by business gains in real estate development, hotels, motels, and lodging places, cleaning and maintenance services, temporary help supply services, repair shops, nursing care facilities, and highway and street construction.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

TV PLANT TO BE BUILT IN GWINNETT

Governor Busbee announced that Sampo Corporation of Taiwan will build a $5 million television set assembly plant in Gwinnett County. The plant is expected to produce 12,000 color television sets per month and will employ about 120 workers.

MANUFACTURING PLANT OPENS IN FULTON INDUSTRIAL PARK

LINPAC Containers, Limited, of England, a manufacturer of corrugated sheets for conversion into shipping boxes, has leased 83,000 square feet in Fulton Industrial Park. The plant will employ 20 people and increase to 80 workers in two or three years.

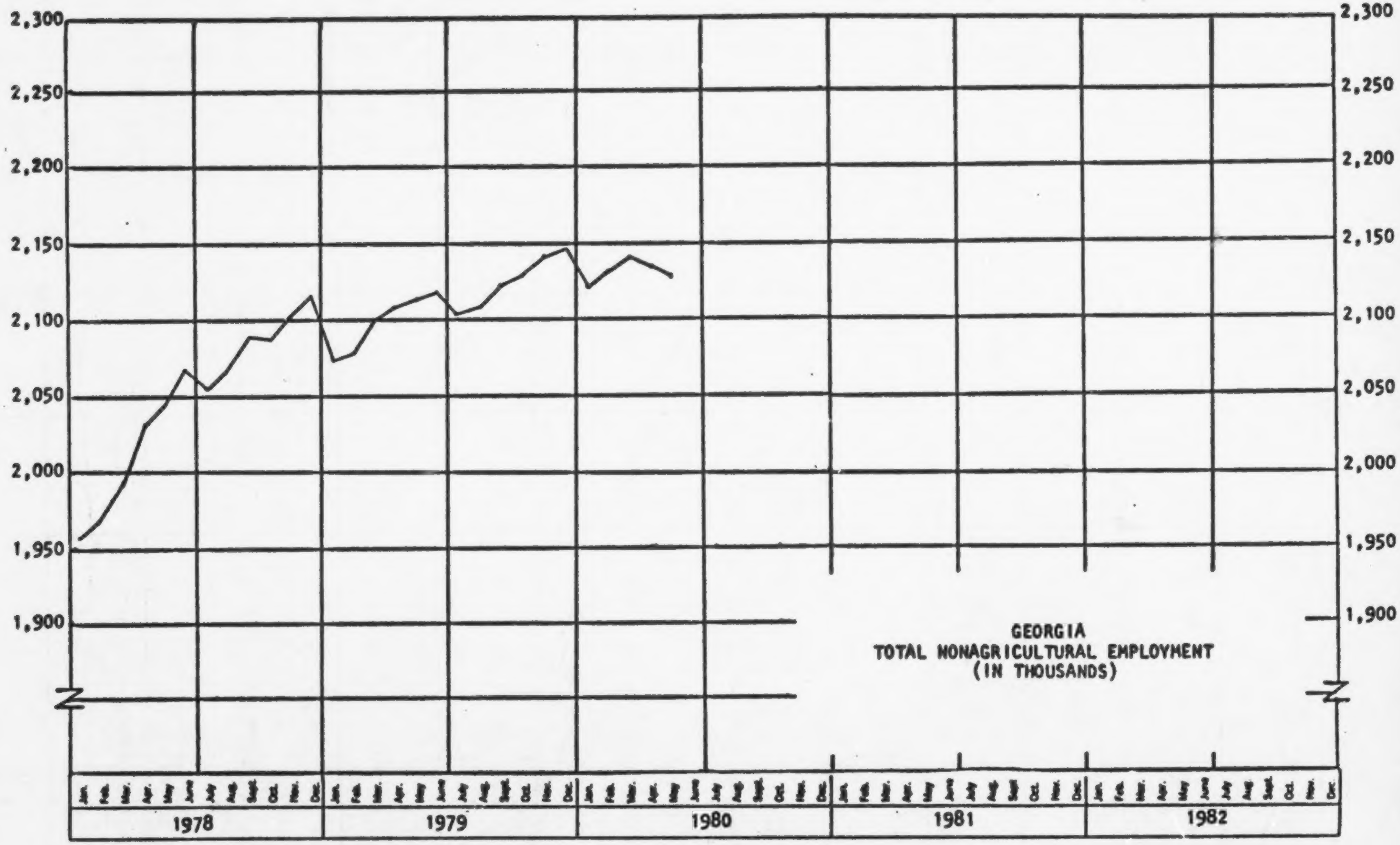
CAMPBELL SOUP BUYS POULTRY PLANT

Flowers Industries of Thomasville has sold its poultry processing plant in Douglas to Joseph Campbell Company, a unit of the Campbell Soup Company. The plant is situated on 28 acres and occupies 168,000 square feet. The facility, which employs 950 people, will continue to be used for poultry processing.

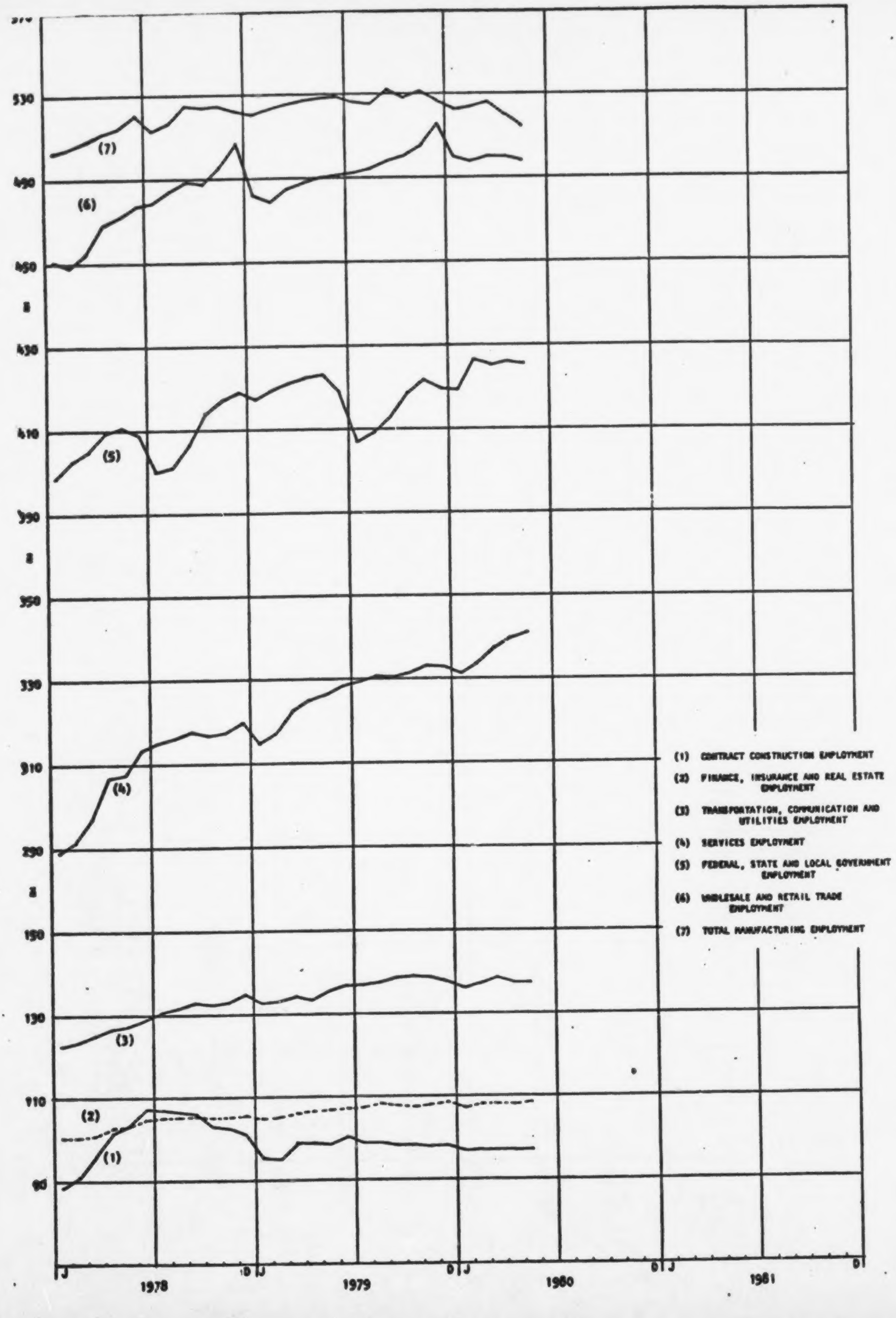
PARTS PLANT OPENS

International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation has opened its Macon automotive parts plant for full production. The 135,000 square-foot facility produces suspension systems which save weight and space and increase fuel efficiency. The plant will employ 200 people at full capacity.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000300	2,130.3	2,137.0	2,116.1	6.7-	14.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	514.5	519.4	528.5	4.9-	14.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	181.1	182.5	185.5	1.4-	4.4-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.1	30.1	30.9	1.0-	1.8-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	14.8	15.2	15.8	.4-	1.0-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325305	9.3	9.7	10.0	.4-	.7-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.8	6.9	7.3	.1-	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	17.9	18.0	18.1	.1-	.2-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.7	16.4	.2-	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.7	21.2	20.8	.5-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.4	22.8	21.6	.4-	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.6	19.8	19.3	.2-	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	34.6	32.9	36.8	1.7	2.2-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.0	11.3	11.5	.3-	.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	333.4	336.8	343.0	3.4-	9.6-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.5	56.7	57.4	.2-	.9-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	20.9	21.0	20.9	.1-	.0
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.2	15.3	15.1	.1-	.1
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.0	9.2	9.2	.2-	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	115.5	117.2	123.0	1.7-	7.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	28.8	29.3	29.6	.5-	.8-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.6	4.6	5.0	.0	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.1	8.8	8.9	.3	.2
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.1	30.1	33.3	1.0-	4.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	23.3	23.9	25.6	.6-	2.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.1	75.5	74.8	.4-	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.9	40.8	40.5	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.0	23.0	22.8	.0	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.8	27.9	27.8	.1-	.0
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.2	13.3	13.4	.1-	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.8	6.8	6.9	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.7	23.6	22.6	.1	1.1
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.3	8.1	7.9	.2	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.6	16.8	16.5	.2-	.1
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.8	2.9	2.6	.1-	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.6	.0	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	15.9	16.8	18.4	.9-	2.5-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 · MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,615.8	1,617.6	1,587.6	1.8-	28.2
MINING	100305	7.5	7.5	7.6	.0	.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	97.0	96.8	98.4	.2	1.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.5	138.2	135.7	.7-	1.8
TRANSPORTATION	500015	82.3	82.9	82.2	.6-	.1
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.0	35.1	33.9	.1-	1.1
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.2	20.2	19.6	.0	.6
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	498.4	501.2	490.0	2.8-	8.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.0	160.9	155.5	1.9-	3.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.0	99.4	94.6	1.4-	3.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.9	61.5	60.9	.6-	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.4	340.3	334.5	.9-	4.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	108.4	107.9	106.7	.5	1.7
FINANCE	760025	46.5	46.6	45.5	.1-	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.9	39.7	39.1	.2	.8
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.0	21.7	22.1	.3	.1-
SERVICES	800005	341.2	339.7	326.2	1.5	15.0
GOVERNMENT	990008	425.8	426.2	422.9	.4-	2.9
FEDERAL	990011	81.6	82.0	83.1	.4-	1.5-
STATE AND LOCAL	998909	344.2	344.1	339.8	.1	4.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	398.4	402.8	413.8	4.4-	15.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	136.9	138.1	142.7	1.2-	5.8-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	261.5	264.7	271.1	3.2-	9.6-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.2	40.4	41.5	.2-	1.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	98.7	100.3	105.0	1.6-	6.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	25.9	26.3	26.7	.4-	.8-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.0	4.0	4.3	.0	.3-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.5	7.2	7.2	.3	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	25.2	26.1	28.4	.9-	3.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	20.6	20.8	22.4	.2-	1.8-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.5	64.0	63.5	.5-	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.3	35.3	35.3	.0	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.6	18.6	18.7	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.5	24.6	25.4	1.1-	1.9-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.5	8.8	8.8	.3-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.8	21.8	21.9	.0	.1-
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.2	10.3	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.9	10.1	9.9	.2-	.0
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	.2-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.5	14.5	14.6	.0	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.0	12.2	11.9	.2-	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.4	16.7	16.8	.3-	.4-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.6	15.9	15.2	.3-	.4
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.3	12.8	12.6	.5-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.6	22.9	27.5	1.7	2.9-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	LR YR MAY 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	LR YR MAY 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	LR YR MAY 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$222.34	$221.43	$203.84	39.5	39.4	39.2	$5.63	$5.62	$5.20
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$249.56	$248.06	$227.74	39.3	39.5	38.6	$6.35	$6.28	$5.90
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$207.38	$207.64	$190.30	39.5	39.4	39.4	$5.25	$5.27	$4.83
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$220.84	$216.06	$184.13	40.3	39.7	36.9	$5.48	$5.43	$4.99
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$190.95	$191.02	$184.26	40.2	40.3	41.5	$4.75	$4.74	$4.44
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$205.84	$200.50	$206.30	41.5	40.1	43.8	$4.96	$5.00	$4.71
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$229.51	$209.36	$207.14	43.8	39.8	43.7	$5.24	$5.26	$4.74
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$168.06	$156.36	$176.26	41.6	38.8	45.9	$4.04	$4.03	$3.84
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$171.67	$182.41	$166.10	37.4	40.9	38.9	$4.59	$4.46	$4.27
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$195.86	$188.10	$171.35	40.3	38.0	39.3	$4.86	$4.95	$4.36
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$145.64	$141.91	$135.74	36.5	35.4	36.1	$3.99	$4.01	$3.76
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.23	$144.02	$137.18	35.7	35.3	36.1	$4.04	$4.08	$3.80
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$146.26	$137.39	$124.58	37.6	35.5	33.4	$3.89	$3.87	$3.73
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$161.18	$159.34	$147.50	36.8	36.8	36.6	$4.38	$4.33	$4.03
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$161.54	$166.32	$160.38	32.7	33.0	36.0	$4.94	$5.04	$4.46
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$346.94	$362.10	$314.50	41.7	42.5	41.6	$8.32	$8.52	$7.56
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$400.51	$426.50	$353.76	44.8	47.6	44.0	$8.94	$8.96	$8.04
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$282.74	$282.53	$265.98	43.1	43.6	42.9	$6.56	$6.48	$6.20
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$138.38	$124.74	$146.91	37.3	33.0	40.1	$3.71	$3.78	$3.67
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$258.83	$259.44	$223.69	43.5	44.5	41.5	$5.95	$5.83	$5.39
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$278.52	$287.00	$296.50	38.9	41.0	42.6	$7.16	$7.00	$6.96
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$241.41	$249.60	$217.67	39.0	40.0	38.8	$6.19	$6.24	$5.61
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$268.27	$272.84	$214.84	41.4	42.3	36.6	$6.48	$6.45	$5.87
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$243.53	$234.23	$248.28	41.7	39.7	44.1	$5.84	$5.90	$5.63
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$365.34	$367.35	$319.18	39.2	39.5	37.2	$9.32	$9.30	$8.58

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAY 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= MAY 80 PREV MO= APR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAY 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.2	3.4	4.4	2.4	2.7	3.7	.5	.4	.3	3.9	3.9	4.1	2.1	2.2	2.8	1.3	.7	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.7	7.9	1.6	2.0	2.5	.3	.5	.3	3.2	3.5	3.0	1.4	1.6	2.0	1.0	1.2	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.5	3.8	5.0	2.6	3.0	4.2	.6	.4	.4	4.2	4.0	4.6	2.4	2.5	3.2	.9	.5	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.1	5.3	5.6	3.6	4.0	4.7	.3	.5	.2	5.6	5.6	5.8	3.6	3.2	4.2	.5	.8	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.9	3.4	5.7	2.4	2.8	4.8	.2	.2	.3	3.5	4.0	4.9	2.0	2.5	3.5	.6	.4	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.1	4.2	5.9	3.1	3.4	4.5	.3	.1	.3	4.4	4.4	5.7	3.0	3.0	4.2	.1	.1	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	3.7	4.3	5.4	3.3	4.0	5.1	.2	.1	.1	3.1	4.4	5.3	2.3	3.3	4.6	.1	.2	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	5.1	5.8	5.6	4.7	4.5	4.2	.3	.5	1.2	3.1	4.4	5.3	2.2	2.8	3.0	.1	.0	1.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	1.3	2.2	6.3	1.0	1.8	5.5	.2	.2	.2	3.4	3.2	4.8	1.2	1.9	3.4	1.8	.6	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.1	3.3	5.8	2.8	2.9	5.3	.1	.3	.2	3.0	4.4	4.5	2.1	2.5	3.3	.1	.9	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.0	4.7	4.9	3.2	3.9	4.2	.7	.6	.5	4.5	4.4	5.0	3.3	3.3	3.5	.5	.4	.8
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	4.6	5.0	3.3	4.8	4.2	.5	.5	.6	4.3	4.0	5.0	3.5	3.3	3.9	.2	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	4.3	5.1	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.0	1.0	1.0	.3	4.7	5.1	5.2	3.2	3.6	2.7	.8	.6	1.6
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.5	5.6	5.6	4.3	4.5	5.1	1.1	1.0	.5	9.5	10.3	5.0	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.7	.2
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	6.7	4.7	3.7	6.1	3.8	3.5	.5	.7	.2	7.0	7.6	2.5	4.5	4.4	1.8	.4	2.0	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	1.4	2.7	1.3	.9	2.1	.7	.4	.5	2.4	2.0	1.8	.7	.7	.9	1.1	.6	.4
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	2.2	1.5	2.8	1.0	.9	2.0	1.2	.6	.8	2.1	1.9	1.0	.5	.7	.7	.9	.3	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.4	1.1	2.5	.9	.6	1.9	.4	.1	.1	1.5	2.3	3.1	.8	.7	1.6	.4	.9	.7
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	7.3	3.1	3.8	3.3	2.5	3.1	3.9	.6	.3	4.1	3.2	4.3	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.8	.7	1.4
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.9	2.0	2.7	1.0	1.7	2.3	.4	.0	.2	2.9	2.0	3.0	1.1	.9	1.7	.9	.1	.3
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	7.2	6.6	10.1	7.0	6.4	6.6	.2	.2	3.4	14.2	12.9	8.0	4.0	4.6	6.0	8.7	4.9	.1
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.2	3.0	4.5	2.5	2.4	4.0	.2	.2	.3	5.7	4.1	5.7	2.9	1.8	4.0	1.0	.9	.5
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.2	1.7	1.4	.9	1.6	1.3	.1	.1	.0	2.1	1.6	.9	.7	.7	.5	.7	.1	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	1.8	1.9	2.8	1.4	1.6	1.9	.2	.2	.6	2.4	4.5	3.1	1.1	1.7	2.1	.8	2.2	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.2	2.1	3.3	1.0	1.8	3.2	.1	.1	.1	2.4	4.3	2.8	1.3	1.3	2.0	.5	2.1	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	.8	2.6	2.7	.2	2.2	1.9	.0	.2	.4	2.8	1.6	4.2	.5	.9	1.3	1.4	.2	1.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.1	.8	.1	.3	.1	1.7	1.7	1.5	.5	.7	.9	1.1	.7	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT ROSE IN MAY DESPITE REDUCTIONS BY SOME FIRMS

Nonfarm employment in the Atlanta area climbed 1,900 during May to an estimated 942,700. This was 10,100 above the same month a year ago. Of the major industry categories, only manufacturing and transportation, communication and public utilities registered a drop from the previous month. Manufacturing and construction fell below the year-ago level.

From a year ago, manufacturing declined 3,000 to the current month's estimate of 141,000. Both durable and nondurable goods shared almost equally in this decrement. Partial layoffs occurred in bakeries; broad woven cotton mills; furniture, except household; fabricated metal products; nonelectrical machinery; and electric machinery, equipment and supplies during the month of May due to lack of sales.

In May, manufacturing was down only 200 from April. Gains in the transportation equipment sector of durable goods resulting from the return of part of the work force at one automobile assembly plant partially offset a drop of 600 in nondurable goods-producing industries. Besides transportation equipment, other manufacturing industries experiencing increases were primary metals, paper and printing.

Nonmanufacturing employment advanced 2,200 over the month. Service industries, led by business services, rose 1,700. Among the major industry categories, only transportation, communication and public utilities recorded a loss and this was confined to the motor freight sector of transportation. Eating and drinking establishments and miscellaneous retail stores contributed to the 300 advance in trade. Small gains in insurance and real estate boosted finance, insurance and real estate up 400. Contract construction, up 100, experienced a slight drop in the special trades sector which was more than offset by general and heavy building. A rise of 400 in government was attributed to gains in the state and local sectors. The decline in federal employment was due to a seasonal reduction in work force by the U.S. Treasury Department, specifically the Internal Revenue Service. Local government gains were in local education.

From a year ago, nonmanufacturing rose 13,200. The principal gains were in services (up 9,300) and trade (up 4,400). A decline of 1,700 was experienced by the construction industry.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	942.7	940.8	932.6	1.9	10.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	141.0	141.2	144.0	.2-	3.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.8	70.3	72.5	.5	1.7-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.5	3.6	3.3	.1-	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.0	3.2	3.6	.2-	.6-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	1.9	2.2	.0	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.2	5.1	5.0	.1	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.3	7.6	8.1	.3-	.8-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.7	7.0	6.6	.3-	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	10.2	9.5	.2-	.5
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.9	23.3	26.1	1.6	1.2-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.0	3.2	3.3	.2-	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	70.2	70.8	71.5	.6-	1.3-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420305	18.4	18.8	19.0	.4-	.6-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.2	5.4	4.9	.2-	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.0	3.2	3.4	.2-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.9	7.1	7.4	.2-	.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.7	4.0	4.0	.3-	.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.5	1.6	1.7	.1-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	9.9	.0	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.5	.0	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.7	3.4	.1	.4
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	8.0	7.9	7.9	.1	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.0	14.9	14.3	.1	.7
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.4	6.3	6.0	.1	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.6	6.8	7.0	.2-	.4-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.2	5.2	5.9	.0	.7-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	801.8	799.6	788.6	2.2	13.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.1	38.0	39.8	.1	1.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.5	86.2	84.9	.7-	.6
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.2	56.9	57.1	.7-	.9-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.7	259.4	255.3	.3	4.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	107.0	107.1	99.4	.1-	7.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.9	72.9	66.5	.0	6.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	34.2	34.1	32.9	.1	1.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	152.6	152.3	155.9	.3	3.3-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	64.0	63.6	63.8	.4	.2
FINANCE	760025	23.8	23.9	23.0	.1-	.8
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.5	25.3	24.8	.2	.7
SERVICES	800055	195.5	193.8	186.2	1.7	9.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	159.0	158.6	158.7	.4	.3
FEDERAL	998011	30.4	30.9	32.6	.5-	2.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	128.5	127.7	126.1	.8	2.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	97.3	98.0	102.3	.7-	5.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.3	49.0	52.9	.3	3.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	48.0	49.0	49.4	1.0-	1.4-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.9	11.4	11.5	.5-	.6-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.8	6.0	6.4	.2-	.6-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.2	8.5	8.2	.3-	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.0	3.9	4.0	.1	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.9	2.6	.1-	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.9	3.0	2.8	.1-	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.6	3.0	.3-	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.1	6.0	6.0	.1	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.3	3.6	.0	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.3	.0	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.3	5.5	6.2	.2-	.9-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.3	4.5	4.4	.2-	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	17.7	16.3	19.5	1.4	1.8-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$258.91	$256.41	$232.75	38.3	38.5	37.3	$6.76	$6.66	$6.24
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$294.91	$291.46	$268.38	38.4	38.4	37.8	$7.68	$7.59	$7.10
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$222.52	$221.56	$194.67	38.3	38.6	36.8	$5.81	$5.74	$5.29
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$196.82	$187.53	$168.17	35.4	34.6	33.3	$5.56	$5.42	$5.05
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$184.89	$185.55	$166.13	38.6	38.1	37.5	$4.79	$4.87	$4.43
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$152.32	$158.46	$154.71	32.0	33.5	37.1	$4.76	$4.73	$4.17
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.88	$164.91	$146.43	30.5	34.5	34.7	$4.75	$4.78	$4.22
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$162.83	$153.63	$175.16	32.5	31.1	39.9	$5.01	$4.94	$4.39
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	424005	$178.87	$181.30	$143.50	38.8	40.2	35.0	$4.61	$4.51	$4.10
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	425005	$197.88	$195.01	$176.47	34.9	35.2	31.4	$5.67	$5.54	$5.62
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$306.46	$303.30	$273.49	45.2	45.0	41.5	$6.78	$6.74	$6.59
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$284.34	$280.57	$271.63	42.0	41.2	43.6	$6.77	$6.81	$6.23
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$234.01	$239.18	$237.16	38.3	39.6	42.2	$6.11	$6.04	$5.62
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$247.78	$238.78	$243.76	39.9	38.7	44.0	$6.21	$6.17	$5.54
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$360.26	$370.55	$377.96	41.6	42.3	44.0	$8.66	$8.76	$8.59
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$244.19	$243.90	$212.25	34.2	34.4	34.4	$7.14	$7.09	$6.17
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$240.79	$247.46	$205.39	39.8	41.8	38.9	$6.05	$5.92	$5.28
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$381.30	$391.61	$349.60	37.2	37.8	36.8	$10.25	$10.36	$9.50

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAY 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= MAY 80 PREV MO= APR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAY 79

		ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	2.8	3.4	2.6	2.2	2.9	.9	.3	.2	3.1	3.0	3.4	1.6	1.5	2.2	.8	.7	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.0	2.5	2.7	2.4	1.9	2.2	.3	.4	.2	3.1	3.0	2.8	1.7	1.4	1.8	.7	.9	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	490095	4.3	3.1	4.4	2.7	2.6	3.7	1.4	.3	.3	3.2	3.0	4.3	1.4	1.5	2.7	.9	.5	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.0	1.9	2.7	1.2	1.3	2.2	.6	.1	.3	2.4	2.9	2.1	.6	.9	1.0	1.2	1.0	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.1	4.4	6.9	4.3	3.8	6.1	.4	.4	.5	4.4	5.0	6.0	3.1	3.8	4.9	.3	.2	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	1.9	4.2	6.7	.4	4.1	4.9	1.5	.1	.5	2.1	4.8	7.5	.3	3.3	4.5	1.4	.5	1.4
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	19.9	3.8	1.7	18.9	2.0	1.3	.8	1.3	.4	18.9	6.5	1.6	11.9	2.8	1.1	.3	2.9	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.1	3.2	1.6	1.9	2.9	.2	.1	.2	1.6	1.9	3.4	1.1	.8	1.9	.1	.4	.6
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	9.2	3.1	3.6	4.4	2.4	2.6	4.8	.7	.4	2.9	2.5	3.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	.6	.5	1.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.5	3.0	1.7	2.2	2.6	.1	.1	.1	2.3	2.3	3.6	1.0	1.1	2.1	.1	.2	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.8	.9	1.3	.6	.7	1.2	.0	.0	.0	1.5	.9	.9	.5	.4	.5	.6	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.9	2.2	3.9	1.3	1.3	3.8	.6	.7	.1	2.8	4.4	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.0	.8	1.6	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.2	1.0	.6	.0	.4	.1	.4	1.1	.9	.3	.6	.6	.0	.2	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY EMPLOYMENT DOWN 500 FROM APRIL

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Albany area was estimated at 45,100 in May. This figure was down 500 from the previous month. Annually, employment gained 1,200 jobs.

Manufacturing, at 11,100, continued to decline. The monthly estimate represented a drop in employment of 200 for the division. Declines were divided evenly between durable and nondurable goods. Sporadic layoffs were occurring in many segments of the manufacturing division and will continue until the economic situation improves. Over the year, manufacturing was up 700, largely due to new industry entering the area during the year.

Contract construction, at 3,400, was up 200 over the month. This is the first increase in construction that has occurred in several months. Over the year, a decrement of 900 jobs was recorded. Interest rates are continuing to decline, and together with the dire housing shortage in the area, will possibly cause an improvement in the division during the next months.

All other nonmanufacturing divisions were constant over the month, except government. A decline in state and local government employment was recorded in May. A freeze in CETA hiring is one factor in this decline.

OUTLOOK

Local employment will probably continue to decrease and unemployment will increase during the coming summer months. A reduction in manufacturing will probably continue. Contract construction may recover somewhat due to dramatically declining interest rates.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

SERVICES AND TRADE RESPONSIBLE FOR AUGUSTA DECLINE

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 120,600, a decline of 1,100, resulting partly from the customary layoff of temporary employees after the Masters Golf Tournament. Over the year, an increase of 200 jobs was reported. Losses sustained in manufacturing, construction, and trade were overcome by gains recorded in government, services, finance, insurance and real estate, and transportation and public utilities.

Manufacturing, at 36,200, dropped 200 over the month. Losses were sustained in stone, clay and glass products, and metals and machinery, overcoming a gain reported in food and kindred products. The loss in stone, clay and glass products was in structural clay products, while the decrease in metals and machinery was sustained by farm and garden machinery and fabricated structural metal products. The gains reported in food and kindred products were among soft drink firms.

Annually, manufacturing dropped 100. Stone, clay and glass products lost 100, with less business in structural clay products. Textile mill products was down 200, mostly in broad woven goods. Gains in the durable goods, food and kindred products, and "other nondurable goods" partially offset the losses recorded.

Construction, at 5,900, dropped 200 over the month and 600 over the year as a result of less activity in building construction. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was up 100 over the month resulting from more activity in motor freight transportation. This division was up 200 over the year partly for the same reason. Trade, at 22,400, recorded a loss of 400 over the month because of the customary layoff of temporary workers at the Masters Golf Tournament. This division lost 300 over the year, triggered by the closing of some retail firms and less activity in others. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year with increments scattered through the division. Services and mining, at 16,100, dropped 300 over the month because of the usual layoff of temporary employees for the Masters Golf Tournament. This division rose 200 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,000, was unchanged over the month but gained 900 over the year. The annual increase was shared by both the federal and the state and local sectors.

OUTLOOK

Employment will decrease in the state and local government sector with the customary layoff of non-teaching personnel in the public school system. The federal sector will experience some change later this year when approximately 1,000 jobs at Fort Gordon are contracted out, resulting in an increase in services and in some other divisions.

Construction should feel some rejuvenation within the next few months as the W. F. Hall facility is erected. Housing construction may experience some improvement later this year.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS IN COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 83,100, reflected a gain of 100 from the April estimate. Manufacturing lost 100 workers while nonmanufacturing contributed all of the increase. Total employment was 900 more than in May 1979.

Manufacturing employment totaled 21,800 workers in May. The level of employment was down 100 from the April estimate. Durable goods, at 5,900, was 100 less than the previous month due to a loss in the metals and machinery group. Nondurable goods lost 100 employees over the month due to losses in the food and kindred products and the textile mill products group. Other manufacturing groups remained the same as in April.

Nonmanufacturing employment, with 61,400 employed, was 300 above last month's figure, while a gain of 900 was recorded for the year. Contract construction, at 3,800, rose 200 from a month earlier. However, this figure was 200 less than one year ago. Activities in transportation, communication, and public utilities gained 100 from one month ago and one year ago.

Trade, with 16,600 employed, declined by 100 workers from last month and was 100 less than a year earlier. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained steady for both periods of reference. Services and miscellaneous industries remained the same as the previous month and increased 200 from last year.

Government employment, at 20,800, was up 100 from April and was 1,800 more than in May 1979. The annual rise was centered in state and local government.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON EMPLOYMENT REFLECTS NO CHANGE FROM 1979

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,200 in May. The current preliminary estimate was down 300 from last month and unchanged from May 1979. During the month, manufacturing dropped 300, with durable goods declining 100 and nondurable goods receding 200. Nonmanufacturing increased 100 with gains in construction, transportation, communicaton, electric, gas and sanitary services, and government being partially offset by a decline in trade. Finance, insurance and real estate and services were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing rose 400 with durable goods remaining unchanged and nondurable goods adding 400. Nonmanufacturing fell 400 with losses in construction, trade, and finance, insurance and real estate. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services increased during the year, with government remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 15,700, was down 300 from April and up 400 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined, with losses in stone, clay and glass and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods dropped 200 with declines in apparel and paper. Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with gains in "other durable goods" being offset by declines in lumber and wood and stone, clay, and glass. Nondurable goods added 400, with an increase in apparel being partially offset by decreases in paper and "other nondurable goods." Food, textiles and chemicals were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was up 100 from last month and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, general construction and special trades construction registered small gains. Annually, decreases were recorded in general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,900, was up 100 from April and up 100 from May 1979. Most of the gain for both periods was in transportation. Trade, at 19,600, was down 300 from April and down 600 from a year ago. Wholesale trade and retail trade declined during all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 100 from May 1979. Most of the annual decrease was in insurance. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from April and up 700 from May 1979. Most of the annual gain was in private education and covered services. Government, at 29,000, was up 200 from April and unchanged from a year ago. During the month, the federal segment added 100 and the state and local segment rose 100. Annually, a gain in the federal segment partially offset a loss in the state and local segment.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

CONSTRUCTION-RELATED INDUSTRIES CAUSE SAVANNAH DROP

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA dropped an estimated 200 over the month; however, the rate of decrease appears to be slowing down. Whether this is temporary or not, it is too early to discern. One good indicator is that contract construction has remained level over the month. In the previous recession of 1974-1975, contract construction did not start to decline until the recession was well underway. It reached its low point in March of 1975 and remained level for the balance of the year before picking up again. In contrast this time, construction started declining several months before the official onset of the recession and appears to have hit its trough much earlier. This may signal a leveling off of losses in construction and a gradual pick-up near the end of the year.

A large portion of the employment losses that have occurred in Savannah have been directly related to construction. Millwork, veneer and plywood, roofing products (petroleum), fabricated metals, and retailing of building materials account for an estimated 600 of the loss in employment over the year. Together with construction, this amounts to an estimated 80 percent of the loss in employment.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.1	45.6	43.9	.5-	1.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.1	11.3	10.4	.2-	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.0	2.1	2.0	.1-	.0
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.1	9.2	8.4	.1-	.7
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.2	1.7	.1	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.6	4.7	4.5	.1-	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	33.9	34.3	33.5	.4-	.4
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.4	3.2	4.3	.2	.9-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.1	2.0	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.1	9.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.5	3.5	3.0	.0	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.6	6.8	.0	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	1.9	.0	.4
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.5	5.8	.0	.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	9.5	10.1	9.6	.6-	.1-
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	6.7	7.3	6.8	.6-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	120.6	121.7	120.4	1.1-	.2
MANUFACTURING	309005	36.2	36.4	36.3	.2-	.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.3	9.5	9.4	.2-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.5	3.6	3.7	.1-	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.4	2.5	2.4	.1-	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.9	26.9	26.9	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.5	2.5	.1	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.3	10.5	.0	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.7	10.4	.0	.3
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.4	85.3	84.2	.9-	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	5.9	6.1	6.5	.2-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.4	22.8	22.7	.4-	.3-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.5	4.2	.2-	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.1	18.4	18.5	.3-	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.1	16.4	15.9	.3-	.2
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.0	30.1	.0	.9
FEDERAL	998011	7.0	6.9	6.5	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.1	24.1	23.7	.0	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.1	83.0	82.2	.1	.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.8	21.9	21.7	.1-	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	6.0	5.8	.1-	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.7	4.3	.1-	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.9	15.9	.1-	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.7	3.7	.1-	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.3	9.4	9.3	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.9	61.1	60.5	.3	.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.8	3.6	4.0	.2	.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.6	3.5	3.5	.1	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.6	16.7	17.6	.1-	1.0-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.1	14.1	14.9	.0	.8-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.4	11.2	.0	.2
GOVERNMENT	998000	20.8	20.7	19.0	.1	1.8
FEDERAL	998011	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	15.1	15.1	13.2	.0	1.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servents, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.2	95.5	95.2	.3-	.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.7	16.0	15.3	.3-	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.9	5.0	4.9	.1-	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.3	1.4	1.5	.1-	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.8	2.5	.1-	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.8	11.0	10.4	.2-	.4
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.5	1.9	.1-	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000040	79.5	79.4	79.9	.1	.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.0	4.4	.1	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.9	4.8	4.8	.1	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.9	20.2	.3-	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.7	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800035	16.4	16.4	15.7	.0	.7
GOVERNMENT	990000	29.0	28.8	29.0	.2	.0
FEDERAL	990011	16.0	15.9	15.9	.1	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	990309	13.0	12.9	13.2	.1	.2-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 198	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.7	83.9	85.5	.2-	1.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.0	16.0	16.5	.0	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	5.8	6.4	.1	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.1	1.2	1.4	.1-	.3-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.6	.8	.1-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.8	2.6	2.9	.2	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.1	2.2	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.1	10.2	10.1	.1-	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.6	4.7	4.8	.1-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	.9	.9	.1	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.7	67.8	69.0	.1-	1.3-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.4	5.3	.0	.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.6	8.7	8.7	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.4	19.8	.1-	.5-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.9	15.0	15.5	.1-	.6-
FINANCE,INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.7	15.5	14.8	.2	.9
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.7	15.8	16.3	.1-	.6-
FEDERAL	998011	2.4	2.5	2.4	.1-	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.2	13.3	13.8	.1-	.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.4	11.9	.1	.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.3	4.9	.2	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.0	7.2	7.0	.2-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	1.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.5	1.2	.1-	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	1.7	2.0	.2	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CR YA MAY 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CR YA MAY 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CR YA MAY 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$294.67	$314.32	$270.40	40.7	43.9	40.6	$7.24	$7.16	$6.66
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$276.11	$276.39	$214.79	39.9	41.5	34.7	$6.92	$6.66	$6.19
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$306.53	$337.32	$309.32	41.2	45.4	44.7	$7.44	$7.43	$6.92
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$176.80	$172.21	$177.75	37.3	38.1	37.5	$4.74	$4.52	$4.74
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$366.77	$416.01	$347.53	43.2	49.0	44.9	$8.49	$8.49	$7.74
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$270.76	$270.04	$254.92	41.4	43.0	40.4	$6.54	$6.28	$6.31
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$334.11	$334.11	$287.16	42.4	43.0	41.2	$7.88	$7.77	$6.97

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Revised April 1980	May 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,398,563	2,376,706	2,328,681	21,857	69,882
Employed	2,248,464	2,237,021	2,218,958	11,443	29,506
Unemployed	150,099	139,685	109,723	10,414	40,376
Rate	6.3	5.9	4.7	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,122	50,526	48,362	596	2,760
Employed	47,233	47,284	45,656	-51	1,577
Unemployed	3,889	3,242	2,706	647	1,183
Rate	7.6	6.4	5.6	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	963,264	953,100	936,836	10,164	26,428
Employed	911,970	903,878	895,837	8,092	16,133
Unemployed	51,294	49,222	40,999	2,072	10,295
Rate	5.3	5.2	4.4	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,504	120,276	122,494	228	-1,990
Employed	112,949	113,358	115,823	-409	-2,874
Unemployed	7,555	6,918	6,671	637	884
Rate	6.3	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,953	85,284	84,688	1,669	2,265
Employed	80,292	79,547	79,241	745	1,051
Unemployed	6,661	5,737	5,447	924	1,214
Rate	7.7	6.7	6.4	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,682	96,750	96,752	932	930
Employed	92,065	91,630	91,445	435	620
Unemployed	5,617	5,120	5,307	497	310
Rate	5.8	5.3	5.5	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,393	86,327	87,517	1,066	-124
Employed	81,468	81,000	82,482	468	-1,014
Unemployed	5,925	5,327	5,035	598	890
Rate	6.8	6.2	5.8	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From	
				Revised April 1980	May 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,504	120,276	122,494	228	-1,990
Employed	112,949	113,358	115,823	-409	-2,874
Unemployed	7,555	6,918	6,671	637	884
Rate	6.3	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	81,159	81,004	80,135	155	1,024
Employed	76,327	76,441	75,626	-114	701
Unemployed	4,832	4,563	4,509	269	323
Rate	6.0	5.6	5.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,345	39,272	42,359	73	-3,014
Employed	36,622	36,917	40,197	-295	-3,575
Unemployed	2,723	2,355	2,162	368	561
Rate	6.9	6.0	5.1	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From	
				Revised April 1980	May 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,953	85,284	84,688	1,669	2,265
Employed	80,292	79,547	79,241	745	1,051
Unemployed	6,661	5,737	5,447	924	1,214
Rate	7.7	6.7	6.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,384	67,886	67,167	1,498	2,217
Employed	64,241	63,587	63,166	654	1,075
Unemployed	5,143	4,299	4,001	844	1,142
Rate	7.4	6.3	6.0	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,564	17,394	17,521	170	43
Employed	16,046	15,956	16,075	90	-29
Unemployed	1,518	1,438	1,446	80	72
Rate	8.6	8.3	8.3	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From Revised April 1980	Change From May 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,398,563	2,376,706	2,328,681	21,857	69,882
Employed	2,248,464	2,237,021	2,218,958	11,443	29,506
Unemployed	150,099	139,685	109,723	10,414	40,376
Rate	6.3	5.9	4.7	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,399,464	1,383,711	1,363,570	15,753	35,894
Employed	1,317,849	1,308,189	1,298,671	9,660	19,178
Unemployed	81,615	75,522	64,899	6,093	16,716
Rate	5.8	5.5	4.8	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	999,099	992,995	965,111	6,104	33,988
Employed	930,615	928,832	920,287	1,783	10,328
Unemployed	68,484	64,163	44,824	4,321	23,660
Rate	6.9	6.5	4.6	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)

Cost *$351.37*
Quantity *3,000*

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ATLANTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR JULY 1980 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(June Data)

QUARTERLY CHANGES REVEAL SLOWING TREND

	Employment 1979	Employment 1980	Percent Change
1st Quarter	6,257.3	6,393.8	2.18
2nd Quarter	6,344.7	6,395.7	.80
% Change	1.4	.03	—

As June brings Georgia's second quarter to a close, it becomes possible to analyze employment, comparing it to last year and to the first quarter of this year. In 1979, employment increased 87,400, or 1.4 percent. The change for 1980 was significantly less — .03 percent — due to the economic closings and layoffs brought about by the recession and consumer wariness in the market. Employment for the first quarter of 1980 showed a gain of 2.18 percent over 1979, while second quarter's gain was a weak .8 percent. These figures are an indication that the recession obviously began in the second quarter of 1980 — at least, as far as employment is concerned.

SIZABLE LOSSES IN JUNE EMPLOYMENT

June employment reflected a decline of 9,700 from May. The only sectors to show any positive growth were construction, finance, insurance and real estate, to some extent; and services. The other sectors conveyed sizable losses.

The decrement in manufacturing was attributed to a partial shutdown in the automotive industry, cutbacks in textile mill employment, and economic shutdowns in wood products manufacturing and electrical apparatus manufacturing.

The reason for the decline in trade was two-fold. Wholesale trade reflected an expected seasonal drop in farm-product raw materials marketing. Retail trade had a larger decrease due to less business in department and variety stores and motor vehicle dealerships. Consumers continued to keep a tight rein on their spending dollars.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Another anticipated decrease occurred in the state and local sector of government. These were declines in education as employees were let go for the summer. This drop was cushioned somewhat by the hiring of temporary summer help in government agencies.

The gains that were recorded in June indicated general business rises mainly due to the season of the year. This is especially true of the services sector, since travel and recreation increase during the summer months.

HIGHEST UNEMPLOYMENT TO DATE

The unemployment rate for June in Georgia was estimated to be 7.6 percent. This is the highest rate to be recorded this year. The main reason for the increase in unemployment was the fact that a number of manufacturing industries were forced to lay off many of their personnel. These industries included food processing and manufacturing, machinery manufacturing, electrical and electronic equipment manufacturing, transportation equipment manufacturing, and textiles manufacturing. Until the economy begins to pick up again, this trend will likely continue.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

GREEN'S CORNER IN GWINNETT

Lamb and Associates, Incorporated, of Atlanta has begun construction of Green's Corner, an $8 million shopping center. It is located on a 20-acre site in Gwinnett County at the intersection of Jimmy Carter Boulevard and Rockbridge Road. The center will include a K-Mart store, Metro Produce, Morse Shoes, and Radio Shack

DAVISON'S OPENING IN NEW MALL

Davison's, a division of New York-based R. H. Macy Company, will open a new store in Georgia Square which is being constructed in Athens. The new store will be a two-level, 122,000 square-foot building—more than twice the size of the downtown Athens store. The mall itself has 850,000 square feet and is scheduled to open February 11, 1981.

TWO WOOLCO STORES CLOSE IN ATLANTA

Two of the three Woolco discount stores in Atlanta are being closed because their profitability did not reach expectations. The two stores are located at Buford-Clairmont Mall and Town and Country Shopping Center.

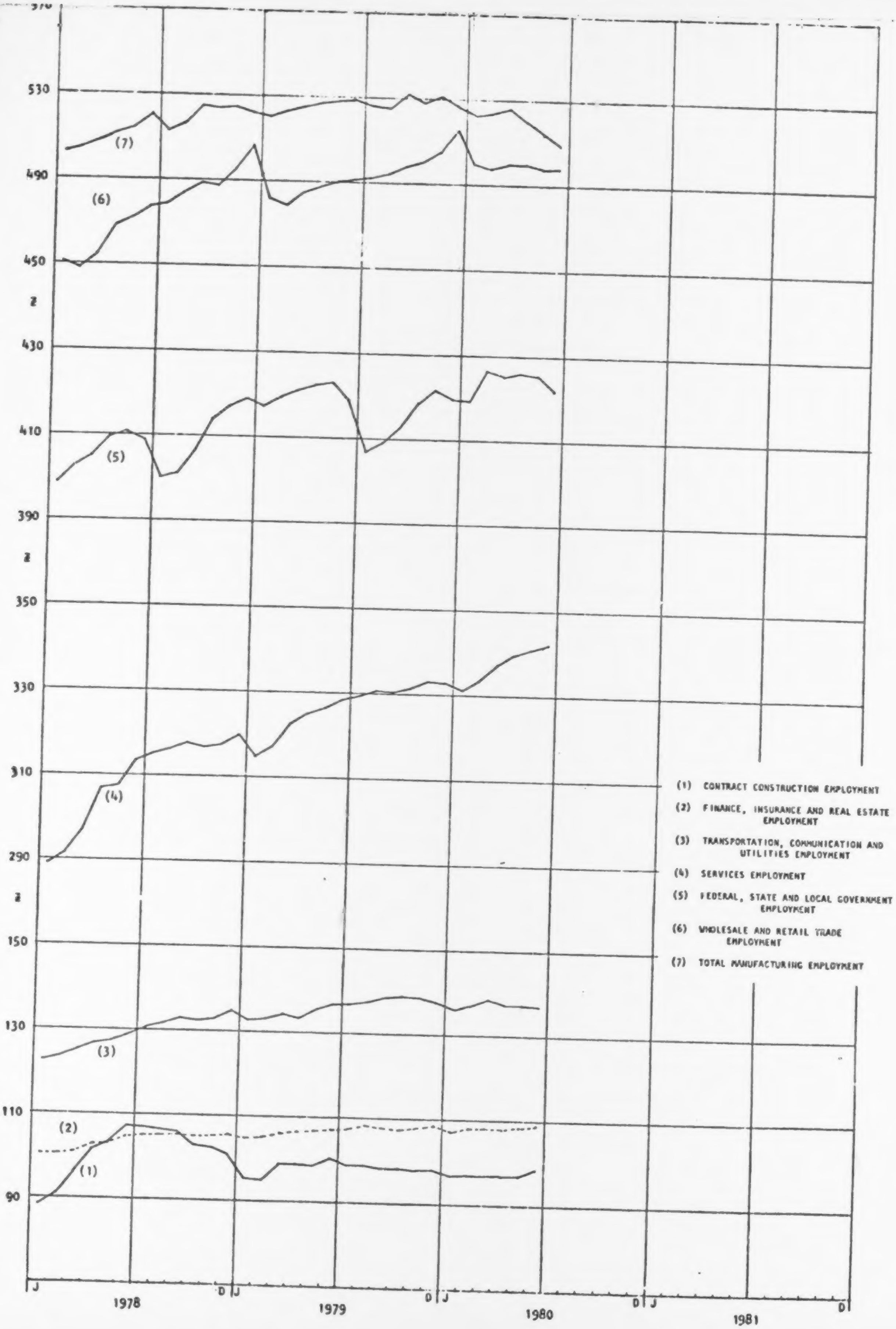
GEORGIA—PACIFIC PLANT RESUMES OPERATIONS

Georgia-Pacific's plywood plant in Monticello reopened after a month-long shutdown for maintenance and improvements. The plant employs 300 persons.

DALTON TO GET SEARS STORE

Sears, Roebuck and Company has announced plans to open a store in Dalton at the intersection of Walnut Avenue and Airport Road. The store will occupy 35,000 square feet of retail sales space and a nine bay auto service center. A catalog sales facility will be replaced by the new store, which will provide 60 new jobs in the area.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.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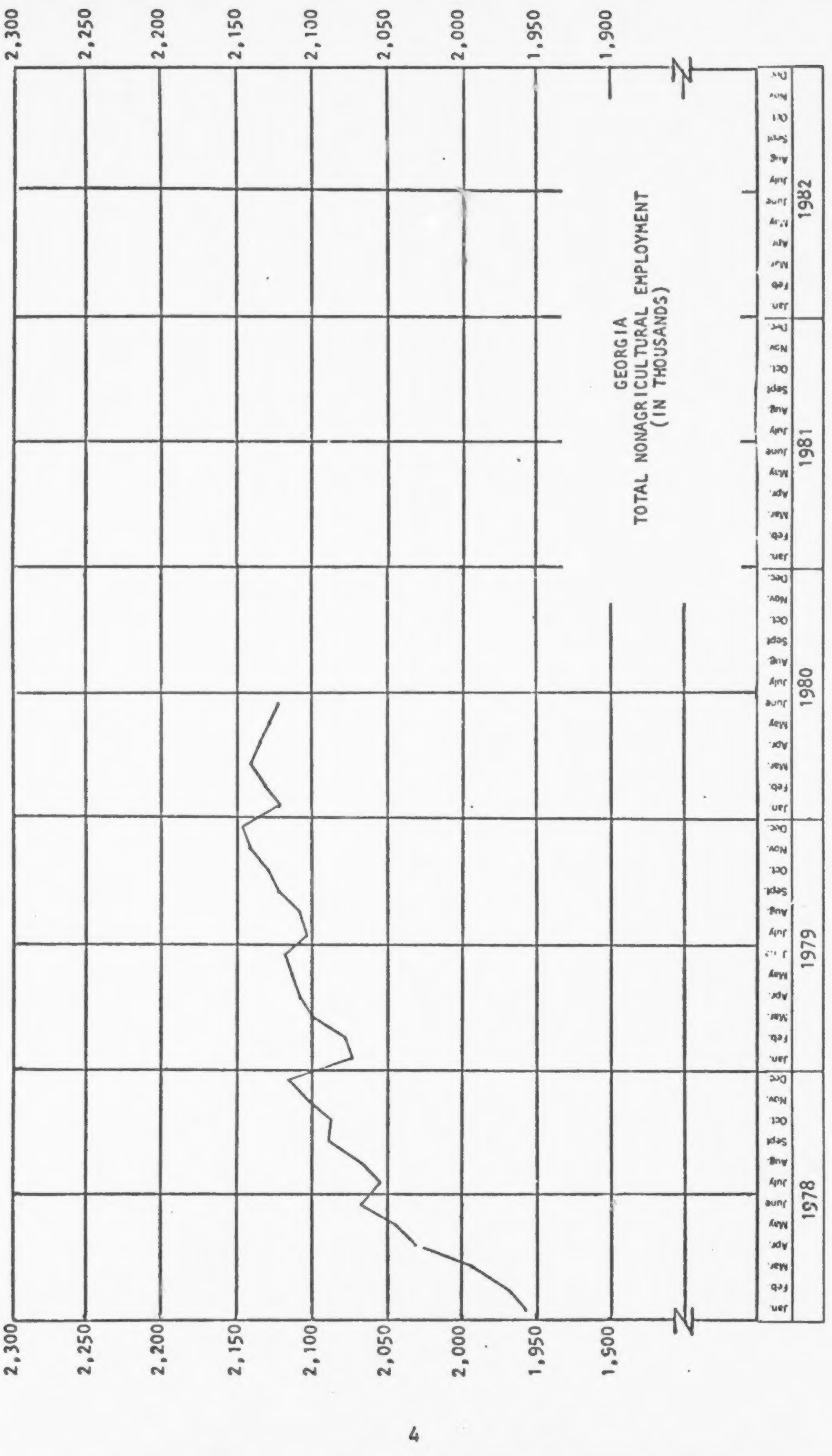
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,124.5	2,134.2	2,119.3	9.7-	5.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	509.4	515.7	529.0	6.3-	19.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.0	181.2	183.6	6.2-	8.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	28.7	29.2	31.4	.5-	2.7-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.0	15.0	16.1	.0	1.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.0	9.1	10.0	.1-	1.0-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.4	6.6	7.3	.2-	.9-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.1	18.1	18.3	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.5	16.5	.0	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.4	20.7	21.0	.3-	.6-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.1	22.4	21.4	.3-	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.1	19.6	19.2	.5-	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	30.0	34.6	34.0	4.6-	4.0-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.0	11.1	11.8	.1-	.8-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	334.4	334.5	345.3	.1-	10.9-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.1	56.6	58.7	1.5	.6-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.6	21.0	21.1	.6	.5
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.8	15.3	15.3	.5	.5
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	8.8	9.1	9.3	.3-	.5-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	114.5	116.3	123.3	1.8-	8.8-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	28.7	28.9	29.7	.2-	1.0-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.2	4.6	5.0	.4-	.8-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.4	9.1	8.6	.3	.8
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.4	29.7	33.6	.3-	4.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	22.8	23.5	25.8	.7-	3.0-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	76.0	75.2	74.9	.8	1.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	41.4	41.1	40.5	.3	.9
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.2	22.9	22.7	.3	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	28.2	27.9	28.2	.3	.0
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.6	13.2	13.8	.4	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.7	6.8	6.9	.1-	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.5	23.7	22.6	.2-	.9
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.2	8.3	7.8	.1-	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.4	16.6	16.6	.2-	.2-
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.7	2.8	2.6	.1-	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.6	.0	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	15.3	15.9	18.5	.6-	3.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,615.2	1,618.5	1,590.4	3.3-	24.8
MINING	100005	7.6	7.5	7.8	.1	.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	98.7	97.6	100.2	1.1	1.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.4	137.8	136.7	.4-	.7
TRANSPORTATION	500015	81.8	82.4	82.6	.6-	.8-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.2	35.2	34.3	.0	.9
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.3	20.2	19.8	.1	.5
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	498.2	499.7	491.6	1.5-	6.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.2	159.7	156.5	.5-	2.7
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.6	98.4	95.6	.2	3.0
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.6	61.3	60.9	.7-	.3-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.0	340.0	335.1	1.0-	3.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	109.2	108.7	107.2	.5	2.0
FINANCE	760025	46.8	46.5	45.8	.3	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.5	39.9	39.2	.4-	.3
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.9	22.4	22.1	.5	.8
SERVICES	800005	342.0	341.2	328.3	.8	13.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	422.0	426.0	418.8	4.0-	3.2
FEDERAL	998011	81.8	81.8	83.0	.0	1.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	340.2	344.2	335.8	4.0-	4.4

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	392.3	399.7	412.3	7.4-	20.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	130.7	137.1	140.0	6.4-	9.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	261.6	262.6	272.3	1.0-	10.7-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	41.2	40.3	42.1	.9	.9-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	98.1	99.4	105.4	1.3-	7.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	25.9	25.9	26.8	.0	.9-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.6	4.0	4.3	.4-	.7-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.5	7.1	.2	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	25.7	25.8	28.7	.1-	3.0-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	19.9	20.7	22.6	.8-	2.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	64.5	63.7	63.1	.8	1.4
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.8	35.5	35.1	.3	.7
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.8	18.5	18.5	.3	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.4	23.8	25.6	.4-	2.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.6	8.5	8.9	.1	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	22.1	21.8	22.1	.3	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.4	10.2	10.6	.2	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.8	9.9	10.0	.1-	.2-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	.2-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.7	14.6	14.6	.1	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.9	12.0	12.0	.1-	.1-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.0	16.4	17.1	.4-	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.0	15.5	14.7	.5-	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	11.9	12.3	12.5	.4-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.0	24.5	24.6	4.5-	4.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JUN 80			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JUN 80			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JUN 80		
		CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$223.04	$221.60	$205.52	39.9	39.5	39.6	$5.59	$5.61	$5.19
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$252.05	$251.30	$228.54	40.2	39.7	39.2	$6.27	$6.33	$5.83
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$208.95	$206.98	$193.83	39.8	39.5	39.8	$5.25	$5.24	$4.87
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$221.75	$220.04	$190.01	40.1	40.3	37.7	$5.53	$5.46	$5.04
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$190.28	$188.40	$186.92	40.4	40.0	42.1	$4.71	$4.71	$4.44
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$199.17	$201.23	$158.98	40.4	40.9	42.7	$4.93	$4.92	$4.66
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$231.97	$229.51	$209.15	44.1	43.8	44.5	$5.26	$5.24	$4.70
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$165.15	$168.06	$184.99	41.6	41.6	48.3	$3.97	$4.04	$3.83
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$177.18	$173.36	$176.61	39.2	38.1	40.6	$4.52	$4.55	$4.35
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$193.91	$186.90	$180.71	39.9	39.1	40.7	$4.86	$4.78	$4.44
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$148.43	$146.00	$136.50	37.2	36.5	36.4	$3.99	$4.00	$3.75
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$147.50	$145.75	$136.82	36.6	35.9	36.1	$4.03	$4.06	$3.79
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$146.67	$145.11	$126.34	37.9	37.4	33.6	$3.87	$3.88	$3.76
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$159.84	$160.95	$148.56	37.0	37.0	36.5	$4.32	$4.35	$4.07
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$181.76	$184.77	$162.96	35.5	36.3	33.6	$5.12	$5.09	$4.85
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$349.43	$347.78	$323.18	41.5	41.8	41.7	$8.42	$8.32	$7.75
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$407.25	$400.51	$371.96	45.2	44.8	44.6	$9.01	$8.94	$8.34
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$286.45	$282.51	$261.66	43.6	43.0	42.0	$6.57	$6.57	$6.23
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$141.37	$138.38	$165.39	37.9	37.3	47.8	$3.73	$3.71	$3.46
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$261.60	$258.39	$236.72	44.0	43.5	44.0	$5.95	$5.94	$5.38
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$281.64	$278.52	$292.45	39.5	38.9	42.2	$7.13	$7.16	$6.93
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$251.43	$243.04	$226.37	40.1	39.2	39.3	$6.27	$6.20	$5.76
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$279.93	$273.65	$218.48	43.0	42.1	37.8	$6.51	$6.50	$5.78
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$250.62	$245.78	$247.70	41.7	41.8	45.2	$6.01	$5.88	$5.48
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$371.87	$364.56	$314.27	39.9	39.2	36.8	$9.32	$9.30	$8.54

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUN 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= JUN 80 PREV MO= MAY 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUN 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.1	4.4	2.6	2.4	3.6	.4	.4	.4	3.4	4.0	3.8	1.8	2.1	2.5	.8	1.0	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.5	2.2	3.5	1.9	1.7	2.7	.4	.3	.5	2.3	3.5	3.1	1.0	1.4	1.8	.7	1.3	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.6	3.5	4.8	2.9	2.7	4.1	.4	.5	.4	3.8	4.1	4.1	2.1	2.4	2.9	.8	.9	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	7.5	5.5	6.3	5.8	4.0	3.4	.3	.6	.3	6.2	5.8	5.1	3.6	3.7	3.3	1.2	.7	.3
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.6	2.9	4.7	2.3	2.4	4.1	.1	.2	.2	3.4	3.5	4.1	1.8	2.0	3.1	.7	.6	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	2.6	3.7	4.6	2.2	2.8	3.9	.1	.3	.2	3.6	4.2	4.9	2.4	2.9	3.5	.1	.1	.0
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.9	3.5	5.9	2.5	3.0	5.5	.1	.2	.1	3.6	2.9	4.8	2.1	2.2	3.6	.3	.1	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.7	6.3	4.2	6.4	5.9	3.3	.3	.2	.7	4.5	4.2	4.6	2.6	2.7	3.5	.2	.1	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	.6	1.3	5.2	.6	1.0	4.9	.1	.3	.2	2.6	3.3	3.6	.9	1.2	3.1	1.0	1.7	.0
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.1	3.0	4.3	2.8	2.7	3.5	.1	.1	.1	3.0	3.0	3.3	1.8	2.0	2.3	.4	.1	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	3.6	4.5	4.9	3.0	3.6	4.1	.5	.8	.6	4.0	4.3	5.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	.8	.4	.5
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.3	4.1	5.1	2.8	3.5	4.1	.4	.6	.8	3.5	4.2	5.3	2.9	3.3	4.0	.1	.2	.2
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	4.0	5.0	4.3	3.1	4.0	3.4	.8	.8	.6	4.8	4.8	4.8	2.5	3.5	3.1	1.9	.7	1.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	4.5	4.8	4.4	3.4	3.7	3.9	1.1	1.0	.5	5.1	8.7	5.4	2.9	3.6	3.4	1.3	4.0	.9
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.3	2.7	3.8	3.3	2.5	3.6	1.0	.2	.1	6.3	6.4	3.4	3.9	2.2	2.3	1.3	.2	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.8	1.8	3.3	2.3	1.1	2.3	1.3	.6	.8	2.1	1.9	1.6	.6	.6	.7	.8	.7	.3
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	4.1	2.0	3.5	1.6	1.0	1.7	2.5	1.0	1.4	1.3	1.9	.7	.4	.5	.3	.7	.7	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.8	1.5	3.2	1.5	.9	2.8	.2	.5	.2	3.5	1.4	2.8	.8	.7	1.2	1.9	.4	.9
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	1.5	3.5	5.4	1.4	2.1	4.4	.1	1.3	.9	3.2	4.1	3.6	1.9	1.8	2.2	1.0	1.8	.6
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.3	2.0	2.8	1.9	1.2	2.3	.1	.4	.1	2.6	3.0	2.3	1.0	1.3	1.4	.7	.9	.3
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	4.8	7.2	9.9	4.7	7.0	9.0	.2	.2	.8	6.6	14.2	7.2	3.9	4.0	4.4	.7	8.7	.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.6	3.2	6.3	2.4	2.5	5.4	1.5	.2	.6	2.2	6.1	6.1	.7	2.8	3.7	.2	1.6	.8
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.2	2.0	.9	.9	1.7	.1	.1	.1	1.3	2.2	1.1	.6	.7	.6	.1	.7	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.2	2.4	3.6	1.9	1.9	3.1	.2	.4	.3	2.5	3.1	3.6	1.4	1.5	1.9	.5	.9	1.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.8	1.2	3.9	1.6	1.0	3.2	.2	.1	.6	3.7	2.7	3.0	.8	1.3	1.7	2.6	.7	.2
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.6	2.6	3.5	2.3	2.4	2.0	.1	.0	1.3	2.4	2.5	3.0	1.2	1.1	1.6	.7	.7	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.4	1.2	1.8	1.4	.8	.9	.6	.2	.4	.7	3.3	1.4	.3	.6	.6	.1	2.5	.4

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

JUNE NONFARM EMPLOYMENT DOWN 14,300 IN THE ATLANTA AREA

Nonfarm employment for June in the Atlanta area declined 14,300 from May and 3,400 over the year to an estimated 929,500. The monthly drop was shared equally by the manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. Among the major industry divisions, only construction and finance, insurance and real estate exhibited gains over the month. Over the year, trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and service industries increased employment.

During the month, durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries experienced losses. Transportation equipment in the durable goods sector accounted for 65 percent of the decline with the shutdown of one automobile assembly plant and a partial layoff in another plant.

In nonmanufacturing during June, trade, services, and government recorded sizable losses. Declines in wholesale nondurable goods and in retail department stores, food stores and miscellaneous retail stores contributed to the loss in trade. Reduced employment in membership organizations lowered services, and the seasonal layoffs in state and local education lowered government employment.

DEKALB COUNTY LOOKS AHEAD TO THE 1980'S

Despite the mid-70's recession, DeKalb County has experienced heavy development of all types in the past ten years. The changes were not as dramatic, particularly in the residential areas, as those during the "boom" years of the 60's. However, the 70's brought strong new growth in industrial, commercial and office areas.

Mr. Ridley Howard, Director of Economic Development for the DeKalb Chamber of Commerce, says heavy industrial and other growth will occur in the south and east portions of the county, not the north, as has been the case in the past twenty to thirty years. He said the county is already well into the trend by pointing to the recent plant locations in the southeast portion of DeKalb by Pet Milk, Davison's, Marshall's, Gates Rubber Company and others.

"The northern portion of the county is predominantly developed," Howard said. "Some land there is available, but there are few large tracts suitable for industrial development. . . In south DeKalb, particularly in the I-20 corridor, the county has the land, and the services are available." He said, "Companies are finding the south portion of the county attractive because of the land costs, the labor supply and the transportation advantages."

Howard sees a good development decade ahead for DeKalb, largely because the southeast U.S. is the fastest-growing area of the country and Atlanta is the hub of this activity. DeKalb can always compete for distribution facilities because of the excellent transportation situation in the Atlanta area. It will continue to compete for the light manufacturing and high technology industry because those types of companies are attracted to a metro area like Atlanta and to institutions like Georgia Tech.

DeKalb has been a leader in suburban office parks, and Howard expects that trend to continue over the next decade. DeKalb will get its share of national and regional headquarters, he said. The expansion of Hartsfield Airport will help because it provides such good air transportation to almost any place in the U.S. and to Europe *(DeKalb News/Sun*, July 23, 1980.)

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	929.5	943.8	932.9	14.3-	3.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	133.8	141.2	141.0	7.4-	7.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	64.8	70.8	69.4	6.0-	4.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.4	3.5	3.3	.1-	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.7	3.0	3.6	.3-	.9-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.5	1.8	2.2	.3-	.7-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.1	7.1	7.2	.0	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.1	5.2	4.9	.1-	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.3	7.3	8.3	.0	1.0-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.3	6.7	6.7	.4-	.4-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.8	10.0	9.0	.2-	.8
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.1	24.9	23.2	4.8-	3.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.1	3.0	3.3	.1	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	69.0	70.4	71.5	1.4-	2.5-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	17.6	18.5	19.2	.9-	1.6-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.0	5.3	5.1	.3-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.8	3.0	3.5	.2-	.7-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.1	7.1	7.5	.0	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.8	3.8	4.1	.0	.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.0	10.1	10.2	.1-	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.1	4.2	4.6	.1-	.5-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.8	3.3	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	8.0	7.8	.1-	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.2	4.2	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.9	15.0	14.1	.1-	.8
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.3	6.4	5.8	.1-	.5
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.6	6.6	6.9	.0	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.9	5.2	5.8	.3-	.9-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	795.6	802.6	792.0	7.0-	3.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	39.3	38.5	41.9	.8	2.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.4	85.5	85.8	.1-	.4-
TRANSPORTATION	500015	55.9	56.0	57.4	.1-	1.5-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	257.9	260.1	256.2	2.2-	1.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	106.1	107.1	100.6	1.0-	5.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	73.0	72.9	67.6	.1	5.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.1	34.3	32.9	1.2-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	151.7	153.0	155.6	1.3-	3.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	64.4	64.3	64.3	.1	.1
FINANCE	760025	23.9	23.8	23.2	.1	.7
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763065	25.2	25.5	24.9	.3-	.3
SERVICES	800055	192.8	194.8	187.9	2.0-	4.9
GOVERNMENT	998008	155.9	159.4	156.0	3.5-	.1-
FEDERAL	998011	30.4	30.6	32.0	.2-	1.6-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	125.5	128.9	124.0	3.4-	1.5

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	90.9	97.7	99.2	6.8-	8.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	43.3	49.2	49.8	5.9-	6.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	47.6	48.4	49.4	.8-	1.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.7	11.2	11.6	.5-	.9-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.0	5.9	6.5	.1	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.2	8.3	.1	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.5	.0	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.8	2.9	2.8	.1-	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.3	3.0	.0	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	6.1	5.9	.1-	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	3.0	3.0	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.2	3.3	3.6	.1-	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	5.3	6.4	.1-	1.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.8	4.3	4.4	.5-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	12.8	17.7	16.6	4.9-	3.8-

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$258.45	$259.39	$234.22	39.1	38.6	37.9	$6.61	$6.72	$6.18
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$291.69	$296.06	$269.35	39.1	38.6	38.7	$7.46	$7.67	$6.96
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$227.95	$221.76	$199.39	39.1	38.5	37.2	$5.83	$5.76	$5.36
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$190.62	$198.72	$174.06	34.1	36.8	34.4	$5.59	$5.40	$5.06
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$207.10	$176.15	$168.28	42.7	37.4	37.9	$4.85	$4.71	$4.44
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$158.59	$154.22	$147.62	33.6	32.4	35.4	$4.72	$4.76	$4.17
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$153.40	$149.94	$135.79	32.5	31.5	33.2	$4.72	$4.76	$4.09
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$167.50	$162.83	$162.87	33.5	32.5	36.6	$5.00	$5.01	$4.45
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$155.35	$178.87	$144.42	36.9	38.8	34.8	$4.21	$4.61	$4.15
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$231.73	$235.99	$177.67	40.3	40.9	32.6	$5.75	$5.77	$5.45
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$294.80	$307.58	$276.05	43.1	45.5	41.7	$6.84	$6.76	$6.62
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$275.01	$284.76	$271.30	39.4	42.0	43.2	$6.98	$6.78	$6.28
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$240.12	$233.63	$227.77	39.3	38.3	40.6	$6.11	$6.10	$5.61
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$245.74	$243.82	$254.44	39.7	39.2	46.6	$6.19	$6.22	$5.46
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$357.28	$359.84	$372.24	41.4	41.6	44.0	$8.63	$8.65	$8.46
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$242.54	$244.19	$220.80	35.1	34.2	34.5	$6.91	$7.14	$6.40
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$250.51	$240.79	$212.91	41.0	39.8	39.5	$6.11	$6.05	$5.39
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$394.16	$382.33	$344.99	37.9	37.3	36.2	$10.40	$10.25	$9.53

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUN 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= JUN 80 PREV MO= MAY 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUN 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.2	2.9	4.0	2.6	2.4	3.5	.4	.4	.3	3.0	3.3	3.6	1.6	1.6	2.1	.6	1.0	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.0	2.6	3.3	2.3	2.1	2.7	.3	.2	.3	2.7	3.2	3.2	1.6	1.5	1.6	.3	1.1	.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.6	3.4	4.9	2.9	2.6	4.4	.5	.6	.3	3.5	3.4	4.2	1.6	1.8	2.7	.9	.9	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.2	2.0	3.4	3.1	1.2	2.9	.9	.6	.4	4.2	2.5	3.2	1.2	.6	1.3	2.4	1.2	.8
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.8	4.3	5.9	2.4	3.7	5.0	.3	.3	.2	3.4	4.2	6.5	2.6	3.0	5.1	.1	.3	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.8	6.1	4.9	5.5	5.1	4.2	.3	1.0	.2	8.1	5.9	4.5	4.4	4.1	2.4	3.3	1.0	.9
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	12.7	19.9	3.1	9.3	18.9	2.9	3.4	.8	.2	20.8	18.0	2.5	12.2	11.9	1.7	3.8	.3	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.8	2.3	3.4	2.4	1.9	3.1	.1	.3	.2	2.6	1.7	3.0	1.3	1.0	1.6	.1	.0	.8
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.8	4.0	4.3	1.6	2.7	3.8	.1	1.2	.5	1.7	2.9	3.1	1.3	1.6	1.7	.1	.6	.4
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.7	2.7	3.8	3.1	2.4	3.3	.2	.1	.1	3.3	3.1	3.7	1.4	1.8	2.8	.8	.2	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.9	.8	1.9	.8	.6	1.8	.0	.0	.0	1.0	1.5	.9	.3	.5	.4	.1	.6	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.0	1.9	3.5	1.5	1.3	3.4	.1	.5	.0	1.7	2.7	3.9	.9	1.4	2.5	.2	.6	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.2	1.1	1.6	1.5	.7	1.0	.0	.1	.1	.3	2.3	.9	.2	.6	.4	.0	1.5	.3

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY REFLECTS SCATTERED GAINS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was estimated at 45,900 in June. This estimate was up 300 from the previous month and up 1,800 from one year ago. Scattered gains were recorded in the nonmanufacturing division over the month, with some losses in manufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 10,800, was down 300 over the month and up 300 for the year. Losses were recorded in nondurable goods as well as in metals and machinery for the month. Yearly gains were primarily in the nondurable goods segment.

Contract construction, at 3,600, was up 200 for the month and showed a decline of 800 over the year. More gains are expected during the remaining summer months. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged over the month and up 200 for the year. Trade, at 10,100, was also unchanged over the month wile showing an increment of 600 for the year. The finance, insurance and real estate division, at 2,400, gained 100 over the month and was up 500 annually. Services, at 6,600 was up 100 for the month and 400 annually. A gain of 100 was also recorded in the state and local government segment for the month.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176

DECREASE IN AUGUSTA DUE TO CUTBACKS

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 120,700, a decrease of 700 jobs. Losses in manufacturing, construction, government, and services and mining accounted for the decline. Gains were recorded in finance, insurance and real estate. Over the year, no change was recorded as usual growth was stagnated by the current recession. Losses sustained in manufacturing and construction were nullified by gains in government, trade, services and mining, and finance, insurance and real estate.

Manufacturing, at 36,000, declined 200 over the month. A loss of 300 in stone, clay and glass was attributable to less business in refractories and glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery dropped 100, resulting mostly from less activity in lawn and garden equipment. "Other durable goods" was down 100, with less activity in transportation equipment, primarily. Textile mill products was up 200, with more activity in broad woven goods, while "other nondurable goods" rose 200, resulting from increased activity in chemicals manufacturing.

Annually, manufacturing lost 600 jobs. Stone, clay and glass dropped 500, triggered by decreased activity in refractories and glass. Metals and machinery declined 100, with less business through most of the division. "Other durable goods" slid downward 100, precipitated by less activity in transportation equipment. Food dropped 100 with scattered declines. Apparel followed suit.

Construction, estimated at 5,700, declined 200 over the month, triggered by less business in heavy building construction, primarily. This division dropped 800 over the year as several projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 22,800, recorded no change over the month but rose 300 over the year, precipitated by the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,700, climbed 100 over the month and over the year, primarily because of increased activity among banks. Services and mining, at 16,100, declined 200 over the month, mostly due to less business in hospitals and protective services. This division recorded an increment of 200 over the year resulting from the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,100, was down 100 over the month, with less activity in public education, local government and state colleges. This division rose 800 over the year, with increases in both the federal sector and the state and local subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Employment will likely increase moderately in construction as new projects are started during the remainder of this year. Manufacturing will decrease slightly as further contractions are effected. Government will decrease as technical services drop employees from the payroll, and services will increase due to a contractual agreement to supply supportive services to the military installation. These include automotive repair, electronic and electrical repair, and several other support-type services which previously have been provided by personnel on the federal government payroll. Overall, no real growth is anticipated prior to the second quarter of 1981..

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

NONMANUFACTURING UPS COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT 200

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in Columbus totaled 83,300 in June, an increase of 200 from the previous month's estimate. Nonmanufacturing employment was responsible for the net gain. The level was up 800 from last June primarily due to gains in nonmanufacturing employment.

Manufacturing employment remained constant over the month, with losses in textile mill products and in the "other durable goods" group overtaking gains made in metals and machinery, in lumber and wood products, and in printing, publishing and allied industries.

Nonmanufacturing employment totaled 61,400 in June, an increase of 100 from May and a gain of 600 from one year ago. Gains in service and miscellaneous industries and in state and local government were credited with the increase.

Contract construction, at 4,000, increased 200 from May and declined by 200 from June 1979. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services remained constant for both periods of reference. Trade employment dropped 200 from last month due to less business in the retail sector and dropped 1,200 from one year ago primarily in the retail sector due to cuts in employment throughout the industry. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant from last month and a year earlier. Services and miscellaneous employment increased 100 workers for both periods of reference. Government employment remained the same from May and revealed a gain of 1,900 from one year ago due to an increase in state and local government.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

NO CHANGE IN MACON FROM LAST MONTH

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,300 in June. The current preliminary estimate is unchanged from May and down 1,600 from June 1979. During the month, manufacturing was unchanged, with durable goods and nondurable goods remaining stable. A seasonal increase in food products was offset by a decline in textiles. Nonmanufacturing rose 100, with a gain in trade being partially offset by a decrease in government. Construction; transportation, communications, electric and sanitary services; finance, insurance and real estate; and services were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing dropped 300, with losses in durable goods and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing recorded a loss of 1,200, with decreases in construction; transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and government.

Manufacturing, at 15,700, was unchanged from last month and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was stable, with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods registered a loss of 100, with a gain in food being partially offset by a drop in textiles. Apparel, paper, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged. Annually, durable goods fell 100, with decreases in lumber and wood and stone, clay and glass. "Other durable goods" advanced, with nonelectrical machinery remaining unchanged. Nondurable goods declined 300, with losses in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by an increase in apparel. Food and chemicals were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was unchanged from May and down 600 from a year ago. Annually, general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction suffered declines. High interest rates on homes and apartments greatly reduced the number of new starts in residential building. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,800, was unchanged during the month and down 100 from 1979. Most of the annual decline was in transportation. Trade, at 20,000, was up 300 from May and down 300 from June 1979. Most of the changes in all reporting periods occurred in retail businesses. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual decrease was in finance. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from May and up 400 from a year ago. Most of the annual increase was in private education and covered services. Government, at 28,800, was down 200 from last month and down 500 from June 1979. During the month, the federal segment was unchanged, and the state and local segment declined 200. Annually, the federal segment advanced 300, and the state and local segment fell 800. Most of the decline in the state and local segment was due to a cutback in federally funded CETA positions.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT CONTINUES DECLINE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA continued to gradually decline. Over the month, estimated employment declined about 200; however, all of the loss appears to have occurred in the nonmanufacturing sector. The year-ago figures reflected fairly well the national trends. The loss estimated in the Savannah SMSA over the year was approximately 3,000. With the exception of chemicals, wholesale trade, and services, all sectors experienced losses over the year.

The economic outlook for the Savannah SMSA does not appear to be favorable. Continued employment losses can be expected, at least until October. Several large projects are in the works (hotel, gasoline refinery); however, these projects appear to be keeping things from getting worse. Although the interest rate has come down somewhat, construction continues to lag behind. Retail sales is falling behind as inflation continues to push ahead. About the only favorable thing that can be said about the figures is that the rate of decline has slowed down.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.9	45.6	44.1	.3	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	10.8	11.1	10.5	.3-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	.9	1.0	.9	.1-	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	8.8	9.1	8.5	.3-	.3
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.8	.0	.5
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.3	4.6	4.5	.3-	.2-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	35.1	34.5	33.6	.6	1.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	3.4	4.4	.2	.8-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.1	9.5	.0	.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.4	3.5	3.0	.1-	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.7	6.6	6.6	.1	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.4	2.3	1.9	.1	.5
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.6	6.5	6.2	.1	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.2	10.1	9.7	.1	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.4	7.3	6.9	.1	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	120.7	121.4	120.7	.7-	.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.0	36.2	36.6	.2-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	8.7	9.3	9.6	.6-	.9-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.2	3.5	3.7	.3-	.5-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.3	2.4	2.4	.1-	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.6	2.7	2.7	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	27.3	26.9	27.0	.4	.3
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.5	10.3	10.5	.2	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.7	.7	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.9	10.7	10.4	.2	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.7	85.2	84.2	.5-	.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	5.7	5.9	6.5	.2-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.8	22.8	22.5	.0	.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.5	4.2	.1-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.3	18.4	18.3	.1-	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.7	4.6	4.6	.1	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.1	16.3	15.9	.2-	.2
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.1	31.2	30.3	.1-	.8
FEDERAL	998011	7.1	7.0	6.6	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.0	24.1	23.8	.1-	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

• • Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.3	83.1	82.5	.2	.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.8	21.8	21.7	.0	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.1	5.9	6.0	.2	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.6	.7	.1	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.6	4.5	.1	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.3	.3	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.9	15.8	.1-	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.2	9.3	9.2	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.2	1.1	.8	.1	.4
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.4	61.3	60.8	.1	.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.0	3.8	4.2	.2	.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.4	16.6	17.6	.2-	1.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	13.9	14.1	15.0	.2-	1.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	7C0005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.5	11.4	11.4	.1	.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.8	20.8	18.9	.0	1.9
FEDERAL	998011	5.7	5.6	5.8	.1	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	15.1	15.1	13.1	.0	2.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.3	95.3	96.9	.0	1.6-
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.7	15.7	16.0	.0	.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.9	4.9	5.0	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.3	1.5	.1	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.7	10.8	11.0	.1-	.3-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	2.7	2.8	.1	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.5	1.7	1.7	.2-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.7	79.6	80.9	.1	1.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.1	4.7	.0	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.8	4.8	4.9	.0	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.0	19.7	20.3	.3	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	16.0	.0	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.8	29.0	29.3	.2-	.5-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	16.0	15.7	.0	.3
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.8	13.0	13.6	.2-	.8-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.5	83.7	86.5	.2-	3.0-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.0	16.9	.1	.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	5.9	6.5	.0	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	.2-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.5	.7	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.1	10.4	.2	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	4.6	5.0	.2	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	1.0	.9	.1-	[illegible]
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.4	67.7	69.6	.3-	2.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.4	5.3	.1-	1.0-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.4	8.6	8.8	.2-	.4-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.3	19.9	.0	.6-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.9	14.9	15.5	.0	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.7	15.7	15.2	.0	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.6	15.7	16.3	.1-	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.2	13.2	13.8	.0	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.5	12.4	.1	.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.5	5.1	.0	.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.0	7.3	.1	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	1.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.5	3.8	.1	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.2	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$301.08	$294.67	$277.95	41.3	40.7	40.4	$7.29	$7.24	$6.88
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$282.29	$276.11	$212.38	40.5	39.9	34.2	$6.97	$6.92	$6.21
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$313.08	$306.53	$323.63	41.8	41.2	44.7	$7.49	$7.44	$7.24
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$181.34	$176.80	$182.91	37.7	37.3	39.0	$4.81	$4.74	$4.69
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$368.07	$366.77	$381.51	43.1	43.2	45.8	$8.54	$8.49	$8.33
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$292.81	$270.76	$256.03	43.9	41.4	40.9	$6.67	$6.54	$6.26
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$347.42	$334.11	$290.63	43.7	42.4	41.4	$7.95	$7.88	$7.02

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Revised May 1980	June 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,428,348	2,406,231	2,350,596	22,117	77,752
Employed	2,243,773	2,251,894	2,223,763	-8,121	20,010
Unemployed	184,575	154,337	126,833	30,238	57,742
Rate	7.6	6.4	5.4	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,606	51,724	49,087	882	3,519
Employed	48,054	47,784	45,949	270	2,105
Unemployed	4,552	3,940	3,138	612	1,414
Rate	8.7	7.6	6.4	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	963,958	965,355	942,942	-1,397	21,016
Employed	900,042	912,861	895,756	-12,819	4,286
Unemployed	63,916	52,494	47,186	11,422	16,730
Rate	6.6	5.4	5.0	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	122,082	121,341	122,168	741	-86
Employed	113,368	113,723	114,610	-355	-1,242
Unemployed	8,714	7,618	7,558	1,096	1,156
Rate	7.1	6.3	6.2	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,422	86,936	85,815	486	1,607
Employed	80,314	80,274	79,558	40	756
Unemployed	7,108	6,662	6,257	446	851
Rate	8.1	7.7	7.3	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,707	99,440	98,971	-733	-264
Employed	92,274	93,753	93,238	-1,479	-964
Unemployed	6,433	5,687	5,733	746	700
Rate	6.5	5.7	5.8	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,950	87,530	88,892	420	-942
Employed	81,349	81,469	83,571	-120	-2,222
Unemployed	6,601	6,061	5,321	540	1,280
Rate	7.5	6.9	6.0	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

By Place of Residence

Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Revised May 1980	June 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	122,082	121,341	122,168	741	-86
Employed	113,368	113,723	114,610	-355	-1,242
Unemployed	8,714	7,618	7,558	1,096	1,156
Rate	7.1	6.3	6.2	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	82,083	81,679	81,079	404	1,004
Employed	76,542	76,802	75,975	-260	567
Unemployed	5,541	4,877	5,104	664	437
Rate	6.8	6.0	6.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,999	39,662	41,089	337	-1,090
Employed	36,826	36,921	38,635	-95	-1,809
Unemployed	3,173	2,741	2,454	432	719
Rate	7.9	6.9	6.0	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

By Place of Residence

Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Revised May 1980	June 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,422	86,936	85,815	486	1,607
Employed	80,314	80,274	79,558	40	756
Unemployed	7,108	6,662	6,257	446	851
Rate	8.1	7.7	7.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,747	69,354	68,109	393	1,638
Employed	64,317	64,240	63,396	77	921
Unemployed	5,430	5,114	4,713	316	717
Rate	7.8	7.4	6.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,675	17,582	17,706	93	-31
Employed	15,997	16,034	16,162	-37	-165
Unemployed	1,678	1,548	1,544	130	134
Rate	9.5	8.8	8.7	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Revised May 1980	June 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,428,348	2,406,231	2,350,596	22,117	77,752
Employed	2,243,773	2,251,894	2,223,763	-8,121	20,010
Unemployed	184,575	154,337	126,833	30,238	57,742
Rate	7.6	6.4	5.4	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,405,159	1,404,833	1,376,398	326	28,761
Employed	1,307,191	1,321,404	1,302,604	-14,213	4,587
Unemployed	97,968	83,429	73,794	14,539	24,174
Rate	7.0	5.9	5.4	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,023,189	1,001,398	974,198	21,791	48,991
Employed	936,582	930,490	921,159	6,092	15,423
Unemployed	86,607	70,908	53,039	15,699	33,568
Rate	8.5	7.1	5.4	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

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10/2/80

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **AUGUST 1980** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(July Data)

EFFECTS OF THE RECESSION ON THE GEORGIA ECONOMY

According to Michael K. Evans of Evans Economics, Incorporated, the Midwest and Southeast will be hardest hit by the recession. Ordinarily, the Southeast is not seriously affected by a recession; however, this time is worse because of sharp declines in housing starts and lagging purchases of furniture and clothing. In Georgia, the business sectors reacted differently to the present economy.

Construction on a national scale has been relatively slow. In contrast, Atlanta's construction activity has been strong. Based upon statistics from F. W. Dodge Division of McGraw-Hill Company, "metro Atlanta's six-month non-residential building contracts were 41 percent ahead of the same period last year, while Georgia's non-residential building contracts were 27 precent above last year's level" (*Atlanta Constitution*, August 3, 1980). Residential construction reflected an 11 percent gain over last July in permits for single-family houses in metro Atlanta. The most active areas for residential construction are Gwinnett and Cobb Counties, accounting for more than half of all permits issued this year.

Two sectors of Georgia business that have helped curb recessionary effects are high-technology businesses and conventions. They both offer ways to improve productivity. High-technology firms provide products such as computers that improve efficiency and productivity and conventions provide a place for a salesman to make sales without travelling to many different areas, so his company saves on travel expenses. Many conventions are booked as much as seven years in advance.

Even the ailing auto industry is getting a boost in Georgia. General Motor's Doraville and Lakewood plants are under expansion to change production to smaller cars. The 230,000 square-foot addition to the Doraville plant is expected to be completed in early 1981. At its Hapeville plant, Ford Motor Company is retooling for production of a smaller Granada and Cougar, which will replace the Monarch.

Some of Georgia's traditionally strong industries have not fared so well. Carpeting manufacturers have been forced to lay off a total of 4,200 since the first of the year and textile mills have laid off a total of 8,800. Carpeting was assisted by sales to 48 foreign countries. The sales were attributed to the International Carpet Mart held at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart.

Soft drink companies also suffered some losses. This was due to the increased price of sugar. Sugar was up as much as 50 percent from last year, causing bottlers to pass on the increment to retail sales. This incurred some consumer resistance to buying despite the unusually hot weather.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Even though the nation and the Southeast continue to feel the effects of the recession, Georgia seems to hold its business economy at a relatively stable level. As long as inventories do not build and housing is not overproduced, Georgia should not suffer any permanently damaging setbacks.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

SAVANNAH HARBOR TO BE ENLARGED

Kings Island Turning Basin in Savannah will be enlarged, allowing ships to turn around in Savannah River Harbor. Federal funds totaling $9.8 million have been allocated for this project. Presently, about 30 ships per month are hindered in their harbor movements. The plans include lengthening the basin from 1,000 to 1,600 feet, widening it from 950 to 1,500 feet, and deepening the channel to 38 feet.

HOTEL - OFFICE COMPLEX FOR DOWNTOWN ATLANTA

Construction of the $250 million hotel-office complex designed by John Portman is scheduled to begin next year with completion projected to be mid 1983. The complex will include a 1,500-room, 47-story convention hotel and two 27-story office towers on the block bounded by Ivy, Baker, Courtland, and Harris Streets -- the previous site of St. Joseph's Hospital.

ATLANTA GALLERIA TO BE BUILT BESIDE CUMBERLAND MALL

Construction for the $150 million Atlanta Galleria is slated to start in the fall. The hotel-office-mall complex will be built adjacent to Cumberland Mall and will include three office buildings containing two million square feet of space, a shopping mall with 250,000 square feet of space, and a 13-story, 531-room hotel.

MACON PLANT TO DISCONTINUE PORTION OF MANUFACTURING

Macon-based Bibb Company has closed sections of the Osprey Plant in Porterdale. The plant will no longer manufacture spun yarn. The shutdown affects about 500 employees.

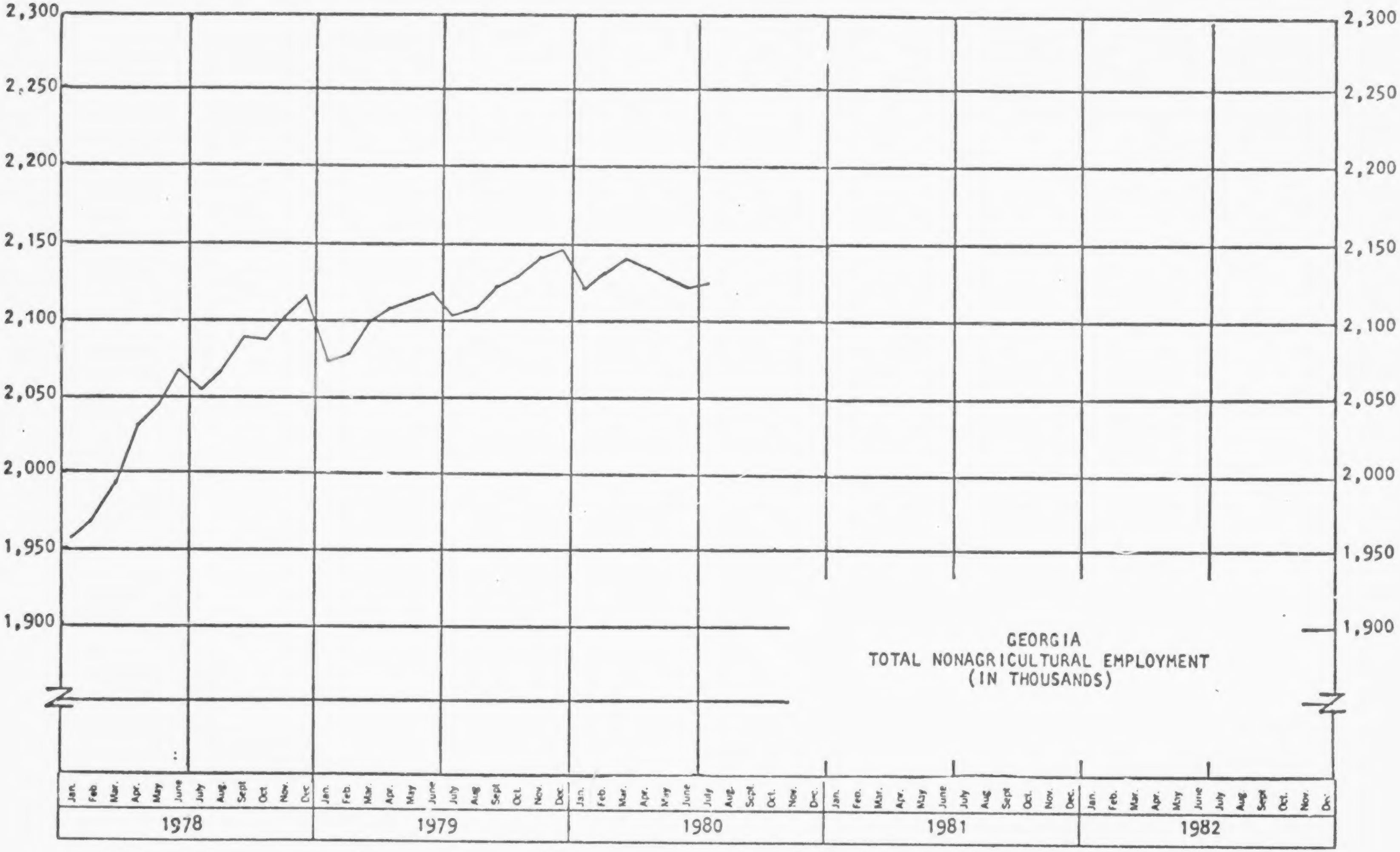
PLANS ANNOUNCED FOR HOTEL AT LENOX SQUARE

Corporate Properties Investors of New York, owners of Lenox Square, announced plans to build a $30 million, 20-30 story, 500-room hotel. It will be located beside the shopping center's Plaza Court section. Completion is estimated to be in 1983.

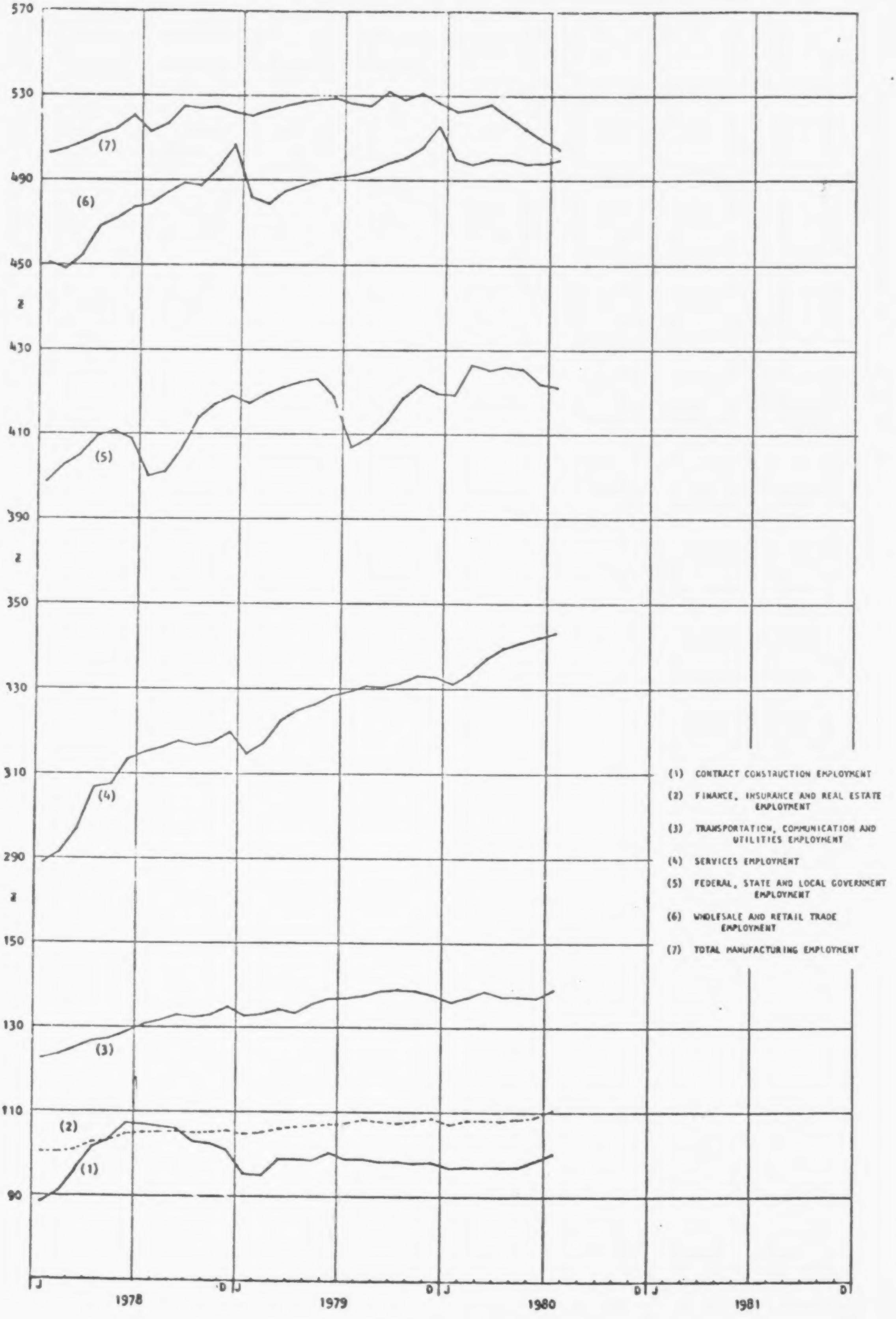
TAIWANESE COMPANY TO BUILD PLANT IN COBB

Tatung Company, a Taiwan-based manufacturer of consumer electronics, appliances and heavy electrical equipment, will build a color television plant and open an electric fan facility in Cobb County. The fans will be manufactured in a leased facility. The site for the television factory has not been determined, but once opened, will employ 200-250 people. The move is the result of a government limit on color television imports.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,125.8	2,127.1	2,106.0	1.3-	19.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	503.7	509.1	526.4	5.4-	22.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.7	175.3	183.3	.4	7.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	28.9	28.9	31.2	.0	2.3-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.1	15.2	16.0	.1-	.9-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.7	8.8	10.0	.1-	1.3-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.3	6.3	7.3	.0	1.0-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.0	18.2	18.3	.2-	.3-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.1	16.4	16.5	.3-	.4-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.0	20.4	21.0	.4-	1.0-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	21.4	22.1	21.4	.7-	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.3	19.5	19.0	.2-	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.6	30.0	33.9	2.6	1.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	10.7	10.9	11.9	.2-	1.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	328.0	333.8	343.2	5.8-	15.2-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.5	58.0	58.8	.5	.3-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.7	21.6	21.0	.1	.7
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.9	15.8	15.2	.1	.7
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.2	8.8	9.1	.4	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	111.4	114.4	122.8	3.0-	11.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	28.1	28.7	29.3	.6-	1.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.3	4.2	5.0	.1	.7-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.3	9.3	8.6	.0	.7
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.0	29.4	33.7	.4-	4.7-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.3	22.7	25.6	1.4-	4.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	74.3	75.8	74.0	1.5-	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.6	41.2	40.0	.6-	.6
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.8	23.1	22.7	.3-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.9	28.1	28.1	.2-	.2-
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.7	13.6	13.9	.1	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.6	6.6	6.6	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.0	23.5	22.8	.5-	.2
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.1	8.2	7.9	.1-	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.1	16.4	16.4	.3-	.3-
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.6	2.7	2.5	.1-	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	14.5	15.2	17.8	.7-	3.3-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,622.1	1,618.0	1,579.6	4.1	42.5
MINING	100005	7.6	7.6	7.6	.0	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	100.2	99.2	98.9	1.0	1.3
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	139.0	137.7	136.7	1.3	2.3
TRANSPORTATION	500015	83.1	82.0	82.6	1.1	.5
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.5	35.4	34.4	.1	1.1
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.4	20.3	19.7	.1	.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	500.2	498.7	492.2	1.5	8.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.7	159.2	157.1	.5	2.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.8	98.6	96.5	.2	2.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.9	60.6	60.5	.3	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	340.5	339.5	335.1	1.0	5.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	110.3	109.3	107.6	1.0	2.7
FINANCE	760025	47.5	46.9	46.3	.6	1.2
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.6	39.2	.1	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	23.1	22.9	22.0	.2	1.1
SERVICES	800005	343.6	341.8	329.6	1.8	14.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	421.2	423.6	407.1	2.4-	14.1
FEDERAL	998011	85.2	84.5	82.8	.7	2.4
STATE AND LOCAL	998309	336.0	339.2	324.3	3.2-	11.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	386.6	393.1	409.3	6.5-	22.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	130.4	131.0	139.3	.6-	8.9-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	256.2	262.1	269.9	5.9-	13.7-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	41.5	41.4	41.9	.1	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	95.5	98.1	105.1	2.6-	9.6-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	25.1	25.9	26.4	.8-	1.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.6	3.6	4.2	.0	.6-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.8	7.1	.1-	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	25.6	25.6	28.7	.0	3.1-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	18.9	19.9	22.6	1.0-	3.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.9	64.3	62.6	1.4-	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.9	35.6	34.5	.7-	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423325	18.4	18.8	18.5	.4-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.3	23.4	25.3	.1-	2.0-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.0	8.1	8.9	.1-	.9-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.6	22.0	22.0	.4-	.4-
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.5	10.4	10.6	.1	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.3	9.8	9.8	.5-	.5-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	1.9	2.0	2.2	.1-	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.6	14.7	14.6	.1-	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.5	11.9	11.9	.4-	.4-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.0	16.0	17.1	.0	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.3	15.3	14.8	1.0-	.5-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	11.8	12.3	12.3	.5-	.5-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	22.0	19.9	24.4	2.1	2.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$225.79	$223.44	$206.19	39.2	39.9	39.2	$5.76	$5.60	$5.26
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$257.15	$252.46	$229.32	39.2	40.2	39.0	$6.56	$6.28	$5.88
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$210.11	$209.35	$194.14	39.2	39.8	39.3	$5.36	$5.26	$4.94
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$221.35	$221.35	$196.10	40.1	40.1	38.3	$5.52	$5.52	$5.12
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$198.46	$190.22	$182.25	39.1	40.3	40.5	$4.82	$4.72	$4.50
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$195.53	$200.65	$198.66	39.5	40.7	42.0	$4.95	$4.93	$4.73
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$236.07	$231.97	$222.64	43.0	44.1	46.0	$5.49	$5.26	$4.84
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$143.81	$159.98	$165.50	36.5	40.4	43.9	$3.94	$3.96	$3.77
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$183.74	$177.38	$168.28	38.6	38.9	37.9	$4.76	$4.56	$4.44
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$193.22	$193.60	$175.50	38.8	40.0	39.0	$4.98	$4.84	$4.50
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$141.73	$148.00	$134.25	35.7	37.0	35.8	$3.97	$4.00	$3.75
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$141.55	$147.06	$135.70	35.3	36.4	35.9	$4.01	$4.04	$3.78
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$139.29	$147.42	$125.54	35.9	37.8	33.3	$3.88	$3.90	$3.77
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$165.99	$161.39	$149.45	37.3	37.1	36.1	$4.45	$4.35	$4.14
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$178.61	$189.16	$150.09	33.7	36.1	31.4	$5.30	$5.24	$4.78
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$368.07	$353.63	$326.76	43.1	41.8	42.0	$8.54	$8.46	$7.78
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$439.47	$407.25	$371.52	48.4	45.2	44.6	$9.08	$9.01	$8.33
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$301.50	$286.45	$276.86	44.8	43.6	43.6	$6.73	$6.57	$6.35
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$140.98	$141.75	$174.90	38.0	37.9	49.8	$3.71	$3.74	$3.51
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$272.85	$261.22	$231.63	45.4	44.2	42.5	$6.01	$5.91	$5.45
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$274.14	$281.64	$298.35	37.4	39.5	42.2	$7.33	$7.13	$7.07
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$242.30	$249.71	$217.33	37.8	39.7	37.6	$6.41	$6.29	$5.78
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$273.36	$279.84	$215.21	40.8	42.4	36.6	$6.70	$6.60	$5.88
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$237.29	$251.03	$237.44	38.9	41.7	45.4	$6.10	$6.02	$5.23
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$394.99	$369.72	$337.08	40.1	40.1	38.7	$9.85	$9.22	$8.71

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUL 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= JUL 80 PREV MO= JUN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUL 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.3	4.2	2.4	2.6	3.4	.6	.4	.4	3.4	3.4	3.9	2.0	1.8	2.7	.6	.8	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.3	2.6	3.2	1.6	2.0	2.5	.4	.5	.5	2.6	2.5	3.1	1.2	1.1	1.8	.7	.7	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.7	3.6	4.6	2.8	2.9	3.9	.7	.4	.4	3.8	3.8	4.3	2.3	2.1	3.1	.6	.5	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	6.0	6.4	6.5	4.6	5.4	5.2	1.1	.3	.2	5.6	5.3	5.1	3.5	2.9	4.1	.4	1.1	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.7	2.6	4.4	2.1	2.2	3.8	.5	.1	.3	2.9	3.5	4.2	1.8	1.8	3.1	.3	.7	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	2.2	2.8	4.1	1.7	2.4	3.2	.1	.1	.3	3.1	3.8	4.9	1.8	2.5	3.4	.3	.1	.4
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.0	2.9	5.0	1.5	2.5	4.7	.3	.1	.2	3.1	3.6	4.6	1.8	2.1	3.7	.4	.3	.3
KNITTING MILL	422505	3.0	5.1	5.0	2.5	4.0	4.0	.3	.6	.6	3.2	3.9	4.4	1.5	2.5	3.3	.7	.2	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	3.8	1.3	4.6	2.7	1.1	4.3	1.0	.1	.2	2.2	3.3	4.4	1.7	1.2	3.5	.1	1.3	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422605	2.9	2.9	4.0	2.5	2.7	3.7	.2	.1	.1	3.3	3.0	3.4	2.1	1.5	2.6	.1	.5	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.8	4.2	5.1	3.7	3.4	4.3	.8	.7	.7	4.6	4.2	4.9	3.2	2.8	3.7	.8	.7	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.8	5.2	3.2	3.0	4.3	.5	.6	.6	3.2	3.7	4.9	2.6	3.0	3.8	.1	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.8	5.3	4.8	4.1	4.2	3.7	1.6	1.0	.9	7.0	4.9	4.8	3.9	2.7	3.6	2.5	1.9	.5
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	4.1	4.4	4.1	2.9	3.3	3.7	1.1	1.0	.4	4.2	5.1	4.8	2.9	3.0	3.5	.1	1.2	.3
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	2.2	2.6	3.7	1.9	1.8	3.3	.2	.7	.3	9.0	3.9	3.7	2.1	2.3	2.3	5.5	1.0	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.5	3.2	1.8	1.1	1.9	1.3	.3	1.0	.3	2.5	1.9	2.3	.8	.5	.9	1.1	.3	.3
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.3	3.6	1.2	1.0	1.2	.6	.3	1.8	.5	1.8	1.0	1.1	.5	.3	.6	.9	.5	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.4	2.3	3.1	1.1	2.0	2.4	.1	.3	.0	2.2	3.4	5.1	.6	.8	1.4	.8	1.7	.5
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	1.6	1.9	6.4	1.2	1.6	6.1	.3	.1	.2	6.3	3.3	5.6	2.4	2.0	4.5	3.5	1.0	.5
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.7	2.4	2.1	1.3	2.1	1.9	.1	.1	.2	1.7	2.6	2.1	.4	1.0	1.0	.1	.8	.3
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	4.1	4.3	10.8	3.7	4.1	9.8	.4	.1	1.0	7.5	6.0	5.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	.3	.5	.6
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	2.8	4.5	7.5	1.6	2.9	5.0	.4	1.0	2.0	3.2	2.4	5.9	1.5	1.2	3.5	.2	.3	1.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.8	.9	1.0	.1	.1	.1	4.2	1.3	1.2	.8	.6	.6	2.9	.2	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	4.6	3.0	3.8	3.0	2.1	3.1	.8	.7	.6	3.0	3.8	3.0	1.9	1.6	1.7	.2	1.5	.6
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.7	2.1	3.6	1.5	1.7	3.3	.1	.4	.3	2.1	2.5	2.2	1.6	.7	1.5	.0	1.2	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.3	2.6	2.7	1.1	2.3	1.8	.9	.1	.4	1.3	2.4	2.4	.7	1.2	1.1	.0	.7	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.3	2.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	.8	.2	.4	.1	.7	.9	2.2	.4	.4	.9	.0	.2	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT ROSE IN JULY DESPITE SEASONAL LOSSES

Total nonfarm wage and salary employment rose 1,600 over the month to a July estimate of 932,900. Increases were recorded by all major industry divisions except government. Manufacturing registered the largest gain and was confined to the transportation equipment industry. This increase was due to the recall of most of the work force at one automobile assembly plant. There were insignificant employment fluctuations among the other manufacturing industries in both durable and nondurable goods. The decline in government was due to summer furloughs for nonteaching personnel in state and local education.

Over the year, total nonfarm employment rose 5,400. All the gain was attributed to the nonmanufacturing industries. Manufacturing, both durable and nondurable goods, registered declines. Furniture and fixtures, fabricated metal products, and nonelectrical machinery in the durable goods industries and food and "other nondurables" in the nondurable goods category experienced the major decreases.

In the nonmanufacturing industries, services accounted for 60 percent of the annual increment. Business, medical and health, social, and automobile repair services recorded substantial growth during the year. Trade, primarily wholesale durable goods, advanced 2,300 although the retail sector experienced a decline. Banking contributed all the gain in the finance, insurance and real estate industries. Losses in contract construction and transportation, communication and public utilities were negligible.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

RECORDING TAPE FACTORY OPENS IN CONYERS

Japanese-owned Maxell American, Incorporated, opened its first U.S. manufacturing facility in Conyers in July. The Conyers plant, whose cost was not disclosed, is located on a 40-acre site and currently employs about 70 people. The company announced it had already made plans to double the size of the 55,000 square foot facility.

The company is a subsidiary of Osaka-based Hitachi Maxell Limited. Hitachi is a leading manufacturer and worldwide distributor of audio and video magnetic recording tape, floppy discs and data cassettes, and silver-oxide, micro alkaline and dry cell batteries.

TECHNOLOGY PARK PLANS EXPANSION

Technology Park/Atlanta plans to expand its existing 250-acre research and technically-oriented business park by almost 50 percent. The first project on the 118-acre addition will be a three million dollar, 50,000 square-foot facility for Tektronix, Incorporated, an Oregon-based manufacturer and distributor of measurement equipment and computer peripherals. Construction of this phase is to begin this fall.

SUN BELT STILL ATTRACTS MANUFACTURING PLANTS OF FOREIGN INVESTORS

During the second quarter of 1980, Georgia gained eight new foreign manufacturing plants. Along with North Carolina, Georgia led the nation in attracting foreign manufacturing companies. Based on Industry and Trade reports, there are more than 600 foreign investments in Georgia, including 168 manufacturing plants. In addition, foreign firms operate 183 sales offices, 81 regional sales headquarters and 68 warehouse and distribution facilities. Georgia is also the location of 73 foreign headquarters offices.

The United Kingdom accounts for the largest number of investments, 118; followed by Japan, 106; Canada, 100; Germany, 92; France, 44; and the Netherlands, 37. The rest are scattered among 16 other foreign countries.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	932.9	931.3	927.5	1.6	5.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	137.8	134.9	140.8	2.9	3.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	68.4	65.3	69.5	3.1	1.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.9	3.0	3.6	.1-	.7-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	1.7	2.2	.2	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.3	7.1	7.4	.2	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.0	5.1	4.9	.1-	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.4	7.3	8.4	.1	1.0-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.1	6.3	6.7	.2-	.6-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.8	9.8	8.9	.0	.9
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.5	20.3	23.1	3.2	.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	69.4	69.6	71.3	.2-	1.9-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.3	18.2	19.3	.1	1.0-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.0	5.0	5.2	.0	.2-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.3	2.8	3.4	.5	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.0	7.0	7.3	.0	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.8	3.8	4.0	.0	.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	10.0	.0	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.1	4.5	.1	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.8	3.4	.0	.4
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	7.9	7.7	.0	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.7	14.9	14.4	.2-	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.3	6.3	5.9	.0	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.4	6.6	6.7	.2-	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.1	4.9	5.9	.2	.8-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	795.1	796.5	786.7	1.4-	8.4
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	39.8	39.3	40.4	.5	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.6	85.4	85.7	.2	.1-
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.2	55.8	57.2	.4	1.0-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	258.0	257.9	255.7	.1	2.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	105.9	106.2	100.7	.3-	5.2
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.9	73.0	68.3	.1-	4.6
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	32.9	33.2	32.3	.3-	.6
RETAIL TRADE	652005	152.2	151.7	155.0	.5	2.8-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	65.4	64.5	64.6	.9	.8
FINANCE	760025	24.6	24.0	23.5	.6	1.1
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.2	25.3	24.9	.0	.4
SERVICES	800055	193.5	192.6	188.4	.9	5.1
GOVERNMENT	990008	152.8	156.7	151.9	3.9-	.9
FEDERAL	998011	30.5	31.1	31.7	.6-	1.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	122.2	125.6	120.2	3.4-	2.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	93.6	91.2	98.8	2.4	5.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	46.4	43.6	49.6	2.8	3.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	47.2	47.5	49.2	.3-	2.0-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.8	10.7	11.7	.1	.9-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.9	5.9	6.4	.0	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.3	8.2	.0	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.9	4.0	.1-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.3	3.0	.0	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	6.0	5.8	.0	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.9	3.2	3.4	.3-	.5-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.3	5.1	5.2	.2	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.1	3.3	3.2	.2-	.1-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	5.2	6.4	.0	1.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.6	3.8	4.3	.2-	.7-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.2	13.0	16.5	3.2	.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$268.71	$257.24	$238.95	39.0	38.8	38.4	$6.89	$6.63	$6.22
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$308.03	$292.08	$273.08	38.7	39.1	38.9	$7.98	$7.47	$7.02
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$229.70	$225.23	$203.50	39.4	38.5	37.9	$5.83	$5.85	$5.38
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$200.01	$191.18	$173.89	36.3	34.2	35.2	$5.51	$5.59	$4.94
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$195.05	$187.88	$171.44	40.3	38.5	38.7	$4.84	$4.88	$4.43
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$150.87	$157.65	$152.95	32.1	33.4	36.6	$4.70	$4.72	$4.18
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$145.68	$152.78	$144.50	30.8	32.3	35.0	$4.73	$4.73	$4.14
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$157.93	$165.83	$168.07	32.1	33.3	37.6	$4.92	$4.98	$4.47
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$167.69	$155.35	$140.55	40.8	36.9	33.8	$4.11	$4.21	$4.17
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$258.34	$239.61	$158.42	41.6	41.1	29.5	$6.21	$5.83	$5.37
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$312.09	$294.37	$280.81	45.1	43.1	42.1	$6.92	$6.83	$6.67
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$289.22	$275.01	$282.48	41.2	39.4	44.0	$7.02	$6.98	$6.42
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$252.57	$240.12	$252.78	39.9	39.3	42.7	$6.33	$6.11	$5.92
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$254.64	$245.74	$253.00	40.1	39.7	46.0	$6.35	$6.19	$5.50
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$362.79	$357.23	$387.57	40.4	41.4	44.6	$8.98	$8.63	$8.69
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$264.75	$247.00	$208.23	35.3	35.0	33.0	$7.50	$7.08	$6.31
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$236.48	$249.49	$203.46	37.3	40.9	37.4	$6.34	$6.10	$5.44
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$411.95	$390.26	$373.84	38.5	38.0	38.5	$10.70	$10.27	$9.71

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUL 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= JUL 80 PREV MO= JUN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUL 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
L MANUFACTURING	300005	3.1	3.3	4.1	2.3	2.7	3.3	.6	.4	.5	3.1	3.0	3.6	1.7	1.7	2.0	.8	.5	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300075	2.7	2.6	3.7	1.9	2.2	2.8	.5	.3	.7	2.6	2.5	3.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	.8	.3	.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.8	4.1	4.6	3.0	3.4	3.9	.8	.5	.4	4.0	3.6	4.2	2.4	1.9	2.3	.6	.8	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.1	4.1	3.0	2.3	3.0	2.2	1.7	.9	.5	2.1	4.2	2.1	.6	1.1	1.1	.7	2.4	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.5	4.0	4.7	2.4	3.7	4.1	.0	.2	.6	4.4	4.5	5.3	2.6	3.5	2.9	.5	.1	1.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	8.9	5.7	6.6	7.3	5.6	5.1	1.6	.1	.6	9.7	4.8	6.2	8.9	3.7	3.8	.3	.8	1.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.7	6.5	2.8	2.8	4.4	2.5	.8	1.9	.3	13.1	10.7	1.9	4.5	6.0	1.4	7.2	2.3	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.2	3.4	2.7	1.9	2.9	2.5	.2	.3	.1	2.5	2.6	5.1	1.6	1.2	2.0	.1	.1	.5
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.6	2.3	4.6	1.6	2.1	4.3	.0	.1	.2	5.7	1.9	4.6	1.3	1.4	2.8	3.9	.1	.9
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.2	4.0	3.2	.9	3.4	3.1	.0	.2	.0	1.5	3.1	3.4	.5	1.4	2.1	.1	.6	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.7	.9	1.1	.6	.8	1.0	.0	.0	.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	.3	.5	3.7	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.3	1.8	3.8	2.1	1.7	3.7	.2	.1	.1	1.6	1.6	2.3	1.3	.9	1.6	.0	.1	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.2	.9	.3	.2	.1	.6	.6	2.0	.4	.4	.6	.0	.0	1.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

SMALL GAINS IN ALBANY NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area totaled 46,300 in July. The current esimate was up 200 from June and 2,200 from July 1979. Over the month, manufacturing declined 200 due to scattered losses within the division. Nonmanufacturing increased 300 due to gains in the construction industry.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200. Gains in the food and kindred products segment were partially offset by losses in "other nondurable goods". Nonmanufacturing was up 2,000 over the year with scattered gains in every nonmanufacturing segment except construction. Manufacturing, at 10,600, was down 200 over the month. Losses were recorded in both durable and nondurable goods.

Construction, at 3,900, was up 300 from June and down 400 from a year ago. Much of the increase was due to declining interest rates for home mortgages, but housing starts were still down from the previous year. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,200 was unchanged over the month and up 200 from July 1979. Trade, at 10,200, was unchanged from June and up 700 from a year ago. The yearly increase was primarily in wholesale trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month and up 300 for the year. Services, at 6,600, was unchanged from the June estimate and up 300 from July 1979. Government, at 10,400, was unchanged over the month.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA EMPLOYMENT CONTINUES DOWNWARD TREND

The downturn in employment continued its trend during the July reference week reflecting a total of 121,100 jobs, 200 less than the previous month. The most detrimental factor, however, was a growth of only 300 jobs over the year representing less than three-tenths of one percent increase. Economic uncertainties, lack of definitive direction among national leaders, consumer wariness - all were contributing factors in this relatively sluggish growth of jobs.

Losses in manufacturing, trade, and government outdistanced gains in construction, and services and mining, as well as transportation and public utilities. The annual increment of 300 jobs was recorded due to gains in government, services and mining, trade, and transportation and public utlities. These increases were somewhat offset by losses in manufacturing and construction.

Manufacturing, at 35,900, dropped 100 over the month. Losses were sustained by metals and machinery, "other durable goods," and textile mill products. The decrement in metals and machinery stemmed from less activity in lawn and garden equipment. The decline in "other durable goods" was precipitated by less business in electric and electronic measuring devices. The loss in textile mill products was confined mostly to broad woven goods as consumer wariness took its toll. Stone, clay and glass products rose 200, triggered in some measure by the recall of some workers laid off recently in glass manufacturing. "Other nondurable goods" climbed upward by 100 over the month with growth primarily in chemicals.

Over the year, manufacturing lost 600 jobs. Hard hit was stone, clay and glass, down 300 as building, which customarily uses those products, slowed. Metals and machinery declined 300 as most segments took a beating. "Other durable goods" dropped 200 due in part to limited activity in transportation manufacturing. Textile mill products slid downward 200 as consumers delayed purchases and high inventories coupled with unrestricted imports took their toll. Printing and publishing reported a loss of 100 as retailers limited their orders for commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods" ascended 500 with the increment distributed in chemicals, paper, and plastics.

Construction, at 600, rose 100 over the month because of more activity in road building. This division dropped 600 over the year because of completion of projects, spiraling interest rates, tight money, and other mitigating factors. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year with some increased activity in freight transportation. Trade, at 22,700, declined 100 resulting from less retail activity. This division was up 200 over the year with both retail and wholesale sharing equally in the rise. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,700, rose 100 over the month with more activity among financial institutions and developers. This division was unchanged over the year. Services and mining, at 16,500, escalated 200 over the month, triggered by more activity in hospitals, protective services, social services, and vehicle renting and leasing. This division was 700 over the year resulting from the opening of new establishments. Government, at 30,900, dropped 200 over the month as the public school system dropped nonteaching personnel from the payroll for the summer. Gains recorded in local government, government hospitals, state colleges and universities were nullified by the customary reduction aforementioned. Over the year this division rose 600 due in part to the expansion of the labor force of the Veterans Administration Medical Center.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT DECLINES 600

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined from the June estimate by 600 workers leaving a total of 82,800. Over the year, employment dropped 400.

Manufacturing employment in July totaled 21,700, a decline of 200 from the June estimate. Losses in food and kindred products, in textile mill products, and in printing, publishing and allied industries contributed to the decline. Over the year, manufacturing had a net loss of 100 due to less business in stone, clay and glass products, "other durable goods," food and kindred products, textile mill products, and apparel. Metals and machinery and printing, publishing and allied industries had annual increases of 200 each.

Nonmanufacturing employment totaled 61,100 in July, a decline of 400 from June and one year ago. Losses were noted in all divisions except finance, insurance and real estate and state and local government. Contract construction employment, at 4,100, was 100 above last month's figure and 100 below last year's estimate. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment diminished by 100 workers from each period of reference. Trade employment increased 100 from last month due to more business in the retail sector, while wholesale trade remained constant. Over the year, trade employment dropped by 1,200 workers due to widespread cut-backs caused by the state of the economy. Finance, insurance and real estate, with 5,300 employed, gained 100 from the previous month and one year ago. The service industries, with employment of 11,600, was the same as the previous year and revealed an increase of 100 from last month. Government employment declined by 600 from June and currently stands at 20,200. The federal sector remained constant from last month and a year ago, while state and local government lost 600 workers due to vacationing nonprofessional school workers. Over the year, state and local government augmented employment by 1,000.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON EMPLOYMENT RISES OVER THE MONTH AND YEAR

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,500 in July. The current preliminary estimate was up 200 from last month and down 500 from July 1979. During the month, manufacturing dropped 200 with small losses in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing rose 400 with gains in construction, finance, insurance, and real estate, and government being partially offset by a decline in trade.

Annually, manufacturing fell 500 with durable goods losing 200 and nondurable goods decreasing 300. Nonmanufacturing was unchanged with losses in construction, trade, and finance, insurance and real estate. Services and government advanced with transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing at 15,500 was down 200 from June and down 500 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined 100 with a loss in lumber and wood products and a gain in stone, clay and glass products. Nonelectrical machinery and "other durable goods," were unchanged. Nondurable goods fell 100 with losses in textiles, apparel, and paper being partially offset by a seasonal gain in food. Chemicals and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged. Annually, durable goods declined 200 with losses in lumber and wood products and stone, clay and glass products being partially offset by a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods registered a loss of 300 with declines in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods." Food and apparel recorded increases and chemicals remained unchanged.

Construction, at 4,200, was up 100 from last month and down 300 from a year ago. Most of the monthly gain was in general construction. Annually, general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction declined. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,900, was unchanged during the reporting periods. Trade, at 19,700, was down 300 from June and down 600 from July 1979. Most of the decline in all reporting periods was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was up 100 from June and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the changes in all reporting periods was in real estate. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from last month and up 500 from July 1979. Most of the annual increase was in private education and covered services. Government, at 16,400, was up 600 from June and up 600 from July 1979. During the month, federal government was unchanged and the state and local segment added 600. Summer youth programs accounted for most of the monthly gain. Annually, the federal segment rose 500 with part of the increase coming from temporary Census employees. The state and local segment advanced 100 during the year.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912)744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT UNCHANGED FROM JUNE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA recorded no changes over the month. Total employment over the year was down 800.

Contract construction was down 800 from what it was in July 1979. General building construction showed some improvement over the past several months, though the total figures were still below year-ago figures. If the trend continues for several more months, this sector will be at about last year's figures. Heavy construction has shown a loss for every month this year, however, the losses have been small on a month to month basis. At the present time, this sector has approximately 200 employees less than it had last year. Special trade contractors have also shown losses accruing almost monthly. At the present time, this sector is approximately 500 less than it was a year ago. Prospects for construction in general appear to be improving. If the present trend continues it will be some time in 1981 before employment levels in this sector return to historical norms.

Manufacturing employment experienced some small changes over the month; however, the greater portion of the decline in this sector occurred over the year. Plywood and veneer products was down 200 over the year. This sector is closely allied to new construction, so no improvement is expected until construction picks up. Pulp and paper products was down slightly over the year. Improvement in this sector is expected to occur in line with the general economy. Transportation equipment assembly was down approximately 300 over the year. No improvement is expected for the balance of 1980. Until the general economy improves and interest rates decline, this sector will remain at its present level.

Nonmanufacturing employment is presently at its year-ago levels. Transportation picked up due to activity at the Port of Savannah. Retail trade was up with the new school year approaching.

Nonmanufacturing employment appears to be leveling off at last year's levels. This sector will probably continue to improve in line with the general economy.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	46.3	46.1	44.1	.2	2.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	10.6	10.8	10.4	.2-	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	1.9	2.0	2.0	.1-	.1-
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	8.7	8.8	8.4	.1-	.3
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.7	.0	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.4	.5	.4	.1-	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.3	4.3	4.6	.0	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000040	35.7	35.4	33.7	.3	2.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.9	3.6	4.3	.3	.4-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.2	10.2	9.5	.0	.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.5	3.5	3.0	.0	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.7	6.5	.1-	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	2.0	.0	.3
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.6	6.6	6.3	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.4	10.4	9.6	.0	.8
FEDERAL	998011	3.0	3.1	2.8	.1-	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	993509	7.4	7.4	6.8	.0	.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.1	121.3	120.8	.2-	.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	35.9	36.0	36.5	.1-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	8.7	8.8	9.5	.1-	.8-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.4	3.2	3.6	.2	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.1	2.3	2.4	.2-	.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.5	2.6	2.7	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	27.2	27.3	27.0	.1-	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.5	10.5	.2-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.7	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	11.0	10.9	10.5	.1	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.3	85.2	84.3	.1	1.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.0	5.9	6.6	.1	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.7	22.8	22.5	.1-	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.3	18.3	18.2	.0	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.7	4.6	4.7	.1	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.5	16.3	15.8	.2	.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.9	31.1	30.3	.2-	.6
FEDERAL	998011	7.2	7.2	6.6	.0	.6
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	23.7	24.0	23.7	.3-	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.8	83.4	83.2	.6-	.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.7	21.9	21.8	.2-	.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.2	.3	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.6	15.8	15.7	.2-	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.5	3.6	3.7	.1-	.2-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.1	9.2	9.2	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.1	1.2	.9	.1-	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000080	61.1	61.5	61.5	.4-	.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.0	4.2	.1	.1-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.6	3.6	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.5	16.4	17.7	.1	1.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.0	13.9	15.1	.1	1.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.3	5.2	5.2	.1	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.6	11.5	11.6	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.2	20.8	19.1	.6-	1.1
FEDERAL	998011	5.8	5.8	5.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.4	15.0	13.4	.6-	1.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.5	95.3	96.0	.2	.5-
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.5	15.7	16.0	.2-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.8	4.9	5.0	.1-	.2-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.7	.8	.1-	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.3	1.5	.1	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.7	10.8	11.0	.1-	.3-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.1	2.8	2.8	.3	.3
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.3	1.5	1.8	.2-	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.3	2.4	2.2	.1-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	80.0	79.6	80.0	.4	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.1	4.5	.1	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.9	4.9	4.9	.0	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	20.0	20.3	.3-	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.5	5.8	.1	.2-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	15.9	.0	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	29.2	28.6	28.6	.6	.6
FEDERAL	998011	16.1	16.1	15.6	.0	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.1	12.5	13.0	.6	.1

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YAGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.5	83.5	84.3	.0	.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.2	16.8	.1-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.7	5.9	6.3	.2-	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.0	1.1	1.3	.1-	.3-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.5	.7	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.8	3.0	.2-	.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.4	10.3	10.5	.1	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	4.8	5.0	.0	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.7	.8	.1	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.4	67.3	67.5	.1	.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.3	5.0	.1-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	9.0	8.3	8.8	.7	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	19.2	19.7	.5	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.3	14.9	15.4	.4	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.4	15.7	14.8	.3-	.6
GOVERNMENT	598008	15.0	15.7	15.1	.7-	.1-
FEDERAL	599011	2.7	2.6	2.5	.1	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	598509	12.3	13.1	12.6	.8-	.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.7	12.2	.1-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.4	4.5	4.9	.1-	.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.2	7.1	7.3	.1	.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.9	1.0	.1-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.6	3.8	.0	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.2	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.8	1.9	2.1	.1-	.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$312.57	$303.78	$288.40	41.4	41.5	41.2	$7.55	$7.32	$7.00
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$284.40	$289.05	$223.17	40.0	41.0	35.2	$7.11	$7.05	$6.34
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$329.94	$313.08	$332.50	42.3	41.8	45.3	$7.80	$7.49	$7.34
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$193.42	$181.74	$159.35	38.3	38.1	40.6	$5.05	$4.77	$4.91
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$393.71	$368.07	$386.23	43.6	43.1	46.2	$9.03	$8.54	$8.36
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$300.14	$292.81	$255.20	44.4	43.9	40.0	$6.76	$6.67	$6.38
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$354.04	$347.42	$296.10	44.2	43.7	42.3	$8.01	$7.95	$7.00

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Revised June 1980	July 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,434,292	2,431,828	2,346,534	2,464	87,758
Employed	2,248,267	2,246,277	2,222,126	1,990	26,141
Unemployed	186,025	185,551	124,408	474	61,617
Rate	7.6	7.6	5.3	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,970	52,890	49,335	80	3,635
Employed	48,643	48,326	46,256	317	2,387
Unemployed	4,327	4,564	3,079	-237	1,248
Rate	8.2	8.6	6.2	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	962,323	966,235	937,725	-3,912	24,598
Employed	904,455	901,975	895,127	2,480	9,328
Unemployed	57,868	64,260	42,598	-6,392	15,270
Rate	6.0	6.7	4.5	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,853	122,727	122,502	1,126	1,351
Employed	114,420	113,959	115,235	461	-815
Unemployed	9,433	8,768	7,267	665	2,166
Rate	7.6	7.1	5.9	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,455	87,582	86,622	-127	833
Employed	80,126	80,431	80,662	-305	-536
Unemployed	7,329	7,151	5,960	178	1,369
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.9	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,258	98,665	98,504	593	754
Employed	92,550	92,220	92,699	330	-149
Unemployed	6,708	6,445	5,805	263	903
Rate	6.8	6.5	5.9	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,026	87,972	87,063	54	963
Employed	81,626	81,350	81,977	276	-351
Unemployed	6,400	6,622	5,086	-222	1,314
Rate	7.3	7.5	5.8	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Change From Revised June 1980	Change From July 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,853	122,727	122,502	1,126	1,351
Employed	114,420	113,959	115,235	461	-815
Unemployed	9,433	8,768	7,267	665	2,166
Rate	7.6	7.1	5.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	83,298	82,467	81,320	831	1,978
Employed	77,063	76,893	76,509	170	554
Unemployed	6,235	5,574	4,811	661	1,424
Rate	7.5	6.8	5.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	40,555	40,260	41,182	295	-627
Employed	37,357	37,066	38,726	291	-1,369
Unemployed	3,198	3,194	2,456	4	742
Rate	7.9	7.9	6.0	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Change From Revised June 1980	Change From July 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,455	87,582	86,622	-127	833
Employed	80,126	80,431	80,662	-305	-536
Unemployed	7,329	7,151	5,960	178	1,369
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,127	69,862	68,848	-735	279
Employed	64,130	64,408	64,293	-278	-163
Unemployed	4,997	5,454	4,555	-457	442
Rate	7.2	7.8	6.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,328	17,720	17,774	608	554
Employed	15,996	16,023	16,369	-27	-373
Unemployed	2,332	1,697	1,405	635	927
Rate	12.7	9.6	7.9	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Revised June 1980	July 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,434,292	2,431,828	2,346,534	2,464	87,758
Employed	2,248,267	2,246,277	2,222,126	1,990	26,141
Unemployed	186,025	185,551	124,408	474	61,617
Rate	7.6	7.6	5.3	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,404,228	1,408,201	1,370,530	-3,973	33,698
Employed	1,311,982	1,309,782	1,301,154	2,200	10,828
Unemployed	92,246	98,419	69,376	-6,173	22,870
Rate	6.6	7.0	5.1	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,030,064	1,023,627	976,004	6,437	54,060
Employed	936,285	936,495	920,972	-210	15,313
Unemployed	93,779	87,132	55,032	6,647	38,747
Rate	9.1	8.5	5.6	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost	$287.02
Quantity	2,600

S 1905-1

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

SEPTEMBER 1980

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(August Data)

GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT IMPROVES IN AUGUST

Georgia employment rose to 2,127,700 in August. This total reflects a gain of 6,400 over July 1980 and an increase of 15,900 since August of 1979. Inspection of Georgia industries reveals that the majority of the employment rise was centered in the manufacturing sector.

Manufacturing divisions registered positive growth, with the exception of primary metals industries, which declined due to partial layoffs in nonferrous wire manufacturing and automobile manufacturing, and due to less business in steel works, rolling mills, and gum and wood chemicals manufacturing. Those divisions with sizable gains were nonelectrical machinery manufacturing, electric and electronic equipment manufacturing, food and kindred products manufacturing, textile mill products, and apparel and other textile products manufacturing.

It appears that some manufacturing industries are beginning to recover from the losses incurred by the recession. This is evident in the reopenings after partial shutdowns of industries such as farm machinery and equipment manufacturing, hoist, industrial cranes, and monorail systems manufacturing, switchgear and switchboard apparatus manufacturing, freezers and cold-packers of food specialties, broad woven fabric mills, tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing, and curtains and draperies manufacturing. There were also seasonal increments in canned fruits, vegetables, preserves, jams and jellies production, and rises attributed to more business in garden tractors and lawn and garden equipment manufacturing, construction machinery and equipment manufacturing, cookie and cracker manufacturing, candy manufacturing, knit underwear mills, tire cord and fabric manufacturing, cordage and twine manufacturing, men's, youths', and boys' clothing manufacturing, and women's, children's, and infants' underwear and nightwear manufacturing. Except for Savannah, the Georgia SMSA's employment dropped in August. These decreases were focused in manufacturing; therefore, the statewide gains in this sector are in the smaller industrialized areas that are not service-oriented.

Nonmanufacturing in Georgia also showed some improvement in August due to gains in trade and government. These increments were of a seasonal nature. Trade increased because of back-to-school sales anticipation in general merchandise stores and more business in auto parts wholesaling, grocery stores, restaurants, and construction materials wholesaling. The upswing in government employment was attributed to educational hiring in the local sector. Even with the increase, Georgia is still short 586 teachers, with 295 of these openings centered in special education. The shortage should not affect DeKalb, Fulton, Gwinnett, Fayette or Newton counties.

OCT 24 1980

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

There were some declines in nonmanufacturing employment. Construction fell 500 because of less business in nonresidential construction and a strike by plumbing, heating, and air conditioning contractors. There was a slight downturn in services despite the business rises in cleaning and maintenance services, temporary help supply services, and hospitals. The decrease was caused by temporary layoffs in labor unions and similar labor organizations, and by less business in motion picture theaters, legal services, and engineering, architectural and surveying services.

The recession seems to be waning, but its effects are still felt, and it will take some recuperative time for Georgia's manufacturing industries to get back to full production. There will be some seasonal drops in employment for September in the trade and services sectors. This will occur as a result of students returning to school and leaving their summer jobs, but these sectors should begin to show an improvement as the holiday season approaches. The other sectors should reflect modest gains as recovery takes its course.

DUAL-MAKE DEALERSHIP FORMED

Neal Pope Ford Incorporated has acquired a franchise from the American Motors Corporation, enabling the dealership to offer both Ford and AMC products and service. It is the first dual dealership of its kind in Atlanta.

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT BEGUN

Hooker/Barnes has begun development of 140 acres near Stone Mountain. The development, to be known Bellingrath Estates, will have 5 to 10-acre home sites with prices ranging from $35,000 to 165,000.

CRIME KILLS MALL PLANS

Plans to build a $7 million factory outlet shopping mall near the Atlanta stadium were shelved by the Wilson & Savage Development Company of Memphis, Tennessee. The mall was to have been located on the property bounded by Capitol Avenue, Georgia Avenue, Washington Street and Love Street. The main reasons for the cancellation were the high crime reputation in the area, limited investment funds, and conceptual novelty.

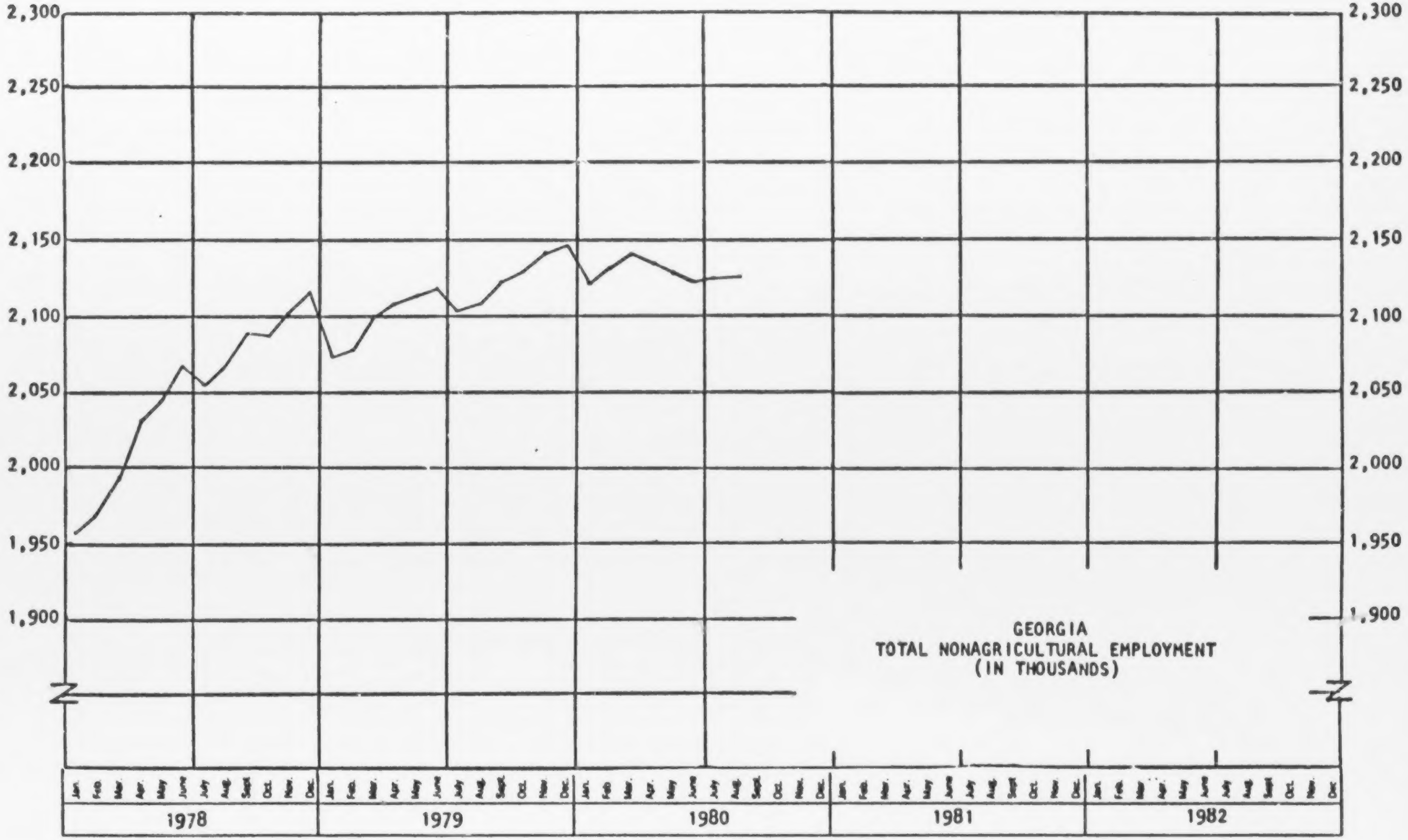
PLANT TO SHUT DOWN IN TOCCOA

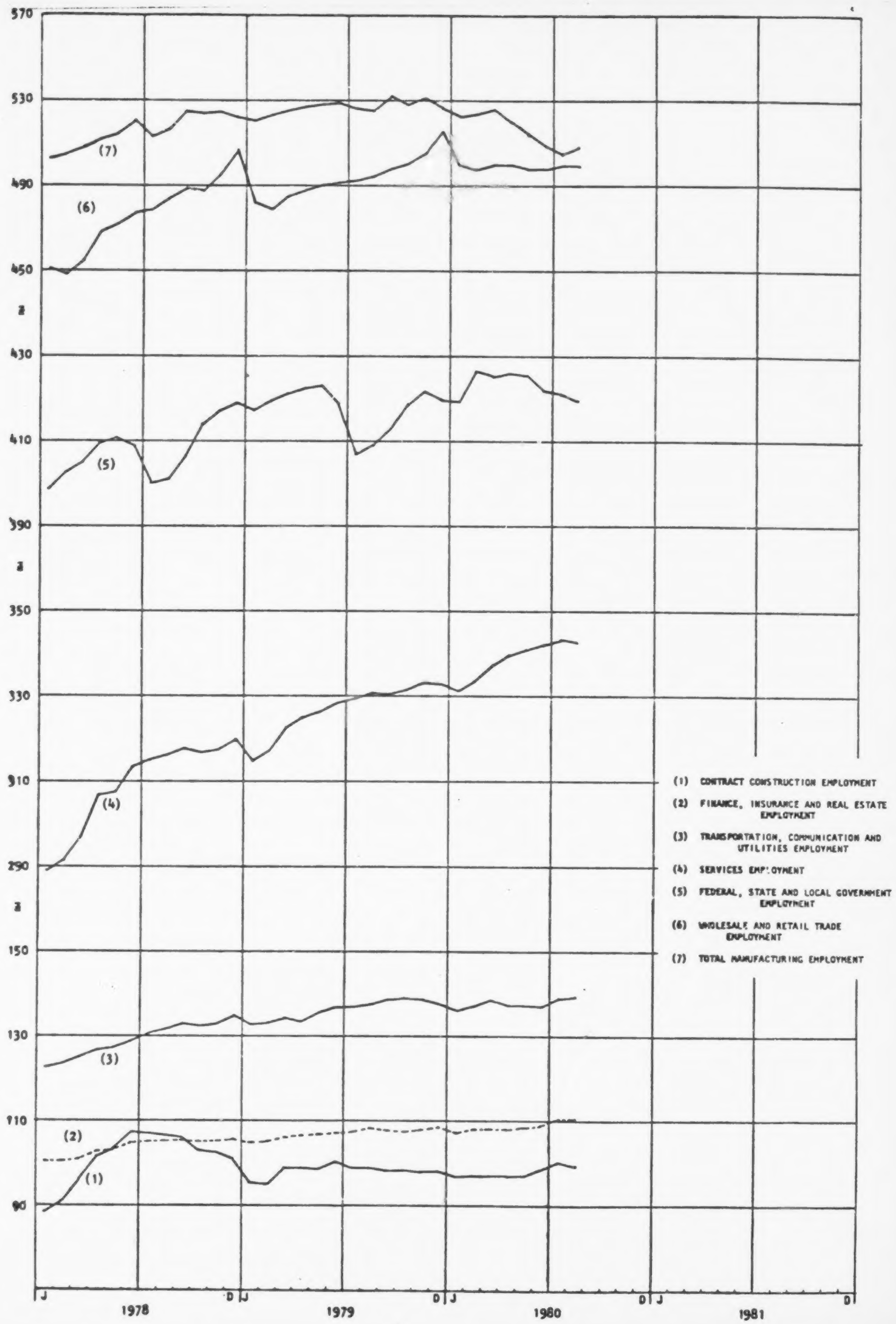
American Standards Incorporated will close its WABCO earth-moving equipment manufacturing facility in Toccoa. The New York-based company said it will shut down the plant over the next six months, idling more than 200 people. The layoff will increase the already-high area unemployment rate.

PROCESSING MACHINES PLANT TO OPEN

Cologne, West Germany-based, Humboldt-Wedag AG will open a $4.2 million plant in Shenandoah, Georgia, in October. The plant will manufacture processing machines, such as crushers and vibrating mills, for the chemical, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, and foodstuff industries. The factory occupies 42,000 square feet, is located 50 miles southwest of Atlanta, and will employ 50 people.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.


GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,127.7	2,121.3	2,111.8	6.4	15.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	508.0	503.0	525.6	5.0	17.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.6	175.4	179.3	.2	3.7-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.5	29.2	31.1	.3	1.6-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.3	15.3	16.0	.0	.7-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.9	8.7	9.9	.2	1.0-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.4	6.3	7.3	.1	.9-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.2	18.0	18.7	.2	.5-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	15.8	16.1	16.6	.3-	.8-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.3	20.0	20.9	.3	.6-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	21.7	21.2	21.6	.5	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.5	19.0	18.4	.5	1.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	30.7	32.5	30.3	1.8-	.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.0	10.7	11.9	.3	.9-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	332.5	327.6	346.3	4.9	13.8-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	59.1	58.1	59.9	1.0	.8-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.4	21.7	21.4	.3-	.0
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.5	15.8	15.5	.3-	.0
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.4	9.1	9.2	.3	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	113.2	111.3	123.3	1.9	10.1-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	27.8	27.9	29.5	.1-	1.7-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.4	4.3	5.1	.1	.7-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.3	9.2	8.7	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.6	29.0	33.9	.6	4.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	22.6	21.4	25.7	1.2	3.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.3	74.4	75.0	.9	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.9	40.6	40.5	.3	.4
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.0	22.8	22.9	.2	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	28.0	27.9	28.0	.1	.0
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.7	13.7	13.7	.0	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.5	6.5	6.7	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.3	23.0	23.0	.3	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.2	8.0	7.9	.2	.3
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.1	16.2	16.1	.1-	.0
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.5	2.6	2.4	.1-	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	15.2	14.5	18.6	.7	3.4-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,619.7	1,618.3	1,586.2	1.4	33.5
MINING	100005	7.5	7.6	7.8	.1-	.3-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	99.8	100.3	98.9	.5-	.9
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	139.7	139.5	137.5	.2	2.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	83.5	83.5	82.9	.0	.6
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.7	35.6	34.6	.1	1.1
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.4	20.4	20.0	.0	.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	499.7	499.3	494.1	.4	5.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	158.8	158.6	157.8	.2	1.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.9	98.3	96.9	.6	2.0
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	59.8	60.3	60.9	.5-	1.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	341.0	340.7	336.3	.3	4.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	110.5	110.5	108.2	.0	2.3
FINANCE	760025	47.6	47.5	46.4	.1	1.2
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.9	39.9	39.4	.0	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	23.0	23.1	22.4	.1-	.6
SERVICES	800005	342.6	342.8	330.4	.2-	12.2
GOVERNMENT	998008	419.8	418.4	409.3	1.4	10.5
FEDERAL	998011	85.1	85.3	82.2	.2-	2.9
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	334.7	333.1	327.1	1.6	7.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGD
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	388.7	385.4	407.6	3.4	18.9-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	129.6	130.0	135.7	.4-	6.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	259.1	255.3	271.9	3.8	12.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	41.9	40.9	42.7	.9-	.8-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	96.9	95.1	105.2	1.9	8.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	24.9	24.9	26.5	.0	1.6-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.8	3.6	4.3	.2	.5-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.6	7.1	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	26.0	25.4	29.0	.6	3.0-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	19.8	18.8	22.5	1.0	2.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.6	63.0	63.4	.6	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.3	35.0	34.9	.3	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.6	18.5	18.6	.1	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.6	23.5	25.3	.1	1.7-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.0	8.0	8.7	.0	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.4	21.6	21.8	.2-	.4-
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.3	10.5	10.5	.2-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.2	9.6	9.5	.4-	.3-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	1.9	2.2	.1	.2-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.7	14.6	15.0	.1	.3-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.2	11.5	12.1	.3-	.9-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.2	15.7	17.1	.5	.9-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.4	14.2	14.7	.2	.3-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.0	11.5	11.9	.5	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.3	22.0	20.8	1.7-	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$230.26	$225.01	$208.30	39.7	39.2	39.6	$5.80	$5.74	$5.26
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$259.43	$254.63	$222.91	40.6	39.6	38.7	$6.39	$6.43	$5.76
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$215.76	$209.82	$201.70	39.3	39.0	40.1	$5.49	$5.38	$5.03
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$223.91	$226.24	$192.61	39.7	40.4	37.4	$5.64	$5.60	$5.15
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$200.09	$185.96	$198.52	39.7	38.5	42.6	$5.04	$4.83	$4.66
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$211.04	$192.38	$219.73	39.3	38.4	44.3	$5.37	$5.01	$4.96
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$229.34	$236.07	$230.40	41.1	43.0	45.0	$5.58	$5.49	$5.12
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$161.60	$145.33	$189.91	39.9	36.7	48.2	$4.05	$3.96	$3.94
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$187.86	$178.70	$184.61	39.8	37.7	41.3	$4.72	$4.74	$4.47
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$211.34	$192.38	$189.27	39.8	38.4	40.1	$5.31	$5.01	$4.72
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$144.59	$142.09	$137.96	35.7	35.7	36.4	$4.05	$3.98	$3.79
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$141.75	$141.91	$135.34	35.0	35.3	35.9	$4.05	$4.02	$3.77
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$143.75	$138.90	$131.83	36.3	35.8	34.6	$3.96	$3.88	$3.81
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$169.40	$165.00	$153.82	38.5	37.5	36.8	$4.40	$4.40	$4.18
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$193.04	$174.90	$172.13	36.7	33.7	35.2	$5.26	$5.19	$4.89
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$364.59	$365.94	$328.97	42.1	42.9	41.8	$8.66	$8.53	$7.87
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$428.73	$439.47	$379.50	46.1	48.4	44.7	$9.30	$9.08	$8.49
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$320.60	$304.18	$289.72	45.8	45.4	44.3	$7.00	$6.70	$6.54
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$142.50	$143.25	$177.99	37.6	38.2	51.0	$3.79	$3.75	$3.49
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$278.61	$271.04	$234.35	45.9	45.4	43.0	$6.07	$5.97	$5.45
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$288.36	$285.02	$297.77	40.5	40.2	41.3	$7.12	$7.09	$7.21
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$243.39	$236.46	$218.01	40.7	38.7	39.0	$5.98	$6.11	$5.59
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$277.12	$271.67	$217.34	41.3	41.1	36.9	$6.71	$6.61	$5.89
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$248.82	$240.69	$235.52	39.0	39.2	46.0	$6.38	$6.14	$5.12
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$396.20	$393.78	$297.90	41.1	40.1	34.4	$9.64	$9.82	$8.66

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

AUG 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= AUG 80 PREV MO= JUL 80 CURR MO YR AGO= AUG 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			SEPARATION RATES TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.7	3.4	5.0	2.8	2.5	4.3	.5	.6	.4	3.7	3.6	5.3	2.4	2.1	3.7	.4	.7	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.8	2.4	4.1	1.9	1.6	3.5	.6	.6	.4	2.5	2.9	4.6	1.4	1.4	2.4	.2	.9	1.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.0	3.8	5.3	3.1	2.9	4.6	.5	.7	.4	4.1	3.8	5.6	2.7	2.3	4.2	.4	.6	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	7.0	5.7	6.6	4.7	4.3	5.8	.9	.8	.1	5.8	5.0	6.0	4.0	3.2	4.3	.3	.3	.3
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.8	2.9	5.4	2.4	2.2	4.7	.3	.5	.3	3.5	3.1	5.7	2.2	2.0	4.3	.5	.3	.3
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.1	3.0	5.9	2.7	2.5	4.7	.3	.1	.3	3.9	3.8	5.9	2.3	2.6	4.0	.4	.2	.3
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	1.5	1.8	5.9	1.2	1.4	5.4	.2	.3	.3	3.1	3.0	5.6	1.9	1.7	4.6	.7	.4	.2
KNITTING MILL	422505	4.1	3.1	5.0	3.9	2.7	4.3	.1	.3	.5	4.1	3.4	5.5	2.8	1.6	4.3	.6	.7	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	2.9	3.4	5.7	2.4	2.2	5.5	.4	1.1	.1	2.7	2.4	7.6	1.9	1.7	6.3	.3	.2	.4
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.8	3.1	4.6	2.7	2.7	4.0	.1	.2	.2	4.1	3.4	4.6	2.9	2.4	3.4	.4	.1	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.0	5.0	6.3	4.0	4.1	5.1	.8	.8	.8	4.7	4.8	6.4	3.6	3.3	5.1	.2	.8	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.8	4.2	6.1	3.9	3.6	4.9	.6	.5	.8	4.5	3.7	6.6	3.9	3.1	5.4	.1	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.3	5.9	6.1	3.9	4.3	4.7	1.3	1.4	1.0	5.2	7.1	6.0	3.4	3.8	4.7	.5	2.3	.4
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.1	4.4	4.3	3.9	3.3	4.0	.8	1.0	.2	7.3	6.2	5.7	4.8	3.3	3.8	1.0	1.8	.8
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.7	2.4	4.3	4.1	2.0	3.8	.6	.3	.2	5.1	8.6	5.3	2.7	2.7	4.3	1.9	4.6	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.5	.4	.3	.2	2.5	2.3	2.9	1.3	.8	1.7	.3	1.1	.3
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	.9	.9	.7	.3	.3	1.5	1.6	2.6	.9	.5	1.7	.4	.8	.3
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.2	1.3	3.1	2.0	1.0	2.9	.0	.1	.1	2.4	2.0	3.8	1.6	.6	1.9	.3	.7	.5
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	5.5	2.7	7.4	4.1	1.5	6.9	1.2	1.1	.2	3.5	5.2	7.4	1.9	1.8	5.9	.3	2.9	.8
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.2	1.3	1.8	.1	.0	.1	2.5	1.8	3.0	.8	.7	1.5	.5	.1	.4
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	5.4	7.5	1.7	4.3	6.3	.3	1.0	1.2	5.8	7.4	8.7	2.8	3.5	6.5	.0	.2	1.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.8	3.1	8.3	2.7	2.6	5.6	.4	.1	1.9	5.5	4.2	6.7	2.1	2.3	5.0	.5	.4	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.1	2.1	.8	.8	1.9	.1	.1	.0	1.6	4.5	1.1	.8	.8	.5	.2	3.2	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	3.7	3.8	3.9	2.4	2.8	3.4	1.1	.8	.3	3.1	3.0	4.1	2.2	1.8	2.4	.3	.4	.7
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	1.6	4.4	1.3	1.5	4.0	.7	.1	.4	3.6	2.2	3.3	1.8	1.6	2.4	.4	.1	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	3.6	2.2	5.1	2.7	.8	4.5	.6	1.2	.2	1.7	1.6	3.1	.8	.8	2.1	.0	.2	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	2.1	2.3	1.3	1.1	1.9	.2	.6	.2	.8	.6	6.5	.5	.4	1.2	.1	.0	4.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT DIPS 1,700 IN AUGUST

Nonfarm employment estimated at 927,600 for the Atlanta area was 1,700 less than the previous month but was 2,300 above the same month last year. Manufacturing and service industries declined 1,500 each over the month, partially offset by an increase of 1,300 in government.

Transportation equipment production in the durable goods sector of manufacturing accounted for the major portion of the employment decline. The loss was due to a temporary partial shutdown of one large automobile assembly plant. Nonelectrical machinery rose 500 with the return to normal operation by firms making farm and garden tractors and machinery, following temporary partial layoffs. Primary metal industries declined 300, caused by partial layoffs by companies engaged in drawing and insulating nonferrous wire.

Nondurable goods manufacturing rose 1,000 during the month. Food and kindred products and printing and publishing industries contributed to most of the gain. The 500 increase in food products industries was due to the return to normal operation by a firm engaged in freezing and cold packing food specialties. More business in sausages and other prepared meat products, bakeries (cookies and crackers) and bottled and canned soft drinks caused small gains in the food industry.

Nonmanufacturing was down only 200 for the month. However, a substantial decline in services, 1,500, was almost equaled by a gain of 1,300 in government. Contract construction continued the minor up and down monthly fluctuation. Transportation, trade and finance, insurance and real estate experienced little change for the month. Almost one-half (48%) of the decline in services was in private education, while government gains were confined to state education and local government.

From one year ago, nonfarm employment rose 2,300. Manufacturing declined 2,400, while nonmanufacturing rose 4,700. Among the manufacturing industries, the larger losses occurred in furniture and fixtures, fabricated metal products, food, textile and "other nondurables." Transportation equipment and printing and publishing recorded substantial increases for the year.

From a year ago contract construction (down 2,100) was the only major industry division in the nonmanufacturing category to experience a decline. Services (up 3,500) recorded the largest gain over the same period.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	927.6	929.3	925.3	1.7-	2.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	136.0	137.5	138.4	1.5-	2.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	66.0	68.5	66.5	2.5-	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.9	2.9	3.6	.0	.7-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.7	1.8	2.2	.1-	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.4	7.3	7.6	.1	.2-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	4.7	5.0	5.0	.3-	.3-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.4	7.4	8.3	.0	.9-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.6	6.1	6.6	.5	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	9.9	9.4	.1	.6
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.7	23.5	19.6	2.8-	1.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.0	3.1	3.4	.1-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	70.0	69.0	71.9	1.0	1.9-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.6	18.1	19.5	.5	.9-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.1	4.9	5.2	.2	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.2	3.1	3.5	.1	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.8	7.0	7.7	.2-	.9-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.7	3.8	4.1	.1-	.4-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.5	1.6	1.7	.1-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.2	10.1	10.0	.1	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.4	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.8	3.3	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	7.9	7.6	.0	.3
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.0	14.6	14.5	.4	.5
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.4	6.2	5.8	.2	.6
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.6	6.4	6.7	.2	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.0	4.9	5.9	.1	.9-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	791.6	791.8	786.9	.2-	4.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	39.6	39.9	41.7	.3-	2.1-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	86.4	86.0	85.5	.4	.9
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.6	56.2	56.8	.4	.2-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	257.4	257.3	255.8	.1	1.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	105.6	105.4	100.8	.2	4.8
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	73.0	72.6	68.6	.4	4.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	32.7	32.7	32.2	.0	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	151.7	152.0	155.1	.3-	3.4-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	65.2	65.5	64.8	.3-	.4
FINANCE	760025	24.6	24.5	23.5	.1	1.1
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.3	25.5	25.1	.2-	.2
SERVICES	800055	191.2	192.7	187.7	1.5-	3.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	151.7	150.4	151.3	1.3	.4
FEDERAL	998011	30.5	30.6	31.1	.1-	.6-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	121.2	119.9	120.3	1.3	.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	92.0	93.3	95.8	1.3-	3.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	44.3	46.4	46.5	2.1-	2.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	47.7	46.8	49.3	.9	1.6-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.3	10.7	11.7	.6	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.7	5.8	6.5	.1-	.8-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.3	8.2	.0	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.9	3.9	.1-	.1-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.9	2.8	2.6	.1	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.2	3.0	.1	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	6.0	5.7	.0	.3
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.0	2.9	3.3	.1	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.4	5.3	5.5	.1	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.0	3.1	3.3	.1-	.3-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	5.2	6.3	.0	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.1	3.6	4.2	.5	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	13.3	16.2	12.9	2.9-	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$267.03	$266.56	$232.64	38.7	38.8	38.2	$6.90	$6.87	$6.09
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$303.02	$305.33	$257.09	39.2	38.6	38.2	$7.73	$7.91	$6.73
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$231.27	$228.15	$209.17	38.1	39.0	38.1	$6.07	$5.85	$5.49
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$201.00	$207.20	$184.40	33.5	37.0	36.3	$6.00	$5.60	$5.08
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$170.69	$185.96	$176.24	33.8	38.5	37.9	$5.05	$4.83	$4.65
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$158.93	$148.68	$152.64	33.6	31.5	36.0	$4.73	$4.72	$4.24
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$155.35	$145.68	$150.50	32.5	30.8	35.0	$4.78	$4.73	$4.30
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$163.18	$150.89	$158.42	33.1	30.3	35.6	$4.93	$4.98	$4.45
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$178.70	$167.69	$157.68	39.6	40.8	36.5	$4.49	$4.11	$4.32
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$235.01	$225.59	$187.96	40.8	38.3	34.3	$5.76	$5.89	$5.48
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$321.09	$312.09	$286.90	46.2	45.1	41.7	$6.95	$6.92	$6.88
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$318.62	$289.22	$265.82	44.5	41.2	41.6	$7.16	$7.02	$6.39
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$260.95	$252.57	$250.84	39.3	39.9	42.3	$6.64	$6.33	$5.93
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$245.12	$241.74	$241.29	39.6	39.7	41.6	$6.19	$6.19	$5.41
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$364.56	$357.21	$423.56	42.0	40.5	45.3	$8.68	$8.82	$9.35
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$266.85	$264.75	$208.55	34.3	35.3	33.8	$7.78	$7.50	$6.17
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$252.96	$236.37	$211.80	40.8	37.4	38.3	$6.20	$6.32	$5.53
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$421.40	$411.95	$322.85	39.2	38.5	33.7	$10.75	$10.70	$9.58

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

AUG 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-104)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= AUG 80 PREV MO= JUL 80 CURR MO YR AGO= AUG 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	3.4	4.9	2.7	2.4	4.1	.6	.8	.4	3.2	3.4	5.4	2.0	1.8	2.9	.4	.9	1.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.2	2.8	4.8	2.2	1.8	4.0	.5	.7	.4	2.3	2.7	6.1	1.4	1.3	2.6	.3	.9	2.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	4.1	4.0	4.9	3.1	3.1	4.2	.7	.9	.4	4.2	4.2	4.7	2.6	2.3	3.2	.4	.9	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.5	4.5	2.8	1.7	2.7	2.5	2.4	1.7	.0	3.1	2.4	2.0	2.0	.9	.9	.3	.6	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	1.5	4.0	7.1	1.4	3.8	6.6	.0	.2	.5	5.1	4.6	6.2	2.5	3.4	4.6	1.6	.2	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	6.3	8.3	9.2	6.0	6.7	6.3	.3	1.6	2.0	7.9	8.8	8.4	7.3	8.1	6.4	.3	.3	.3
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	5.8	3.7	10.4	4.6	2.8	8.7	1.2	.8	1.7	7.9	13.1	7.7	3.0	4.6	7.3	4.6	7.2	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.4	2.1	3.3	2.2	1.8	3.2	.0	.2	.1	3.8	2.3	4.1	2.3	1.5	2.4	.2	.1	.5
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	5.2	2.3	3.6	4.0	1.7	2.6	1.0	.6	.4	3.5	5.5	4.3	1.9	1.4	2.3	.3	3.3	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.6	2.5	3.9	2.5	2.4	3.8	.0	.0	.0	3.1	2.7	5.2	1.1	1.3	2.8	.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.6	.7	2.3	.5	.6	2.2	.0	.0	.0	1.0	5.7	1.3	.5	1.0	.8	.0	4.4	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	2.2	3.9	1.6	2.0	3.9	.4	.2	.0	3.2	1.6	3.6	2.1	1.2	2.4	.0	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.6	2.3	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	.1	.8	.2	.4	.5	11.6	.3	.3	.5	.0	.0	10.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY EMPLOYMENT UP 1,900 FROM 1979

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was estimated at 46,000 in August. This was a decline of 300 from July and represented an increase of 1,900 from a year ago. Monthly losses were recorded in both the manufacturing and nonmanufacturing divisions.

Manufacturing, at 10,500, was down 100 over the month and unchanged for the year. Monthly declines were recorded in metals and machinery, as well as in chemicals. Over the year, losses in metals and machinery and "other nondurable goods" were offset by gains in the food products industry.

Contract construction, at 4,100, was up 200 for the month and unchanged over the year. Most of the gains in the industry over the past several months have been seasonal in nature. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged for the month and up 100 from the previous year. Trade, at 10,100, declined slightly over the month while increasing 600 for the year. The yearly increment was primarily in the wholesale trade segment. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,400, was up 100 for the month and 400 over the year. Services, at 6,800, was also up over the month and year. Government, at 7,000, declined by 300 over the month while increasing 400 from a year ago. Most of the fluctuation was in the state and local sector.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA EMPLOYMENT DROPS 300

The employment for the Augusta area dropped to 121,000, a decline of 300 from the preceding month. Only 500 jobs were gained over the year, leaving the economic situation precarious.

Losses sustained in manufacturing, trade, government, and services and mining wiped out a moderate increase in construction. The annual rise of 500 jobs was attributable to gains recorded in trade, services and mining, government, and transportation and public utilities, which outdistanced the losses reported in manufacturing and construction.

Manufacturing, at 35,700, dropped 100 over the month. A loss recorded in stone, clay and glass manufacturing, triggered by decreased business in structural clay products and glass fiber, overcame a moderate gain in textiles precipitated by an increase in broad woven goods.

Annually, manufacturing declined 700. Losers were stone, clay and glass products, metals and machinery, "other durable goods," and printing and publishing. The loss in stone, clay and glass products apparently stems from a lack of construction activity. "Other durable goods" declined partly because of less activity in transportation equipment. The increment in "other nondurable goods" was triggered by more activity in chemicals, while textiles was stimulated moderately resulting from more broad woven goods.

Construction, at 6,200, rose 100 over the month with more activity in building and special trades. This division dropped 400 annually as projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 22,500, droped 200 because of high inventories and consumer wariness. This division rose 100 over the year with slightly more activity in wholesale business. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,700, remained stagnated over the month and over the year. Services and mining, at 16,300, droppped 100 over the month due to less activity among hotels and motels, and cleaning and maintenance services. This division was up 500 from a year ago, resulting from the opening of new establishments. Government, at 31,000, declined 100 over the month because of less activity among state colleges, public health, and education and local government. This division rose 700 over the year because of more business in the federal sector.

OUTLOOK

A mixed bag awaits the public during the remainder of the year. Soaring interest rates could plunge the economy into an extremely deep recession. Much hinges on the November elections. Once the elections are over, two quarters into the new year (1981) should see some improvement. With the advent of spring, some recovery will take place and, should interest rates be lowered, a marked change will appear. Over the next few months, construction will pick up steam as construction of the W. F. Hall product gets underway. Trade will improve moderately from back to school sales; however, the main season will be November 1 through January 15. Manufacturing will begin its turnaround later this year and make significant progress after the inauguration in January. Government will decline in the federal sector as supportive services gain through contractual arrangements that have been executed. A positive approach with a chartered and clearly marked path will bring about stabilization and more economic certainty, barring an unforeseen energy problem.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS MANUFACTURING REFLECTS MONTHLY SLOWDOWN

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to 82,200 during mid-August. This was a loss of 300 from last month and a decline of 1,500 from August, 1979. The monthly slowdown was in the manufacturing sector while the annual loss was shared by manufacturing and nonmanufacturing groups.

Employment in the manufacturing industries, at 21,100, was 300 less than last month's estimate as the metals and machinery group and the textile mill products group revealed dips in employment. These losses were greater than the gains accomplished in other manufacturing areas. Over the year, declines amounted to 1,500 workers and were almost equally divided between manufacturing and nonmanufacturing. In the manufacturing sector, losses were noted in all groups except lumber and wood products, metals and machinery, "other durable goods," printing, publishing and allied industries, and "other nondurable goods." Nonmanufacturing revealed a decline of 300 workers caused by losses in contract construction, trade, and service and miscellaneous categories.

Contract construction, with 4,000 employed, was 200 less than in July and 300 below August 1979. The monthly loss was centered in general building construction, which overbalanced the gain in special trade construction. Heavy construction remained constant from last month. The loss over the year was due to less business in special trades construction and heavy construction, while general building construction indicated a gain in employment.

Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment rose by 100 workers from July and remained the same as one year ago.

Trade employment gained 100 from July and was 1,000 less than August 1979. The annual decline was due to cuts in employment throughout the area caused by the state of the economy. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant over the month and increased 100 from last year. Services and miscellaneous employment dropped seasonally by 100 workers from July and revealed a loss of 300 from one year ago. Federal government increased 200 during both periods of reference, while state and local government declined 100 from one month ago and increased 400 from one year ago.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

ANNUAL DECLINE FOR MACON TOTALS 900

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,200 in August. The current preliminary estimate is down 200 from last month and down 900 from August 1979. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with a loss in durable goods being offset by a gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing fell 200, with losses in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services and government. Construction and trade advanced with finance, insurance and real estate remaining unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing decreased 1,000 with durable goods dropping 400 and nondurable goods declining 600. Nonmanufacturing was unchanged, with gains in services and government being offset by losses in construction, transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, and finance, insurance and real estate.

Manufacturing, at 15,500, was down 100 from July and down 1,000 from August 1979. During the month, durable goods declined 100, with losses in stone, clay and glass and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods increased 100, with gains in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by a decline in apparel. Most of the decrease in apparel was due to a labor dispute during the reporting week. Annually, durable goods dropped 400 with losses in lumber and wood, stone, clay and glass, and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods fell 600 due to declines in textiles and apparel. Food, paper, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,300, rose 100 from last month and was down 200 from a year ago. Most of the monthly increase was in special trades construction. Annually, general construction was unchanged, with heavy construction and special trades construction recording losses. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,800, was down 100 from July and down 100 from a year ago. Most of the decline in all reporting periods was in transportation. Trade, at 19,700, was up 100 from last month and was down 200 from August 1979. Retail trade accounted for most of the changes in all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from July and down 300 from August 1979. Most of the annual decline was in real estate. Services, at 16,300, was down 100 from last month and up 300 from a year ago. Most of the monthly decline was in covered services. Annually, advances were recorded in private education and covered services. Government, at 28,900, was down 300 from July and up 400 from August 1979. All of the monthly increase was in the state and local segment. Annually, a gain in the federal segment was partially offset by a small loss in the state and local segment.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT LAGS

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased very slightly over the month, recording a gain of 100. However, a comparison with year-ago figures indicates that the Savannah SMSA continues to lag behind the previous year's level by approximately 2,300 jobs. Although a comparison with national and state figures cannot be made at this time using August 1980 figures, a comparison can be made using June 1980 figures.

In June of 1980, the Savannah SMSA lagged behind the June 1979 level of employment by approximately 3,000 jobs. This indicates a drop of 3.5 percent from the June 1979 level. Or, to put this relationship in present terms, the Savannah SMSA employment level in June 1980 was approximately 96.5 percent of what it was in June 1979. This is in comparison to the national situation where the employment level in June 1980 was approximately 100.2 percent of the June 1979 level, and the state situation where the June 1980 level is approximately 100.2 percent of the June 1979 level. Both the state and national levels of employment have increased, whereas the employment levels in the Savannah SMSA have declined.

The largest single factor contributing to the decline in the Savannah SMSA has been the peculiar experience in the contract construction area. The Savannah SMSA experienced an 18.9 percent decline in contract construction, whereas the national decline was 2.1 percent and the state decline was 1.5 percent for the reference period June 1979 to June 1980. Had the Savannah SMSA had the same experience as the nation or the state, its loss would have been reduced by almost 900 jobs. Another contributing factor was the situation the Savannah SMSA experienced in the wholesale and retail sector. Both the nation and the state experienced positive growth in this sector — 1.0 percent and 1.3 percent, respectively; whereas the Savannah SMSA experienced a decline of 3.0 percent. Again, had the Savannah SMSA had the same experience with this sector as the nation and state, its loss would have been reduced by 800 jobs. Similar situations exist in the transportation and public utilities sector, the finance, insurance and real estate sector, and the government sector. Just why the Savannah SMSA is experiencing these variations is not clear at this time.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	46.0	46.3	44.1	.3-	1.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	10.5	10.6	10.5	.1-	.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	1.8	1.9	2.1	.1-	.3-
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	.8	.9	.9	.1-	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	8.6	8.7	8.5	.1-	.1
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.7	.0	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.2	4.3	4.6	.1-	.4-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	35.6	35.7	33.6	.1-	2.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	3.9	4.1	.2	.0
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.2	9.5	.1-	.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.6	3.6	3.0	.0	.6
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.6	6.4	.1-	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.4	2.3	2.0	.1	.4
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.8	6.7	6.3	.1	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.0	10.3	9.6	.3-	.4
FEDERAL	998011	3.0	3.0	2.8	.0	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.0	7.3	6.8	.3-	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YAGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.0	121.3	120.5	.5-	.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	35.7	35.8	36.4	.1-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	8.5	8.7	9.5	.2-	1.0-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.3	3.4	3.7	.1-	.4-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.1	2.1	2.4	.0	.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	27.3	27.1	26.9	.2	.4
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.5	10.3	10.3	.2	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.7	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.9	10.9	10.5	.0	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.2	85.5	84.1	.3-	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.2	6.1	6.6	.1	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.5	22.7	22.4	.2-	.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.4	4.3	.1-	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.1	18.3	18.2	.2-	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.3	16.4	15.8	.1-	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.1	30.3	.1-	.7
FEDERAL	998011	7.5	7.5	6.6	.0	.9
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	23.5	23.6	23.6	.1-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.2	82.5	83.7	.3-	1.5-
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.1	21.4	21.8	.3-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.1	6.1	.1-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.8	4.5	.1-	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.2	.3	.1	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.1	15.3	15.8	.2-	.7-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.5	3.7	.1	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.6	8.8	9.2	.2-	.6-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.2	1.1	.9	.1	.3
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.1	61.1	61.9	.0	.8-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.0	4.2	4.3	.2-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.6	3.5	3.6	.1	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.5	16.4	17.5	.1	1.0-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.1	13.9	14.9	.2	.8-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.3	5.3	5.2	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.5	11.7	.1-	.3-
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.2	20.2	19.6	.0	.6
FEDERAL	998011	6.0	5.8	5.8	.2	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.3	14.4	13.9	.1-	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

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AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.2	95.4	96.1	.2-	.9-
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.5	15.6	16.5	.1-	1.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.7	4.8	5.1	.1-	.4-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.8	.0	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.3	1.4	1.5	.1-	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.5	2.6	2.6	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.8	10.7	11.4	.1	.6-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.5	1.3	1.8	.2	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.1	2.3	2.3	.2-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.0	2.1	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.7	1.8	.1	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.7	79.9	79.7	.2-	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.2	4.5	.1	.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.8	4.9	4.9	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	19.6	19.9	.1	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.9	.0	.3-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.3	16.4	16.0	.1-	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.9	29.2	28.5	.3-	.4
FEDERAL	998011	16.1	16.1	15.6	.0	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.8	13.1	12.9	.3-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.5	83.4	85.8	.1	2.3-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.4	16.1	16.2	.3	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	5.7	5.9	.3	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	.2-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.5	.7	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.9	2.6	2.8	.3	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.4	10.4	10.4	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.9	1.9	.1-	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.9	4.8	4.9	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.1	67.3	69.5	.2-	2.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.2	4.4	.2	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.7	9.1	8.8	.4-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.7	19.9	.3-	.5-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.2	15.4	15.5	.2-	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.1	4.1	.1	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.6	15.2	15.1	.4	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.8	15.0	17.2	.2-	2.4-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.0	12.3	14.6	.3-	2.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.6	11.6	.0	.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.6	4.4	4.3	.2	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.0	7.2	7.2	.2-	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRUDUCTS	324005	.8	.8	1.0	.0	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.6	3.7	.1-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	1.8	1.9	.2	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$334.61	$315.00	$288.97	43.4	42.0	41.4	$7.71	$7.50	$6.98
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$310.46	$290.17	$222.67	43.0	41.1	35.4	$7.22	$7.06	$6.29
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$350.47	$329.80	$328.22	43.7	42.5	44.9	$8.02	$7.76	$7.31
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRUDUCTS	324005	$202.91	$192.27	$186.24	40.5	38.3	38.8	$5.01	$5.02	$4.80
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$423.94	$393.71	$393.21	45.1	43.6	46.7	$9.40	$9.03	$8.42
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$303.41	$300.09	$254.34	44.1	45.4	40.5	$6.88	$6.61	$6.28
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$355.15	$354.04	$296.42	43.9	44.2	41.4	$8.09	$8.01	$7.16

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Change From Revised July 1980	Change From August 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,422,683	2,432,723	2,356,346	-10,040	66,337
Employed	2,251,951	2,244,536	2,232,819	7,415	19,132
Unemployed	170,732	188,187	123,527	-17,455	47,205
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.2	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,655	53,007	49,048	-352	3,607
Employed	48,217	48,657	46,090	-440	2,127
Unemployed	4,438	4,350	2,958	88	1,480
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.0	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	956,732	959,677	938,332	-2,945	18,400
Employed	895,395	901,048	890,302	-5,653	5,093
Unemployed	61,337	58,629	48,030	2,708	13,307
Rate	6.4	6.1	5.1	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,413	124,337	121,547	-924	1,866
Employed	114,751	114,820	114,527	-69	224
Unemployed	8,662	9,517	7,020	-855	1,642
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.8	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,901	87,188	86,337	-1,287	-436
Employed	79,139	79,830	80,726	-691	-1,587
Unemployed	6,762	7,358	5,611	-596	1,151
Rate	7.9	8.4	6.5	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,829	99,195	98,135	-366	194
Employed	92,117	92,464	92,623	-347	-506
Unemployed	6,212	6,731	5,512	-519	700
Rate	6.3	6.8	5.6	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,359	88,016	87,909	-657	-550
Employed	81,198	81,517	83,047	-319	-1,849
Unemployed	6,161	6,499	4,862	-338	1,299
Rate	7.1	7.4	5.5	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Revised July 1980	August 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,413	124,337	121,547	-924	1,866
Employed	114,751	114,820	114,527	-69	224
Unemployed	8,662	9,517	7,020	-855	1,642
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.8	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	82,001	83,443	80,710	-1,442	1,291
Employed	76,493	77,141	76,002	-648	491
Unemployed	5,508	6,302	4,708	-794	800
Rate	6.7	7.6	5.8	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	41,412	40,894	40,837	518	575
Employed	38,258	37,679	38,525	579	-267
Unemployed	3,154	3,215	2,312	-61	842
Rate	7.6	7.9	5.7	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Revised July 1980	August 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,901	87,188	86,337	-1,287	-436
Employed	79,139	79,830	80,726	-591	-1,587
Unemployed	6,762	7,358	5,611	-596	1,151
Rate	7.9	8.4	6.5	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	68,463	68,931	68,665	-468	-202
Employed	63,305	63,914	64,371	-609	-1,066
Unemployed	5,158	5,017	4,294	141	864
Rate	7.5	7.3	6.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,438	18,257	17,672	-819	-234
Employed	15,834	15,916	16,355	-82	-521
Unemployed	1,604	2,341	1,317	-737	287
Rate	9.2	12.8	7.5	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Change From Revised July 1980	Change From August 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,422,683	2,432,723	2,356,346	-10,040	66,337
Employed	2,251,951	2,244,536	2,232,819	7,415	19,132
Unemployed	170,732	188,187	123,527	-17,455	47,205
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.2	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,393,309	1,401,321	1,370,004	-8,012	23,305
Employed	1,300,028	1,308,256	1,296,762	-8,228	3,266
Unemployed	93,281	93,065	73,242	216	20,039
Rate	6.7	6.6	5.3	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,029,374	1,031,402	986,342	-2,028	43,032
Employed	951,923	936,280	936,057	15,643	15,866
Unemployed	77,451	95,122	50,285	-17,671	27,166
Rate	7.5	9.2	5.1	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business. (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost *$287.02*
Quantity *2,600*